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**COMPOSITIONS OF A CYCLOOXYGENASE-2 SELECTIVE INHIBITOR AND A
POTASSIUM ION CHANNEL MODULATOR FOR THE TREATMENT OF PAIN,
INFLAMMATION OR INFLAMMATION MEDIATED DISORDERS**

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

[001] This application claims priority from the following Provisional Applications: Serial No. 60/465,068 filed on April 24, 2003, Serial No. 60/464,775 filed on April 23, 2003, and Serial No. 60/464,609 filed on April 22, 2003, all of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[002] The present invention provides methods and compositions related to the treatment of pain, inflammation or inflammation mediated disorders. More particularly, the invention is directed toward a combination therapy for the treatment of pain, inflammation or inflammation mediated disorders comprising the administration to a subject of a potassium ion channel modulator in combination with a cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[003] Pain is a sensory experience distinct from sensations of touch, pressure, heat and cold. It is often described by sufferers by such terms as bright, dull, aching, pricking, cutting or burning and is generally considered to include both the original sensation and the reaction to that sensation. Pain sensation is complex and variable. Often experiences considered painful by one subject may not be equally painful to another and may vary in the same subject depending on the circumstances presented. This range of sensations, as well as the variation in perception of pain by different individuals, renders a precise definition of pain difficult, however, many individuals suffer with severe and continuous pain.

[004] Pain can be caused by the stimulation of nociceptive receptors and transmitted over intact neural pathways, in which case the pain is termed "nociceptive" pain. Generally speaking, there are two different types of nociceptive stimuli that are intense enough to be perceived as pain. One type, somatic pain, consists of an intense, localized, sharp or stinging sensation. Somatic pain is

mediated by fast-conducting, lightly myelinated A-delta fibers that have a high threshold (i.e. require a strong mechanical stimulus to sense pain) and enter into the spinal cord through the dorsal horn of the central nervous system where they terminate in the spinal cord.

[005] The second type of pain, sometimes referred to as visceral pain, is characterized as a diffuse, dull, aching or burning sensation. Visceral pain is mediated largely by unmyelinated, slower-conducting C-fibers that are polymodal (i.e., mediate mechanical, thermal, or chemical stimuli). C-fibers also enter the spinal cord through the dorsal horn of the central nervous system where they terminate in the spinal cord. Both somatic and visceral pain can be sensed centrally and peripherally within the human body and may be either acute or chronic.

[006] A number of analgesics reduce both central and peripheral sensitization through interaction with the various pain-based receptors within the human body. For example, morphine and most other opioid analgesics elicit an inhibitory neuronal effect within central nervous and gastrointestinal (GI) systems by interacting with areas of the brain receiving input from the spinal pain-transmitting pathways containing opioid receptors. By suppressing neuronal activity at these receptor points, opioid narcotics produce analgesia and control the pain threshold within a human patient.

[007] Opioid narcotics, however, have several negative side effects that severely limit their therapeutic value. These side effects include drowsiness, lethargy, difficulty in being mobile, respiratory depression, excessive central nervous system depression, weakness in the extremities, and dizziness. In addition, patients being treated with opioids also may develop tolerance to the agent, requiring higher doses, or addition of other opioids to the pain treatment regimen. The larger effective dosage may in turn lead to the development of physical and psychological addiction. Further, other typical side effects of opioid analgesics include miosis, or constriction of the pupils, nausea, vomiting, prolongation of stomach emptying time, and decreased propulsive contractions of the small intestine.

[008] Several studies demonstrate that potassium channels may contribute to signal transmission in the brain and spinal cord, and opioids' action may be related to potassium channel function (Asano T., et al., (1996) Masui Nov.;45(11):1342-6). In one study, for example, it was demonstrated that potassium

ion channel modulator administration to mice showed significant anesthetic effect for the treatment of chronic pain (Beekwilder M., et al., (2002) J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther. (304)(2):531-38). In another study, it was demonstrated that potassium ion channels provide a common link between numerous neurotransmitter receptors and the regulation of synaptic transmission (Blednov et al., (2003) PNAS Jan.:(100)(1):277-82).

[009] As an alternative to opioid analgesics, a number of non-narcotic based drugs may be utilized to treat mild to moderate pain. Generally speaking, non-narcotic drugs can be given over longer periods of time compared to opioid analgesics because of their lower central nervous system and respiratory depressive effects. Examples of non-narcotic drugs employed to treat pain include acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin), centrally acting alpha antiadrenergic agents, diflusal, salsalate, acetaminophen, and nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory agents such as ibuprofen, naproxen, and fenoprofen. These agents all generally relieve pain through prostaglandin synthesis inhibition resulting in a decrease in pain receptor stimulation.

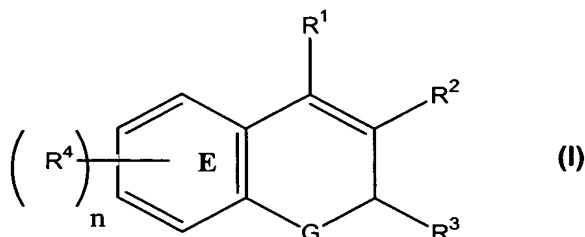
[010] Non-narcotic drugs also have several negative side effects that severely limit their therapeutic value. Aspirin, for example, has been shown through epidemiological data to be a factor in the occurrence of Reye's syndrome. In addition, salicylates have been shown to cause gastrointestinal upset, gastrointestinal hemorrhage, and anti-platelet effects. Acetaminophen has been linked to liver damage, kidney damage, and hematological effects such as hemolytic anemia, neutropenia, and leukopenia. Moreover, nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory agents also exhibit numerous negative side effects as well, ranging from gastrointestinal distress, gastrointestinal hemorrhage, and kidney damage when administered at a therapeutically effective dosage for the treatment of pain.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[011] Among the several aspects of the invention is provided a method for the treatment of pain, inflammation or inflammation-mediated disorders in a subject. The method comprises administering to the subject a cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug

thereof in combination with a potassium channel modulator or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.

[012] In one embodiment, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor is a member of the chromene class of compounds. For example, the chromene compound may be a compound of the formula:



[013] wherein:

[014] n is an integer which is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

[015] G is O, S or NR^a ;

[016] R^a is alkyl;

[017] R^1 is selected from the group consisting of H and aryl;

[018] R^2 is selected from the group consisting of carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylsulfonylaminocarbonyl and alkoxycarbonyl;

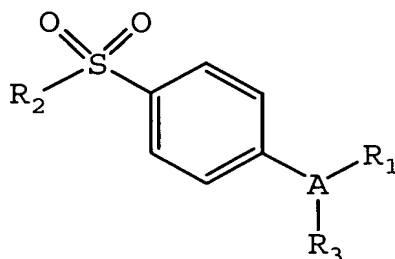
[019] R^3 is selected from the group consisting of haloalkyl, alkyl, aralkyl, cycloalkyl and aryl optionally substituted with one or more radicals selected from alkylthio, nitro and alkylsulfonyl; and

[020] each R^4 is independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo, alkyl, aralkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, aralkyloxy, heteroaralkyloxy, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkylamino, arylamino, aralkylamino, heteroaryl amino, heteroarylalkylamino, nitro, amino, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminosulfonyl, arylaminosulfonyl, heteroarylaminosulfonyl, aralkylaminosulfonyl, heteroaralkylaminosulfonyl, heterocyclosulfonyl, alkylsulfonyl, hydroxyarylcarbonyl, nitroaryl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl, aralkylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, and alkylcarbonyl;

[021] or wherein R^4 together with the carbon atoms to which it is attached and the remainder of ring E forms a naphthyl radical;

[022] or prodrug thereof.

[023] In another embodiment, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof comprises a compound of the formula:



[024] wherein

[025] A is selected from the group consisting of partially unsaturated or unsaturated heterocyclyl and partially unsaturated or unsaturated carbocyclic rings;

[026] R¹ is selected from the group consisting of heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl and aryl, wherein R¹ is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, cyano, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, arylamino, nitro, alkoxyalkyl, alkylsulfinyl, halo, alkoxy and alkylthio;

[027] R² is selected from the group consisting of methyl or amino; and

[028] R³ is selected from the group consisting of a radical selected from H, halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, oxo, cyano, carboxyl, cyanoalkyl, heterocycloxy, alkyloxy, alkylthio, alkylcarbonyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, haloalkyl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkenyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, acyl, alkylthioalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, aralkenyl, alkoxyalkyl, arylthioalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, aralkylthioalkyl, aralkoxyalkyl, alkoxyaralkoxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, aminocarbonyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, N- arylaminocarbonyl, N- alkyl-N-arylaminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkylamino, N- arylamino, N-aralkylamino, N-alkyl-N-aralkylamino, N-alkyl-N-arylmino, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, N-arylminoalkyl, N-aralkylaminoalkyl, N-alkyl-N-aralkylaminoalkyl, N-alkyl-N-arylminoalkyl, aryloxy, aralkoxy, arylthio, aralkylthio, alkylsulfinyl,

alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminosulfonyl, N-arylamino-sulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, N-alkyl-N-arylamino-sulfonyl.

[029] In one embodiment, the potassium ion channel modulator is a potassium ion channel blocker. In one alternative of this embodiment, the potassium ion channel blocker is a voltage-gated potassium channel blocker. In another alternative of this embodiment, the potassium ion channel blocker is a calcium-activated potassium channel blocker. In a further alternative of this embodiment, the potassium ion channel blocker is an ATP-sensitive potassium channel blocker. In a still further alternative of this embodiment, the potassium ion channel blocker is a two-pore potassium channel blocker.

[030] In another embodiment, the potassium ion channel modulator is a potassium ion channel opener. In one alternative of this embodiment, the potassium ion channel opener is a voltage-gated potassium channel opener. In another alternative of this embodiment, the potassium ion channel opener is a calcium-activated potassium channel opener. In a further alternative of this embodiment, the potassium ion channel opener is an ATP-sensitive potassium channel opener. In a still further alternative of this embodiment, the potassium ion channel opener is a two-pore potassium channel opener.

[031] Other aspects of the invention are described in more detail below.

ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

[032] The term "acyl" is a radical provided by the residue after removal of hydroxyl from an organic acid. Examples of such acyl radicals include alkanoyl and aroyl radicals. Examples of such lower alkanoyl radicals include formyl, acetyl, propionyl, butyryl, isobutyryl, valeryl, isovaleryl, pivaloyl, hexanoyl, and trifluoroacetyl.

[033] The term "alkenyl" is a linear or branched radical having at least one carbon-carbon double bond of two to about twenty carbon atoms or, preferably, two to about twelve carbon atoms. More preferred alkyl radicals are "lower alkenyl" radicals having two to about six carbon atoms. Examples of alkenyl radicals include ethenyl, propenyl, allyl, propenyl, butenyl and 4-methylbutenyl.

[034] The terms "alkenyl" and "lower alkenyl" also are radicals having "cis" and "trans" orientations, or alternatively, "E" and "Z" orientations. The term "cycloalkyl" is a saturated carbocyclic radical having three to twelve carbon atoms. More preferred cycloalkyl radicals are "lower cycloalkyl" radicals having three to about eight carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl.

[035] The terms "alkoxy" and "alkyloxy" are linear or branched oxy-containing radicals each having alkyl portions of one to about ten carbon atoms. More preferred alkoxy radicals are "lower alkoxy" radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy and tert-butoxy.

[036] The term "alkoxyalkyl" is an alkyl radical having one or more alkoxy radicals attached to the alkyl radical, that is, to form monoalkoxyalkyl and dialkoxyalkyl radicals. The "alkoxy" radicals may be further substituted with one or more halo atoms, such as fluoro, chloro or bromo, to provide haloalkoxy radicals. More preferred haloalkoxy radicals are "lower haloalkoxy" radicals having one to six carbon atoms and one or more halo radicals. Examples of such radicals include fluoromethoxy, chloromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, trifluoroethoxy, fluoroethoxy and fluoropropoxy.

[037] The term "alkoxycarbonyl" is a radical containing an alkoxy radical, as defined above, attached via an oxygen atom to a carbonyl radical. More preferred are "lower alkoxycarbonyl" radicals with alkyl portions having 1 to 6 carbons. Examples of such lower alkoxycarbonyl (ester) radicals include substituted or unsubstituted methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl and hexyloxycarbonyl.

[038] Where used, either alone or within other terms such as "haloalkyl", "alkylsulfonyl", "alkoxyalkyl" and "hydroxyalkyl", the term "alkyl" is a linear, cyclic or branched radical having one to about twenty carbon atoms or, preferably, one to about twelve carbon atoms. More preferred alkyl radicals are "lower alkyl" radicals having one to about ten carbon atoms. Most preferred are lower alkyl radicals having one to about six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, iso-amyl, hexyl and the like.

[039] The term "alkylamino" is an amino group that has been substituted with one or two alkyl radicals. Preferred are "lower N-alkylamino" radicals having alkyl portions having 1 to 6 carbon atoms. Suitable lower alkylamino may be mono or dialkylamino such as N-methylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N,N-diethylamino or the like.

[040] The term "alkylaminoalkyl" is a radical having one or more alkyl radicals attached to an aminoalkyl radical.

[041] The term "alkylaminocarbonyl" is an aminocarbonyl group that has been substituted with one or two alkyl radicals on the amino nitrogen atom. Preferred are "N-alkylaminocarbonyl" "N,N-dialkylaminocarbonyl" radicals. More preferred are "lower N-alkylaminocarbonyl" "lower N,N-dialkylaminocarbonyl" radicals with lower alkyl portions as defined above.

[042] The terms "alkylcarbonyl", "arylcarbonyl" and "aralkylcarbonyl" include radicals having alkyl, aryl and aralkyl radicals, as defined above, attached to a carbonyl radical. Examples of such radicals include substituted or unsubstituted methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl and benzylcarbonyl.

[043] The term "alkylthio" is a radical containing a linear or branched alkyl radical, of one to about ten carbon atoms attached to a divalent sulfur atom. More preferred alkylthio radicals are "lower alkylthio" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylthio radicals are methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, butylthio and hexylthio.

[044] The term "alkylthioalkyl" is a radical containing an alkylthio radical attached through the divalent sulfur atom to an alkyl radical of one to about ten carbon atoms. More preferred alkylthioalkyl radicals are "lower alkylthioalkyl" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylthioalkyl radicals include methylthiomethyl.

[045] The term "alkylsulfinyl" is a radical containing a linear or branched alkyl radical, of one to ten carbon atoms, attached to a divalent -S(=O)- radical. More preferred alkylsulfinyl radicals are "lower alkylsulfinyl" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylsulfinyl radicals include methylsulfinyl, ethylsulfinyl, butylsulfinyl and hexylsulfinyl.

[046] The term "alkynyl" is a linear or branched radical having two to about twenty carbon atoms or, preferably, two to about twelve carbon atoms. More

preferred alkynyl radicals are "lower alkynyl" radicals having two to about ten carbon atoms. Most preferred are lower alkynyl radicals having two to about six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include propargyl, butynyl, and the like.

[047] The term "aminoalkyl" is an alkyl radical substituted with one or more amino radicals. More preferred are "lower aminoalkyl" radicals. Examples of such radicals include aminomethyl, aminoethyl, and the like.

[048] The term "aminocarbonyl" is an amide group of the formula -C(=O)NH₂.

[049] The term "aralkoxy" is an aralkyl radical attached through an oxygen atom to other radicals.

[050] The term "aralkoxyalkyl" is an aralkoxy radical attached through an oxygen atom to an alkyl radical.

[051] The term "aralkyl" is an aryl-substituted alkyl radical such as benzyl, diphenylmethyl, triphenylmethyl, phenylethyl, and diphenylethyl. The aryl in said aralkyl may be additionally substituted with halo, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkyl and haloalkoxy. The terms benzyl and phenylmethyl are interchangeable.

[052] The term "aralkylamino" is an aralkyl radical attached through an amino nitrogen atom to other radicals. The terms "N-arylaminoalkyl" and "N-aryl-N-alkyl-aminoalkyl" are amino groups which have been substituted with one aryl radical or one aryl and one alkyl radical, respectively, and having the amino group attached to an alkyl radical. Examples of such radicals include N-phenylaminomethyl and N-phenyl-N-methylaminomethyl.

[053] The term "aralkylthio" is an aralkyl radical attached to a sulfur atom.

[054] The term "aralkylthioalkyl" is an aralkylthio radical attached through a sulfur atom to an alkyl radical.

[055] The term "aroyl" is an aryl radical with a carbonyl radical as defined above. Examples of aroyl include benzoyl, naphthoyl, and the like and the aryl in said aroyl may be additionally substituted.

[056] The term "aryl", alone or in combination, is a carbocyclic aromatic system containing one, two or three rings wherein such rings may be attached together in a pendent manner or may be fused. The term "aryl" includes aromatic radicals such as phenyl, naphthyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, indane and biphenyl.

Aryl moieties may also be substituted at a substitutable position with one or more substituents selected independently from alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy carbonylalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxy, aralkoxy, hydroxyl, amino, halo, nitro, alkylamino, acyl, cyano, carboxy, aminocarbonyl, alkoxy carbonyl and aralkoxy carbonyl.

[057] The term "arylamino" is an amino group, which has been substituted with one or two aryl radicals, such as N-phenylamino. The "arylamino" radicals may be further substituted on the aryl ring portion of the radical.

[058] The term "aryloxyalkyl" is a radical having an aryl radical attached to an alkyl radical through a divalent oxygen atom.

[059] The term "arythioalkyl" is a radical having an aryl radical attached to an alkyl radical through a divalent sulfur atom.

[060] The term "carbonyl", whether used alone or with other terms, such as "alkoxy carbonyl", is $-(C=O)-$.

[061] The terms "carboxy" or "carboxyl", whether used alone or with other terms, such as "carboxyalkyl", is $-CO_2H$.

[062] The term "carboxyalkyl" is an alkyl radical substituted with a carboxy radical. More preferred are "lower carboxyalkyl" which are lower alkyl radicals as defined above, and may be additionally substituted on the alkyl radical with halo. Examples of such lower carboxyalkyl radicals include carboxymethyl, carboxyethyl and carboxypropyl.

[063] The term "cycloalkenyl" is a partially unsaturated carbocyclic radical having three to twelve carbon atoms. More preferred cycloalkenyl radicals are "lower cycloalkenyl" radicals having four to about eight carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclopentadienyl, and cyclohexenyl.

[064] The term "cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor" is a compound able to inhibit cyclooxygenase-2 without significant inhibition of cyclooxygenase-1. Typically, it includes compounds that have a cyclooxygenase-2 IC_{50} of less than about 0.2 micro molar, and also have a selectivity ratio of cyclooxygenase-2 inhibition over cyclooxygenase-1 inhibition of at least 50, and more typically, of at least 100. Even more typically, the compounds have a cyclooxygenase-1 IC_{50} of greater than about 1 micro molar, and more preferably of greater than 10 micro

molar. Inhibitors of the cyclooxygenase pathway in the metabolism of arachidonic acid used in the present method may inhibit enzyme activity through a variety of mechanisms. By the way of example, and without limitation, the inhibitors used in the methods described herein may block the enzyme activity directly by acting as a substrate for the enzyme.

[065] The term "halo" is a halogen such as fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine.

[066] The term "haloalkyl" is a radical wherein any one or more of the alkyl carbon atoms is substituted with halo as defined above. Specifically included are monohaloalkyl, dihaloalkyl and polyhaloalkyl radicals. A monohaloalkyl radical, for one example, may have either an iodo, bromo, chloro or fluoro atom within the radical. Dihalo and polyhaloalkyl radicals may have two or more of the same halo atoms or a combination of different halo radicals. "Lower haloalkyl" is a radical having 1-6 carbon atoms. Examples of haloalkyl radicals include fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl and dichloropropyl.

[067] The term "heteroaryl" is an unsaturated heterocyclyl radical. Examples of unsaturated heterocyclyl radicals, also termed "heteroaryl" radicals include unsaturated 3 to 6 membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms, for example, pyrrolyl, pyrrolinyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, triazolyl (e.g., 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,3-triazolyl, 2H-1,2,3-triazolyl, etc.) tetrazolyl (e.g. 1H-tetrazolyl, 2H-tetrazolyl, etc.), etc.; unsaturated condensed heterocyclyl group containing 1 to 5 nitrogen atoms, for example, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolizinyl, benzimidazolyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, indazolyl, benzotriazolyl, tetrazolopyridazinyl (e.g., tetrazolo[1,5-b]pyridazinyl, etc.), etc.; unsaturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing an oxygen atom, for example, pyranlyl, furyl, etc.; unsaturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing a sulfur atom, for example, thienyl, etc.; unsaturated 3- to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, for example, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, etc.) etc.; unsaturated condensed heterocyclyl group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen

atoms (e.g. benzoxazolyl, benzoxadiazolyl, etc.); unsaturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, for example, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,4- thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, etc.) etc.; unsaturated condensed heterocyclyl group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g., benzothiazolyl, benzothiadiazolyl, etc.) and the like. The term also includes radicals where heterocyclyl radicals are fused with aryl radicals. Examples of such fused bicyclic radicals include benzofuran, benzothiophene, and the like. Said "heterocyclyl group" may have 1 to 3 substituents such as alkyl, hydroxyl, halo, alkoxy, oxo, amino and alkylamino.

[068] The term "heterocyclyl" is a saturated, partially unsaturated and unsaturated heteroatom-containing ring-shaped radical, where the heteroatoms may be selected from nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen. Examples of saturated heterocyclyl radicals include saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms (e.g. pyrrolidinyl, imidazolidinyl, piperidino, piperazinyl, etc.); saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g. morpholinyl, etc.); saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g., thiazolidinyl, etc.). Examples of partially unsaturated heterocyclyl radicals include dihydrothiophene, dihydropyran, dihydrofuran and dihydrothiazole.

[069] The term "heterocyclylalkyl" is a saturated and partially unsaturated heterocyclyl-substituted alkyl radical, such as pyrrolidinylmethyl, and heteroaryl-substituted alkyl radicals, such as pyridylmethyl, quinolylmethyl, thienylmethyl, furylethyl, and quinolylethyl. The heteroaryl in said heteroalkyl may be additionally substituted with halo, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkyl and haloalkoxy.

[070] The term "hydrido" is a single hydrogen atom (H). This hydrido radical may be attached, for example, to an oxygen atom to form a hydroxyl radical or two hydrido radicals may be attached to a carbon atom to form a methylene (-CH₂-) radical.

[071] The term "hydroxyalkyl" is a linear or branched alkyl radical having one to about ten carbon atoms any one of which may be substituted with one or more hydroxyl radicals. More preferred hydroxyalkyl radicals are "lower hydroxyalkyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms and one or more hydroxyl

radicals. Examples of such radicals include hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl and hydroxyhexyl.

[072] The term "pharmaceutically acceptable" is used adjectivally herein to mean that the modified noun is appropriate for use in a pharmaceutical product; that is the "pharmaceutically acceptable" material is relatively safe and/or non-toxic, though not necessarily providing a separable therapeutic benefit by itself. Pharmaceutically acceptable cations include metallic ions and organic ions. More preferred metallic ions include, but are not limited to appropriate alkali metal salts, alkaline earth metal salts and other physiologically acceptable metal ions. Exemplary ions include aluminum, calcium, lithium, magnesium, potassium, sodium and zinc in their usual valences. Preferred organic ions include protonated tertiary amines and quaternary ammonium cations, including in part, trimethylamine, diethylamine, N,N'-dibenzyl ethylenediamine, chlorprocaine, choline, diethanolamine, ethylenediamine, meglumine (N-methylglucamine) and procaine. Exemplary pharmaceutically acceptable acids include without limitation hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, phosphoric acid, sulfuric acid, methanesulfonic acid, acetic acid, formic acid, tartaric acid, maleic acid, malic acid, citric acid, isocitric acid, succinic acid, lactic acid, gluconic acid, glucuronic acid, pyruvic acid, oxalacetic acid, fumaric acid, propionic acid, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, benzoic acid, and the like.

[073] The term "prodrug" refers to a chemical compound that can be converted into a therapeutic compound by metabolic or simple chemical processes within the body of the subject. For example, a class of prodrugs of COX-2 inhibitors is described in US Patent No. 5,932,598, herein incorporated by reference.

[074] The term "subject" for purposes of treatment includes any human or animal subject who is in need of such treatment. The subject can be a domestic livestock species, a laboratory animal species, a zoo animal or a companion animal. In one embodiment, the subject is a mammal. In another embodiment, the mammal is a human being.

[075] The term "sulfonyl", whether used alone or linked to other terms such as alkylsulfonyl, is a divalent radical $-SO_2-$. "Alkylsulfonyl" is an alkyl radical attached to a sulfonyl radical, where alkyl is defined as above. More preferred alkylsulfonyl radicals are "lower alkylsulfonyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylsulfonyl radicals include methylsulfonyl,

ethylsulfonyl and propylsulfonyl. The "alkylsulfonyl" radicals may be further substituted with one or more halo atoms, such as fluoro, chloro or bromo, to provide haloalkylsulfonyl radicals. The terms "sulfamyl", "aminosulfonyl" and "sulfonamidyl" are $\text{NH}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}-$.

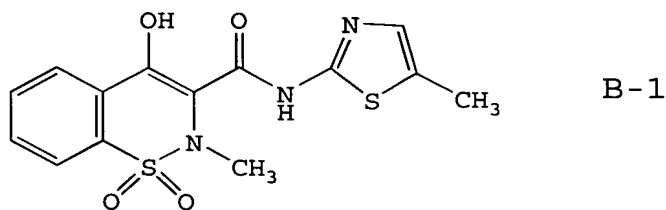
[076] The phrase "therapeutically-effective" is intended to qualify the amount of each agent (i.e. the amount of cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor and the amount of potassium ion channel modulator) which will achieve the goal of improvement in disorder severity and the frequency of incidence over no treatment or treatment of each agent by itself.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

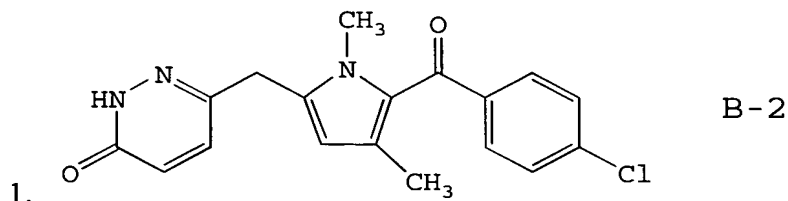
[077] The present invention provides a combination therapy comprising the administration to a subject of a therapeutically effective amount of a COX-2 selective inhibitor in combination with a therapeutically effective amount of a potassium ion channel modulator. The combination therapy may be used to treat a pain, inflammation or an inflammation mediated disorder. When administered as part of a combination therapy, the COX-2 selective inhibitor together with the potassium ion channel modulator provide enhanced treatment options as compared to administration of either the potassium ion channel modulator or the COX-2 selective inhibitor alone.

CYCLOOXYGENASE-2 SELECTIVE INHIBITORS

[078] A number of suitable cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitors or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof, may be employed in the composition of the current invention. In one embodiment, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor can be, for example, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor meloxicam, Formula B-1 (CAS registry number 71125-38-7) or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug of a compound having Formula B-1.

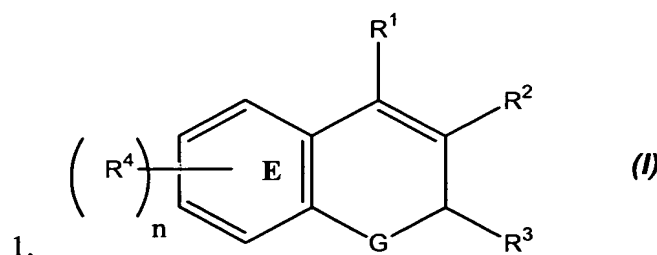


[079] In yet another embodiment, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor is the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor, 6-[[5-(4-chlorobenzoyl)-1,4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl]methyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone, Formula B-2 (CAS registry number 179382-91-3) or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug of a compound having Formula B-2.



[080] In still another embodiment the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor is a chromene compound that is a substituted benzopyran or a substituted benzopyran analog, and even more typically, selected from the group consisting of substituted benzothiopyrans, dihydroquinolines, dihydronaphthalenes or a compound having Formula I shown below and possessing, by way of example and not limitation, the structures disclosed in Table 1x. Furthermore, benzopyran cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitors useful in the practice of the present methods are described in U.S. Patent No. 6,034,256 and 6,077,850 herein incorporated by reference in their entirety.

[081] In another embodiment, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor is a chromene compound represented by Formula I or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof:



[082] wherein:

[083] n is an integer which is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

[084] G is O, S or NR^a;

[085] R^a is alkyl;

[086] R¹ is selected from the group consisting of H and aryl;

[087] R² is selected from the group consisting of carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylsulfonylaminocarbonyl and alkoxycarbonyl;

[088] R³ is selected from the group consisting of haloalkyl, alkyl, aralkyl, cycloalkyl and aryl optionally substituted with one or more radicals selected from alkylthio, nitro and alkylsulfonyl; and

[089] each R⁴ is independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo, alkyl, aralkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, aralkyloxy, heteroaralkyloxy, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkylamino, arylamino, aralkylamino, heteroaryl amino, heteroarylalkylamino, nitro, amino, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminosulfonyl, arylaminosulfonyl, heteroarylaminosulfonyl, aralkylaminosulfonyl, heteroaralkylaminosulfonyl, heterocyclosulfonyl, alkylsulfonyl, hydroxyarylcarbonyl, nitroaryl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl, aralkylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, and alkylcarbonyl;

[090] or R⁴ together with the carbon atoms to which it is attached and the remainder of ring E forms a naphthyl radical.

[091] The cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor may also be a compound of Formula (I) or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof, wherein:

[092] n is an integer which is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

[093] G is O, S or NR^a;

[094] R¹ is H;

[095] R^a is alkyl;

[096] R² is selected from the group consisting of carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylsulfonylaminocarbonyl and alkoxycarbonyl;

[097] R³ is selected from the group consisting of haloalkyl, alkyl, aralkyl, cycloalkyl and aryl, wherein haloalkyl, alkyl, aralkyl, cycloalkyl, and aryl each is independently optionally substituted with one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of alkylthio, nitro and alkylsulfonyl; and

[098] each R^4 is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrido, halo, alkyl, aralkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, aralkyloxy, heteroaralkyloxy, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkylamino, arylamino, aralkylamino, heteroarylamino, heteroarylalkylamino, nitro, amino, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminosulfonyl, arylaminosulfonyl, heteroarylaminosulfonyl, aralkylaminosulfonyl, heteroaralkylaminosulfonyl, heterocyclosulfonyl, alkylsulfonyl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl, aralkylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, and alkylcarbonyl; or wherein R^4 together with ring E forms a naphthyl radical.

[099] In a further embodiment, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor may also be a compound of Formula (I), or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof, wherein:

[0100] n is an integer which is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

[0101] G is oxygen or sulfur;

[0102] R^1 is H;

[0103] R^2 is carboxyl, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl or lower alkoxy carbonyl;

[0104] R^3 is lower haloalkyl, lower cycloalkyl or phenyl; and

[0105] each R^4 is H, halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower haloalkoxy, lower alkylamino, nitro, amino, aminosulfonyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl, 5-membered heteroarylalkylaminosulfonyl, 6-membered heteroarylalkylaminosulfonyl, lower aralkylaminosulfonyl, 5-membered nitrogen-containing heterocyclosulfonyl, 6-membered-nitrogen containing heterocyclosulfonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, optionally substituted phenyl, lower aralkylcarbonyl, or lower alkylcarbonyl; or

[0106] R^4 together with the carbon atoms to which it is attached and the remainder of ring E forms a naphthyl radical.

[0107] The cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor may also be a compound of Formula (I) or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof wherein:

[0108] R^2 is carboxyl;

[0109] R^3 is lower haloalkyl; and

[0110] each R^4 is H, halo, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower haloalkoxy, lower alkylamino, amino, aminosulfonyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl, 5-membered

heteroarylalkylaminosulfonyl, 6-membered heteroarylalkylaminosulfonyl, lower aralkylaminosulfonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, 6-membered nitrogen-containing heterocyclosulfonyl, optionally substituted phenyl, lower aralkylcarbonyl, or lower alkylcarbonyl; or wherein R⁴ together with ring E forms a naphthyl radical.

[0111] The cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor may also be a compound of Formula (I) or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof wherein:

[0112] n is an integer which is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

[0113] R³ is fluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, difluoromethyl, or trifluoromethyl; and

[0114] each R⁴ is H, chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, *tert*-butyl, butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, methoxy, ethoxy, isopropoxy, *tert*butyloxy, trifluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, N,N-dimethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-phenylmethylaminosulfonyl, N-phenylethylaminosulfonyl, N-(2-furylmethyl)aminosulfonyl, nitro, N,N-dimethylaminosulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, N-methylaminosulfonyl, N-ethylsulfonyl, 2,2-dimethylethylaminosulfonyl, N,N-dimethylaminosulfonyl, N-(2-methylpropyl)aminosulfonyl, N-morpholinosulfonyl, methylsulfonyl, benzylcarbonyl, 2,2-dimethylpropylcarbonyl, phenylacetyl or phenyl; or wherein R⁴ together with the carbon atoms to which it is attached and the remainder of ring E forms a naphthyl radical.

[0115] The cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor may also be a compound of Formula (I) or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof wherein:

[0116] n is an integer which is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

[0117] R³ is trifluoromethyl or pentafluoroethyl; and

[0118] each R⁴ is independently H, chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, *tert*-butyl, methoxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, N-phenylmethylaminosulfonyl, N-phenylethylaminosulfonyl, N-(2-furylmethyl)aminosulfonyl, N,N-dimethylaminosulfonyl, N-methylaminosulfonyl, N-(2,2-dimethylethyl)aminosulfonyl, dimethylaminosulfonyl, 2-methylpropylaminosulfonyl, N-morpholinosulfonyl, methylsulfonyl, benzylcarbonyl, or

phenyl; or wherein R⁴ together with the carbon atoms to which it is attached and the remainder of ring E forms a naphthyl radical.

[0119] In yet another embodiment, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor used in connection with the method(s) of the present invention can also be a compound having the structure of Formula (I) or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof wherein:

[0120] n = 4;

[0121] G is O or S;

[0122] R¹ is H;

[0123] R² is CO₂H;

[0124] R³ is lower haloalkyl;

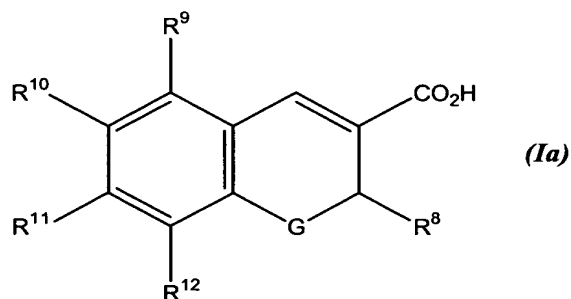
[0125] a first R⁴ corresponding to R⁹ is hydrido or halo;

[0126] a second R⁴ corresponding to R¹⁰ is H, halo, lower alkyl, lower haloalkoxy, lower alkoxy, lower aralkylcarbonyl, lower dialkylaminosulfonyl, lower alkylaminosulfonyl, lower aralkylaminosulfonyl, lower heteroaralkylaminosulfonyl, 5-membered nitrogen-containing heterocyclosulfonyl, or 6-membered nitrogen-containing heterocyclosulfonyl;

[0127] a third R⁴ corresponding to R¹¹ is H, lower alkyl, halo, lower alkoxy, or aryl; and

[0128] a fourth R⁴ corresponding to R¹² is H, halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, and aryl;

[0129] wherein Formula (I) is represented by Formula (Ia):



[0130] The cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor used in connection with the method(s) of the present invention can also be a compound of having the

structure of Formula (Ia) or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof wherein:

[0131] R^8 is trifluoromethyl or pentafluoroethyl;

[0132] R^9 is H, chloro, or fluoro;

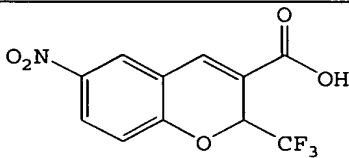
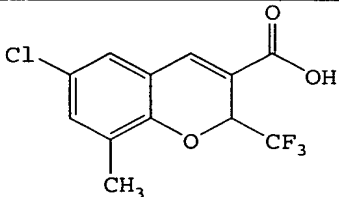
[0133] R^{10} is H, chloro, bromo, fluoro, iodo, methyl, tert-butyl, trifluoromethoxy, methoxy, benzylcarbonyl, dimethylaminosulfonyl, isopropylaminosulfonyl, methylaminosulfonyl, benzylaminosulfonyl, phenylethylaminosulfonyl, methylpropylaminosulfonyl, methylsulfonyl, or morpholinosulfonyl;

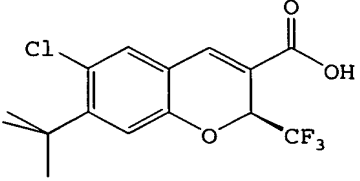
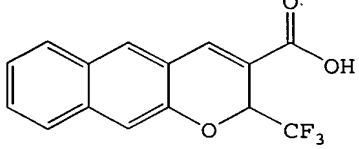
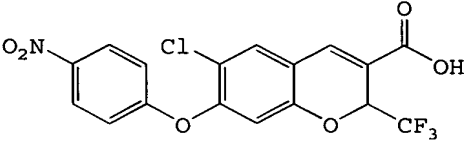
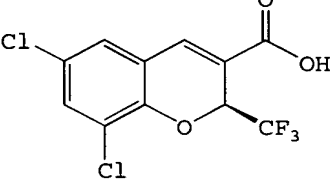
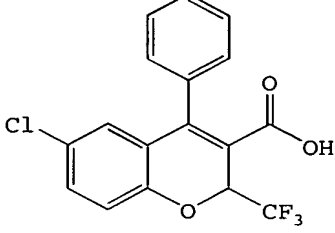
[0134] R^{11} is H, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, chloro, methoxy, diethylamino, or phenyl; and

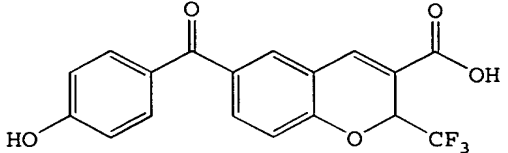
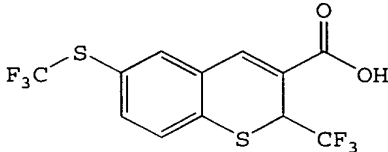
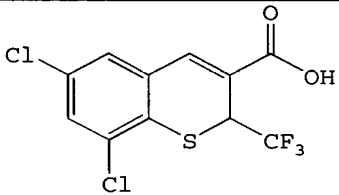
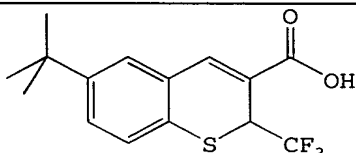
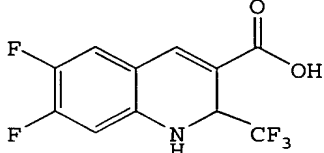
[0135] R^{12} is H, chloro, bromo, fluoro, methyl, ethyl, tert-butyl, methoxy, or phenyl.

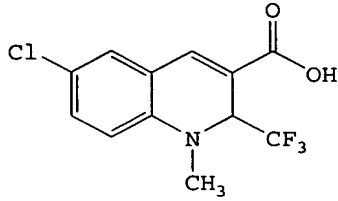
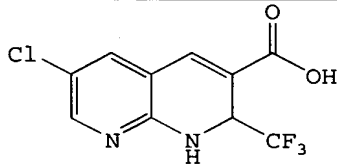
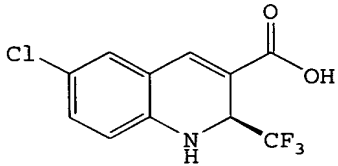
[0136] Examples of exemplary chromene cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitors are depicted in Table 1x below.

TABLE 1X
EXAMPLES OF CHROMENE CYCLOOXYGENASE-2 SELECTIVE INHIBITORS AS EMBODIMENTS

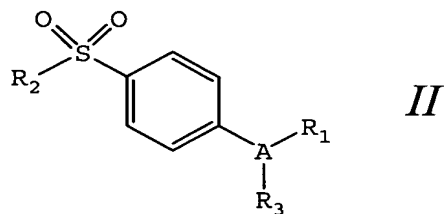
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-3	 <p>6-Nitro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid</p>
B-4	 <p>6-Chloro-8-methyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid</p>

<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-5	 <p data-bbox="581 510 1284 558">((S)-6-Chloro-7-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid</p>
B-6	 <p data-bbox="581 779 1117 827">2-Trifluoromethyl-2H-naphtho[2,3-b]pyran-3-carboxylic acid</p>
B-7	 <p data-bbox="581 1073 1317 1121">6-Chloro-7-(4-nitrophenoxy)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid</p>
B-8	 <p data-bbox="581 1352 1159 1400">((S)-6,8-Dichloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid</p>
B-9	 <p data-bbox="581 1696 1208 1745">6-Chloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-4-phenyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid</p>

<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-10	 <p>6-(4-Hydroxybenzoyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid</p>
B-11	 <p>2-(Trifluoromethyl)-6-[(trifluoromethyl)thio]-2H-1-benzothiopyran-3-carboxylic acid</p>
B-12	 <p>6,8-Dichloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzothiopyran-3-carboxylic acid</p>
B-13	 <p>6-(1,1-Dimethylethyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzothiopyran-3-carboxylic acid</p>
B-14	 <p>6,7-Difluoro-1,2-dihydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-3-quinolinecarboxylic acid</p>

<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-15	 <p>6-Chloro-1,2-dihydro-1-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-3-quinolinecarboxylic acid</p>
B-16	 <p>6-Chloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2-dihydro[1,8]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid</p>
B-17	 <p>((S)-6-Chloro-1,2-dihydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-3-quinolinecarboxylic acid</p>

[0137] In a further embodiment, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor is selected from the class of tricyclic cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitors represented by the general structure of Formula I: or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof wherein:



[0138] A is selected from the group consisting of partially unsaturated or unsaturated heterocyclyl and partially unsaturated or unsaturated carbocyclic rings;

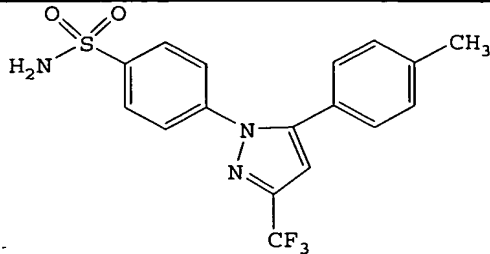
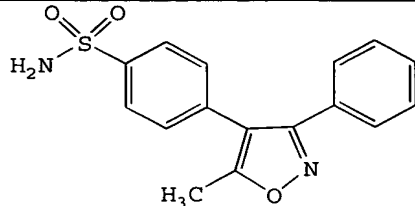
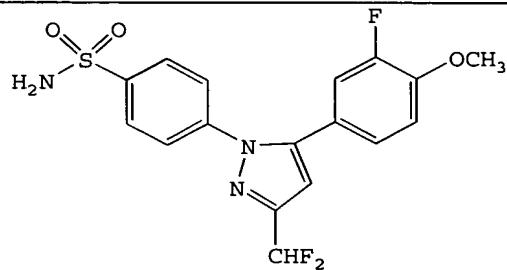
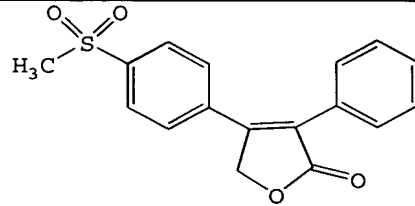
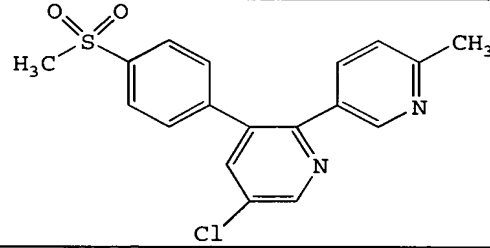
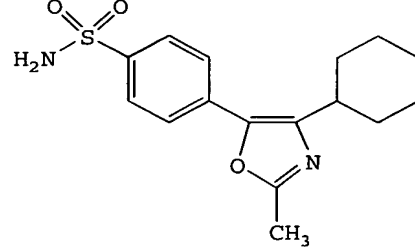
[0139] R¹ is selected from the group consisting of heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl and aryl, wherein R¹ is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, cyano, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, arylamino, nitro, alkoxyalkyl, alkylsulfinyl, halo, alkoxy and alkylthio;

[0140] R² is selected from the group consisting of methyl or amino; and

[0141] R³ is selected from the group consisting of a radical selected from H, halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, oxo, cyano, carboxyl, cyanoalkyl, heterocycloxy, alkyloxy, alkylthio, alkylcarbonyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, haloalkyl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkenyl, aralkyl, heterocyclalkyl, acyl, alkylthioalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, aralkenyl, alkoxyalkyl, arylthioalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, aralkylthioalkyl, aralkoxyalkyl, alkoxyaralkoxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, aminocarbonyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, N- arylaminocarbonyl, N-alkyl-N-arylaminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkylamino, N-arylamino, N- aralkylamino, N-alkyl-N-aralkylamino, N-alkyl-N-arylamino, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, N-arylaminalkyl, N-aralkylaminalkyl, N-alkyl-N- aralkylaminalkyl, N-alkyl-N-arylaminalkyl, aryloxy, aralkoxy, arylthio, aralkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminosulfonyl, N- arylaminosulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, N-alkyl-N-arylaminosulfonyl.

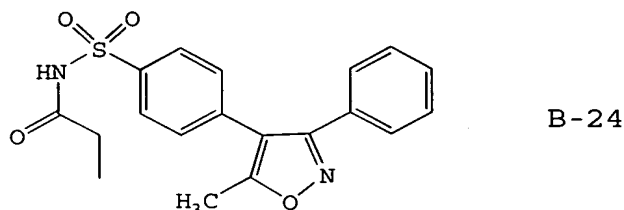
[0142] In another embodiment, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor represented by the above Formula II is selected from the group of compounds illustrated in Table 2x, consisting of celecoxib (B-18; U.S. Patent No. 5,466,823; CAS No. 169590-42-5), valdecoxib (B-19; U.S. Patent No. 5,633,272; CAS No. 181695-72-7), deracoxib (B-20; U.S. Patent No. 5,521,207; CAS No. 169590-41-4), rofecoxib (B-21; CAS No. 162011-90-7), etoricoxib (MK-663; B-22; PCT publication WO 98/03484), tilmacoxib (JTE-522; B-23; CAS No. 180200-68-4).

TABLE 2X
EXAMPLES OF TRICYCLIC CYCLOOXYGENASE-2 SELECTIVE INHIBITORS AS
EMBODIMENTS

<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-18	
B-19	
B-20	
B-21	
B-22	
B-23	

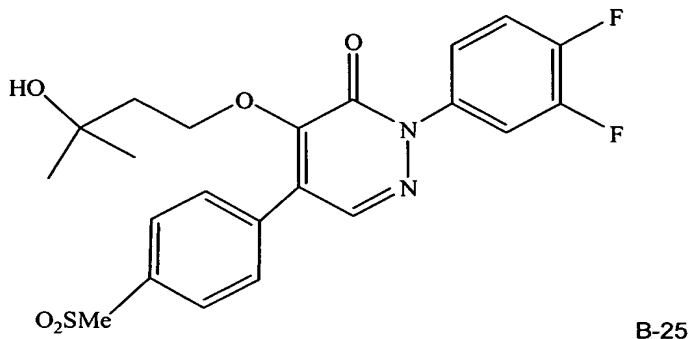
[0143] In still another embodiment, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of celecoxib, rofecoxib and etoricoxib.

[0144] In yet another embodiment, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor is parecoxib (B-24, U.S. Patent No. 5,932,598, CAS No. 198470-84-7), which is a therapeutically effective prodrug of the tricyclic cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor valdecoxib, B-19, may be advantageously employed as a source of a cyclooxygenase inhibitor (US 5,932,598, herein incorporated by reference).

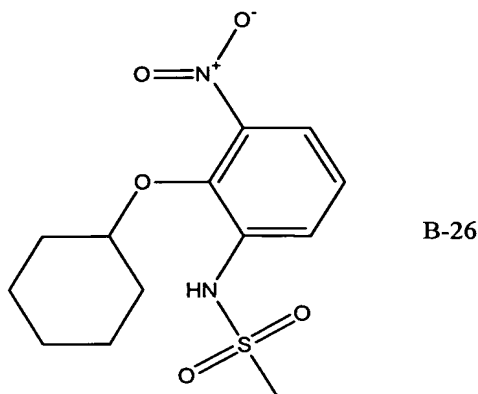


[0145] One form of parecoxib is sodium parecoxib.

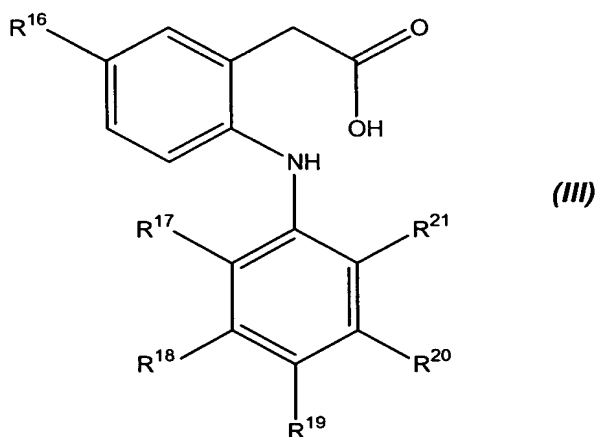
[0146] In another embodiment of the invention, the compound having the formula B-25 or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug of a compound having formula B-25 that has been previously described in International Publication number WO 00/24719 (which is herein incorporated by reference) is another tricyclic cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor that may be advantageously employed.



[0147] Another cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor that is useful in connection with the method(s) of the present invention is N-(2-cyclohexyloxynitrophenyl)-methane sulfonamide (NS-398) having a structure shown below as B-26, or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug of a compound having formula B-26.



[0148] In yet a further embodiment, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor used in connection with the method(s) of the present invention can be selected from the class of phenylacetic acid derivative cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitors represented by the general structure of Formula (III) or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof:



[0149] wherein:

[0150] R^{16} is methyl or ethyl;

[0151] R^{17} is chloro or fluoro;

[0152] R^{18} is hydrogen or fluoro;

[0153] R^{19} is hydrogen, fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy or hydroxy;

[0154] R^{20} is hydrogen or fluoro; and

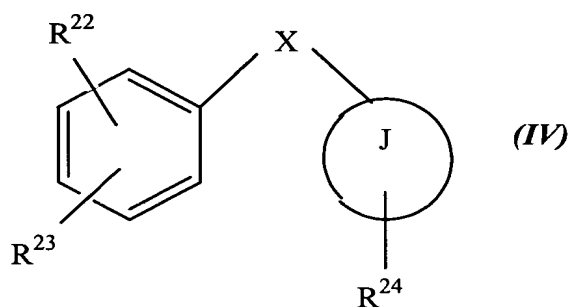
[0155] R^{21} is chloro, fluoro, trifluoromethyl or methyl, provided that R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} and R^{20} are not all fluoro when R^{16} is ethyl and R^{19} is H.

[0156] Another phenylacetic acid derivative cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor used in connection with the method(s) of the present invention is a compound that has the designation of COX 189 (lumiracoxib; B-211) and that has

the structure shown in Formula (III) or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof wherein:

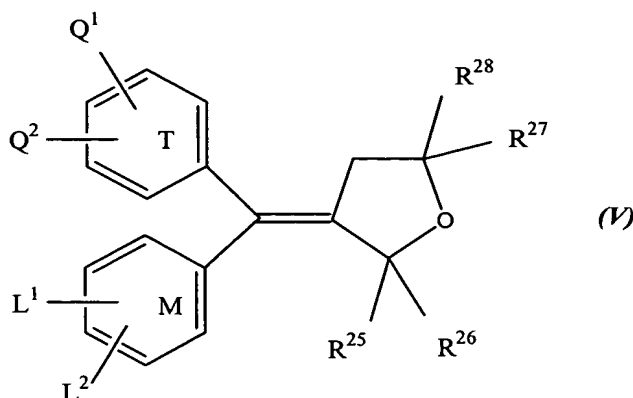
- [0157] R^{16} is ethyl;
- [0158] R^{17} and R^{19} are chloro;
- [0159] R^{18} and R^{20} are hydrogen; and
- [0160] and R^{21} is methyl.

[0161] In yet another embodiment, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor is represented by Formula (IV) or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof:



- [0162] wherein:
- [0163] X is O or S;
- [0164] J is a carbocycle or a heterocycle;
- [0165] R^{22} is NHSO_2CH_3 or F;
- [0166] R^{23} is H, NO_2 , or F; and
- [0167] R^{24} is H, NHSO_2CH_3 , or $(\text{SO}_2\text{CH}_3)\text{C}_6\text{H}_4$.

[0168] According to another embodiment, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitors used in the present method(s) have the structural Formula (V) or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof:



[0169] wherein:

[0170] T and M independently are phenyl, naphthyl, a radical derived from a heterocycle comprising 5 to 6 members and possessing from 1 to 4 heteroatoms, or a radical derived from a saturated hydrocarbon ring having from 3 to 7 carbon atoms;

[0171] Q¹, Q², L¹ or L² are independently hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, trifluoromethyl, or lower methoxy having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms; and

[0172] at least one of Q¹, Q², L¹ or L² is in the para position and is -S(O)_n-R, wherein n is 0, 1, or 2 and R is a lower alkyl radical having 1 to 6 carbon atoms or a lower haloalkyl radical having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, or an -SO₂NH₂; or,

[0173] Q¹ and Q² are methylenedioxy; or

[0174] L¹ and L² are methylenedioxy; and

[0175] R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are independently hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl radical having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, lower haloalkyl radical having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, or an aromatic radical selected from the group consisting of phenyl, naphthyl, thienyl, furyl and pyridyl; or,

[0176] R²⁵ and R²⁶ are O; or,

[0177] R²⁷ and R²⁸ are O; or,

[0178] R²⁵, R²⁶, together with the carbon atom to which they are attached, form a saturated hydrocarbon ring having from 3 to 7 carbon atoms; or,

[0179] R²⁷, R²⁸, together with the carbon atom to which they are attached, form a saturated hydrocarbon ring having from 3 to 7 carbon atoms.

[0180] In another embodiment, the compounds N-(2-cyclohexyloxynitrophenyl)methane sulfonamide, and (E)-4-[(4-

methylphenyl)(tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanylidene) methyl]benzenesulfonamide or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof having the structure of Formula (V) are employed as cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitors.

[0181] In a further embodiment, compounds that are useful for the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof used in connection with the method(s) of the present invention, the structures for which are set forth in Table 3x below, include, but are not limited to:

[0182] 6-chloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-27);

[0183] 6-chloro-7-methyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-28);

[0184] 8-(1-methylethyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-29);

[0185] 6-chloro-8-(1-methylethyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-30);

[0186] 2-trifluoromethyl-3H-naphtho[2,1-b]pyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-31);

[0187] 7-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-32);

[0188] 6-bromo-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-33);

[0189] 8-chloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-34);

[0190] 6-trifluoromethoxy-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-35);

[0191] 5,7-dichloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-36);

[0192] 8-phenyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-37);

[0193] 7,8-dimethyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-38);

[0194] 6,8-bis(dimethylethyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-39);

- [0195] 7-(1-methylethyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-40);
- [0196] 7-phenyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-41);
- [0197] 6-chloro-7-ethyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-42);
- [0198] 6-chloro-8-ethyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-43);
- [0199] 6-chloro-7-phenyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-44);
- [0200] 6,7-dichloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-45);
- [0201] 6,8-dichloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-46);
- [0202] 6-chloro-8-methyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-47);
- [0203] 8-chloro-6-methyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-48)
- [0204] 8-chloro-6-methoxy-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-49);
- [0205] 6-bromo-8-chloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-50);
- [0206] 8-bromo-6-fluoro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-51);
- [0207] 8-bromo-6-methyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-52);
- [0208] 8-bromo-5-fluoro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-53);
- [0209] 6-chloro-8-fluoro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-54);
- [0210] 6-bromo-8-methoxy-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-55);

- [0211] 6-[[[(phenylmethyl)amino]sulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-56);
- [0212] 6-[(dimethylamino)sulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-57);
- [0213] 6-[(methylamino)sulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-58);
- [0214] 6-[(4-morpholino)sulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-59);
- [0215] 6-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)aminosulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-60);
- [0216] 6-[(2-methylpropyl)aminosulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-61);
- [0217] 6-methylsulfonyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-62);
- [0218] 8-chloro-6-[[[(phenylmethyl)amino]sulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-63);
- [0219] 6-phenylacetyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-64);
- [0220] 6,8-dibromo-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-65);
- [0221] 8-chloro-5,6-dimethyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-66);
- [0222] 6,8-dichloro-(S)-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-67);
- [0223] 6-benzylsulfonyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-68);
- [0224] 6-[[N-(2-furylmethyl)amino]sulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-69);
- [0225] 6-[[N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]sulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-70);
- [0226] 6-iodo-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-71);
- [0227] 7-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-pentafluoroethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-72);

[0228] 6-chloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzothiopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-73);

[0229] 3-[(3-Chloro-phenyl)-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-methylene]-dihydro-furan-2-one or BMS-347070 (B-74);

[0230] 8-acetyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-methylsulfonyl)phenyl-imidazo(1,2-a)pyridine (B-75);

[0231] 5,5-dimethyl-4-(4-methylsulfonyl)phenyl-3-phenyl-2-(5H)-furanone (B-76);

[0232] 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazole (B-77);

[0233] 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-phenyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazole (B-78);

[0234] 4-(5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (B-79);

[0235] 4-(3,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (B-80);

[0236] 4-(5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (B-81);

[0237] 4-(3,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (B-82);

[0238] 4-(5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (B-83);

[0239] 4-(5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (B-84);

[0240] 4-(5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (B-85);

[0241] 4-(4-chloro-3,5-diphenyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (B-86);

[0242] 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-87);

[0243] 4-[5-phenyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-88);

- [0244] 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-89);
- [0245] 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-90);
- [0246] 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-91);
- [0247] 4-[5-(4-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-92);
- [0248] 4-[4-chloro-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-93);
- [0249] 4-[3-(difluoromethyl)-5-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-94);
- [0250] 4-[3-(difluoromethyl)-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-95);
- [0251] 4-[3-(difluoromethyl)-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-96);
- [0252] 4-[3-cyano-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-97);
- [0253] 4-[3-(difluoromethyl)-5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-98);
- [0254] 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-99);
- [0255] 4-[4-chloro-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-100);
- [0256] 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-101);
- [0257] 4-[5-(4-(N,N-dimethylamino)phenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-102);
- [0258] 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]spiro[2.4]hept-5-ene (B-103);
- [0259] 4-[6-(4-fluorophenyl)spiro[2.4]hept-5-en-5-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-104);
- [0260] 6-(4-fluorophenyl)-7-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]spiro[3.4]oct-6-ene (B-105);

- [0261] 5-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-6-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]spiro[2.4]hept-5-ene (B-106);
- [0262] 4-[6-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)spiro[2.4]hept-5-en-5-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-107);
- [0263] 5-(3,5-dichloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-6-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]spiro[2.4]hept-5-ene (B-108);
- [0264] 5-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-6-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]spiro[2.4]hept-5-ene (B-109);
- [0265] 4-[6-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)spiro[2.4]hept-5-en-5-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-110);
- [0266] 2-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)thiazole (B-111);
- [0267] 2-(2-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)thiazole (B-112);
- [0268] 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-2-methylthiazole (B-113);
- [0269] 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-2-trifluoromethylthiazole (B-114);
- [0270] 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-2-(2-thienyl)thiazole (B-115);
- [0271] 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-2-benzylaminothiazole (B-116);
- [0272] 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-2-(1-propylamino)thiazole (B-117);
- [0273] 2-[(3,5-dichlorophenoxy)methyl]-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]thiazole (B-118);
- [0274] 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-2-trifluoromethylthiazole (B-119);
- [0275] 1-methylsulfonyl-4-[1,1-dimethyl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)cyclopenta-2,4-dien-3-yl]benzene (B-120);
- [0276] 4-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylcyclopenta-2,4-dien-3-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-121);

[0277] 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]spiro[2.4]hepta-4,6-diene (B-122);

[0278] 4-[6-(4-fluorophenyl)spiro[2.4]hepta-4,6-dien-5-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-123);

[0279] 6-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methoxy-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-pyridine-3-carbonitrile (B-124);

[0280] 2-bromo-6-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-pyridine-3-carbonitrile (B-125);

[0281] 6-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-phenyl-pyridine-3-carbonitrile (B-126);

[0282] 4-[2-(4-methylpyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-127);

[0283] 4-[2-(5-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-128);

[0284] 4-[2-(2-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-129);

[0285] 3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (B-130);

[0286] 2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (B-131);

[0287] 2-methyl-4-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (B-132);

[0288] 2-methyl-6-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (B-133);

[0289] 4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-134);

[0290] 2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole (B-135);

[0291] 4-[2-(4-methylphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-136);

[0292] 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-methyl-1H-imidazole (B-137);

[0293] 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-phenyl-1H-imidazole (B-138);

[0294] 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole (B-139);

[0295] 2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole (B-140);

[0296] 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole (B-141);

[0297] 2-(4-methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole (B-142);

[0298] 4-[2-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-143);

[0299] 2-(3-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole (B-144);

[0300] 4-[2-(3-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-145);

[0301] 2-(3-methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole (B-146);

[0302] 4-[2-(3-methylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-147);

[0303] 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole (B-148);

[0304] 4-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-149);

[0305] 4-[2-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-150);

[0306] 4-[2-(4-methoxy-3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-151);

[0307] 1-allyl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole (B-152);

[0308] 4-[1-ethyl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-153);

- [0309] N-phenyl-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]acetamide (B-154);
- [0310] ethyl [4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]acetate (B-155);
- [0311] 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(2-phenylethyl)-1H-pyrazole (B-156);
- [0312] 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(2-phenylethyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazole (B-157);
- [0313] 1-ethyl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole (B-158);
- [0314] 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole (B-159);
- [0315] 4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-(2-thiophenyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole (B-160);
- [0316] 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methoxy-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine (B-161);
- [0317] 2-ethoxy-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine (B-162);
- [0318] 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(2-propynyloxy)-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine (B-163);
- [0319] 2-bromo-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine (B-164);
- [0320] 4-[2-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4,5-difluorophenyl]benzenesulfonamide (B-165);
- [0321] 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzene (B-166);
- [0322] 5-difluoromethyl-4-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-3-phenylisoxazole (B-167);
- [0323] 4-[3-ethyl-5-phenylisoxazol-4-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-168);
- [0324] 4-[5-difluoromethyl-3-phenylisoxazol-4-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-169);
- [0325] 4-[5-hydroxymethyl-3-phenylisoxazol-4-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-170);
- [0326] 4-[5-methyl-3-phenyl-isoxazol-4-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-171);

[0327] 1-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene (B-172);

[0328] 1-[2-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene (B-173);

[0329] 1-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene (B-174);

[0330] 1-[2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene (B-175);

[0331] 1-[2-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene (B-176);

[0332] 1-[2-(4-methylthiophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene (B-177);

[0333] 1-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4,4-dimethylcyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene (B-178);

[0334] 4-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4,4-dimethylcyclopenten-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-179);

[0335] 1-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4,4-dimethylcyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene (B-180);

[0336] 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4,4-dimethylcyclopenten-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-181);

[0337] 4-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-182);

[0338] 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-183);

[0339] 1-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene (B-184);

[0340] 1-[2-(2,3-difluorophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene (B-185);

[0341] 4-[2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-186);

[0342] 1-[2-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene (B-187);

[0343] 4-[2-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-188);

[0344] 4-[2-(2-methylpyridin-5-yl)cyclopenten-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-189);

[0345] ethyl 2-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl) phenyl]oxazol-2-yl]-2-benzyl-acetate (B-190);

[0346] 2-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]oxazol-2-yl]acetic acid (B-191);

[0347] 2-(*tert*-butyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]oxazole (B-192);

[0348] 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-phenyloxazole (B-193);

[0349] 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methyl-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]oxazole (B-194);

[0350] 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-4-oxazolyl]benzenesulfonamide (B-195);

[0351] 6-chloro-7-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-196);

[0352] 6-chloro-8-methyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-197);

[0353] 5,5-dimethyl-3-(3-fluorophenyl)-4-methylsulfonyl-2(5H)-furanone (B-198);

[0354] 6-chloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzothiopyran-3-carboxylic acid (B-199);

[0355] 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-200);

[0356] 4-[5-(4-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-201);

[0357] 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-202);

[0358] 3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (B-203);

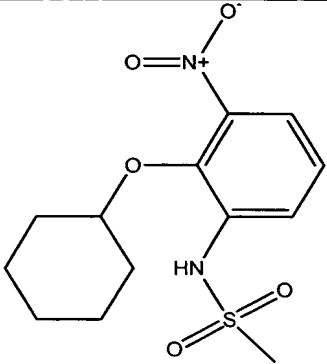
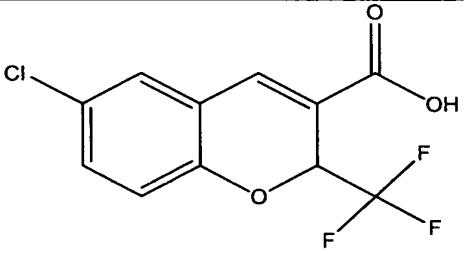
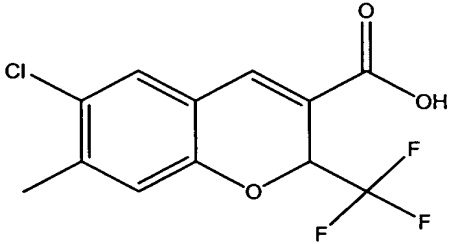
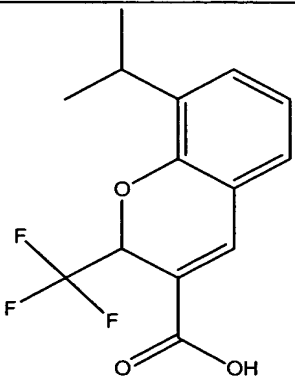
[0359] 2-methyl-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (B-204);

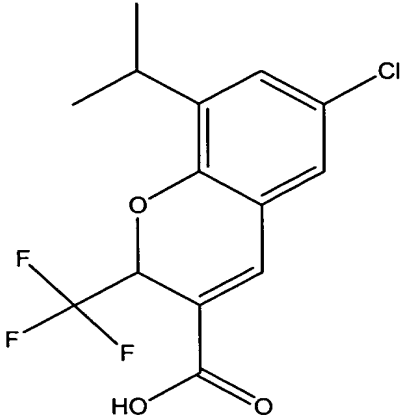
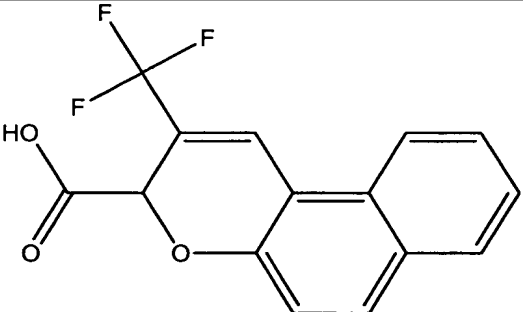
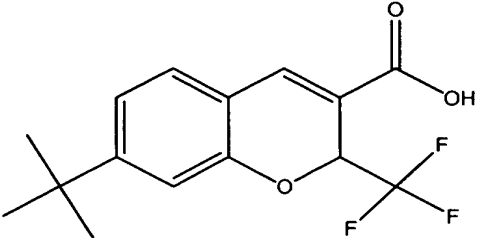
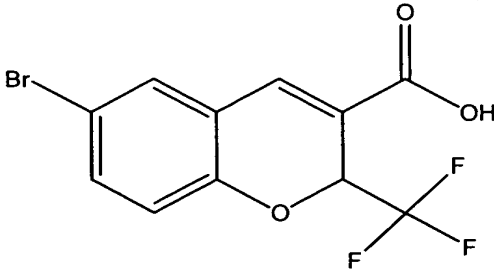
- [0360] 4-[2-(5-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-205);
- [0361] 4-[5-methyl-3-phenylisoxazol-4-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-206);
- [0362] 4-[5-hydroxymethyl-3-phenylisoxazol-4-yl]benzenesulfonamide (B-207);
- [0363] [2-trifluoromethyl-5-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-oxazolyl]benzenesulfonamide (B-208);
- [0364] 4-[2-methyl-4-phenyl-5-oxazolyl]benzenesulfonamide (B-209);
- [0365] 4-[5-(2-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-4-oxazolyl]benzenesulfonamide (B-210);
- [0366] [2-(2-chloro-6-fluoro-phenylamino)-5-methyl-phenyl]-acetic acid or COX 189 (lumiracoxib; B-211);
- [0367] N-(4-Nitro-2-phenoxy-phenyl)-methanesulfonamide or nimesulide (B-212);
- [0368] N-[6-(2,4-difluoro-phenoxy)-1-oxo-indan-5-yl]-methanesulfonamide or flosulide (B-213);
- [0369] N-[6-(2,4-Difluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-1-oxo-1H-inden-5-yl]-methanesulfonamide, sodium salt or L-745337 (B-214);
- [0370] N-[5-(4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-thiophen-2-yl]-methanesulfonamide or RWJ-63556 (B-215);
- [0371] 3-(3,4-Difluoro-phenoxy)-4-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-5-methyl-5-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl)-5H-furan-2-one or L-784512 or L-784512 (B-216);
- [0372] (5Z)-2-amino-5-[[3,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]methylene]-4(5H)-thiazolone or darbufelone (B-217);
- [0373] CS-502 (B-218);
- [0374] LAS-34475 (B-219);
- [0375] LAS-34555 (B-220);
- [0376] S-33516 (B-221);
- [0377] SD-8381 (B-222);
- [0378] L-783003 (B-223);
- [0379] N-[3-(formylamino)-4-oxo-6-phenoxy-4H-1-benzopyran-7-yl]-methanesulfonamide or T-614 (B-224);
- [0380] D-1367 (B-225);

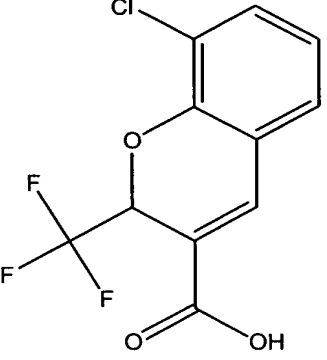
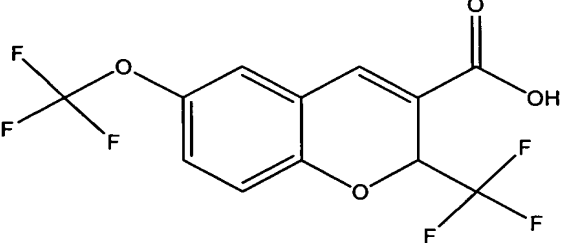
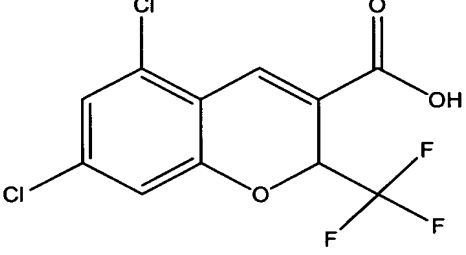
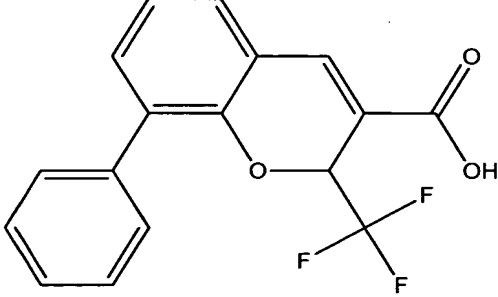
- [0381] L-748731 (B-226);
- [0382] (6aR,10aR)-3-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydro-1-hydroxy-6,6-dimethyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-9-carboxylic acid or CT3 (B-227);
- [0383] CGP-28238 (B-228);
- [0384] 4-[[3,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]methylene]dihydro-2-methyl-2H-1,2-oxazin-3(4H)-one or BF-389 (B-229);
- [0385] GR-253035 (B-230);
- [0386] 6-dioxo-9H-purin-8-yl-cinnamic acid (B-231);
- [0387] S-2474 (B-232);
- [0388] 4-[4-(methyl)-sulfonyl]phenyl]-3-phenyl-2(5H)-furanone;
- [0389] 4-(5-methyl-3-phenyl-4-isoxazolyl);
- [0390] 2-(6-methylpyrid-3-yl)-3-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-5-chloropyridine;
- [0391] 4-[5-(4-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl];
- [0392] N-[[4-(5-methyl-3-phenyl-4-isoxazolyl)phenyl]sulfonyl];
- [0393] 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-difluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- [0394] (S)-6,8-dichloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;
- [0395] 2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(3-hydroxy-3-methylbutoxy)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone;
- [0396] 2-trifluoromethyl-3H-naphtho[2,1-b]pyran-3-carboxylic acid;
- [0397] 6-chloro-7-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;
- [0398] [2-(2,4-dichloro-6-ethyl-3,5-dimethyl-phenylamino)-5-propyl-phenyl]-acetic acid.

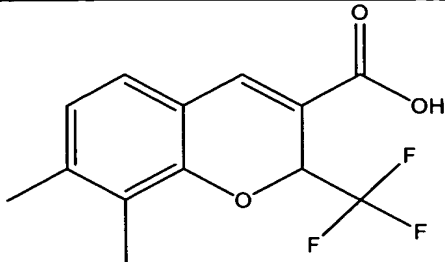
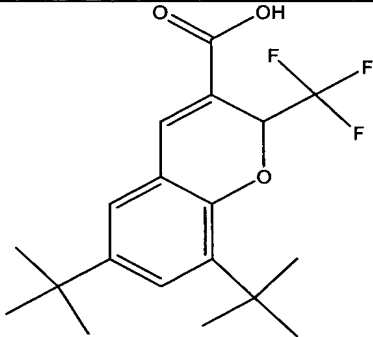
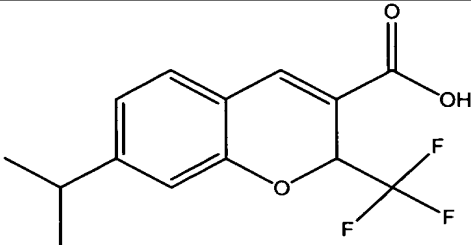
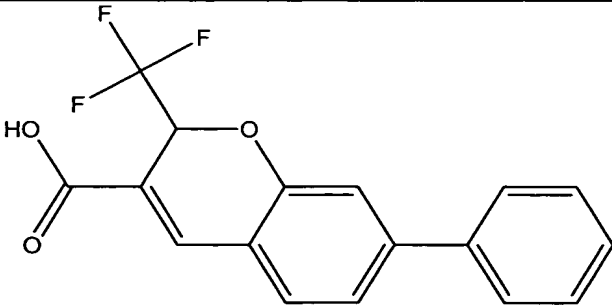
TABLE 3X
EXAMPLES OF CYCLOOXYGENASE-2 SELECTIVE INHIBITORS AS
EMBODIMENTS

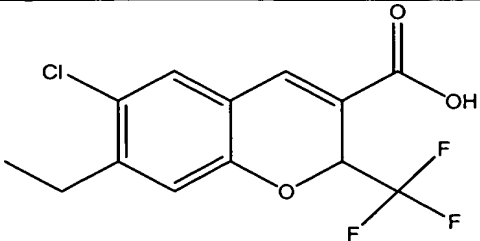
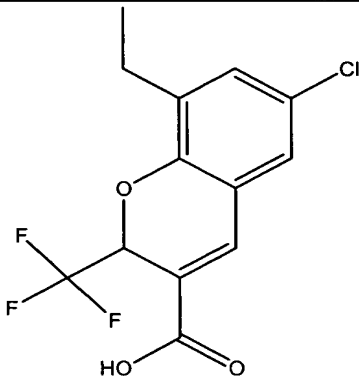
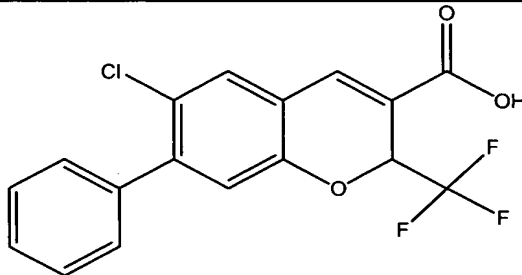
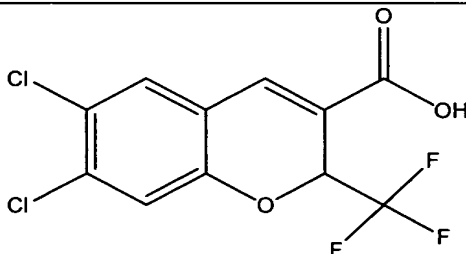
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
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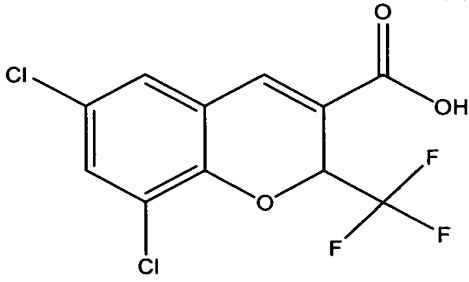
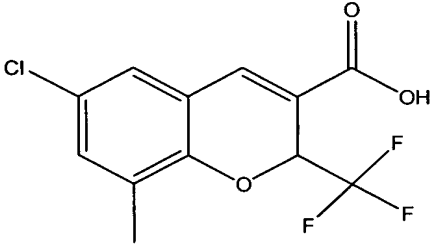
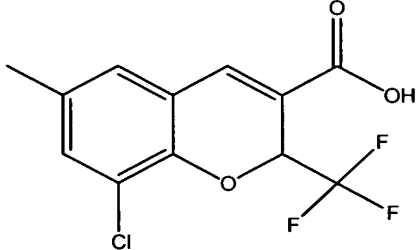
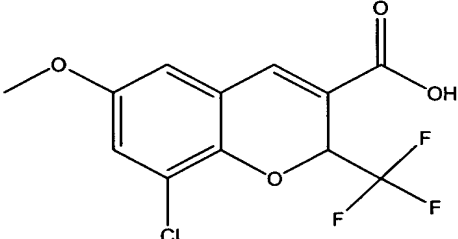
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-26	 <p>N-(2-cyclohexyloxynitrophenyl) methane sulfonamide or NS-398;</p>
B-27	 <p>6-chloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-28	 <p>6-chloro-7-methyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-29	 <p>8-(1-methylethyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>

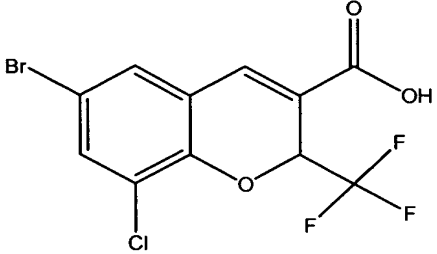
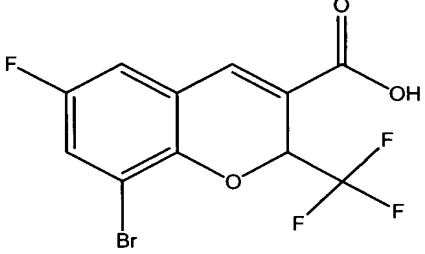
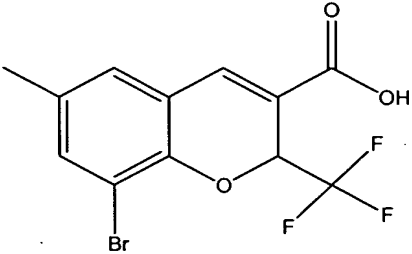
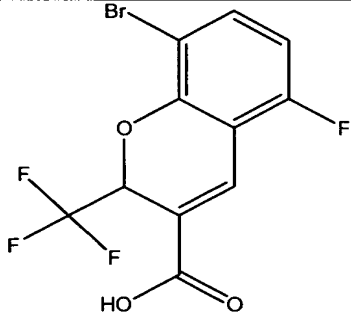
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-30	 <p>6-chloro-8-(1-methylethyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-31	 <p>2-trifluoromethyl-3H-naphtho[2,1-b]pyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-32	 <p>7-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-33	 <p>6-bromo-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>

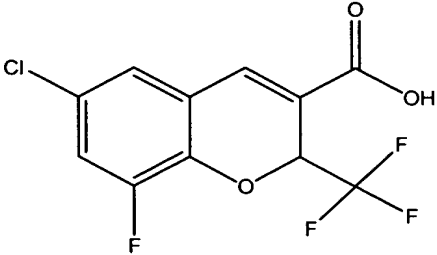
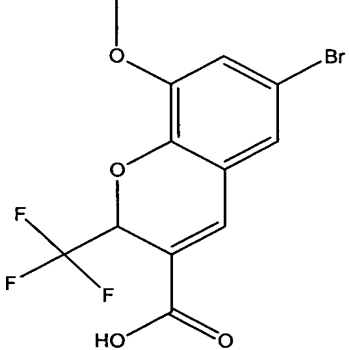
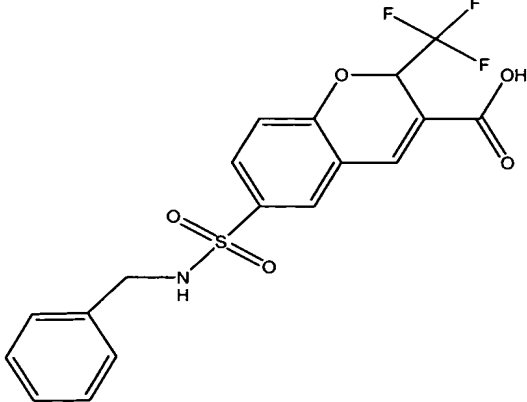
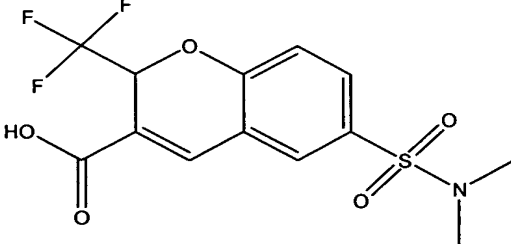
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-34	 <p>8-chloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-35	 <p>6-trifluoromethoxy-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-36	 <p>5,7-dichloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-37	 <p>8-phenyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>

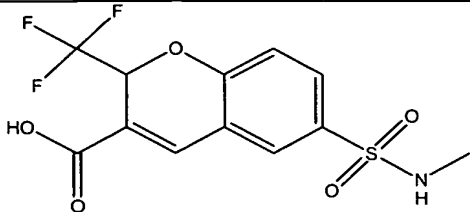
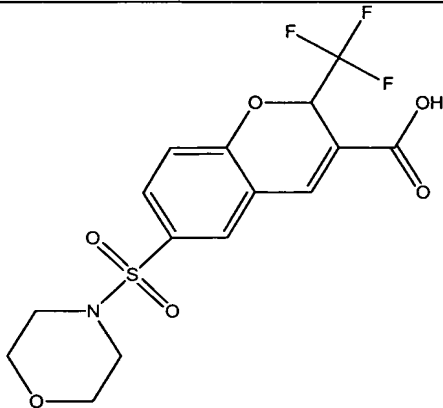
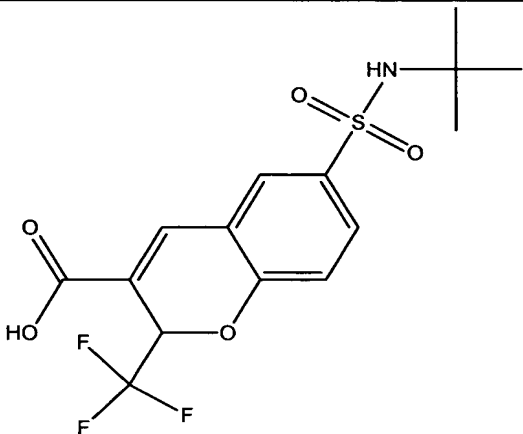
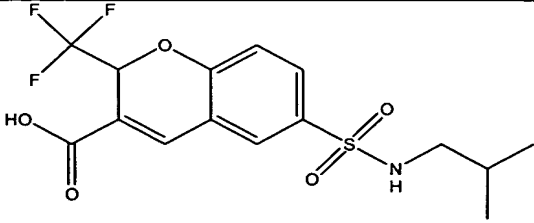
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-38	 <p>7,8-dimethyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-39	 <p>6,8-bis(dimethylethyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-40	 <p>7-(1-methylethyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-41	 <p>7-phenyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>

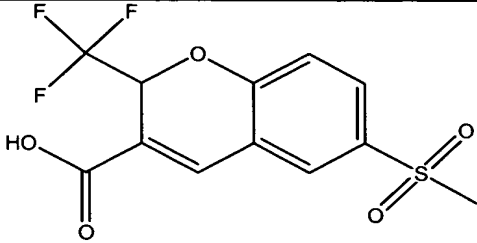
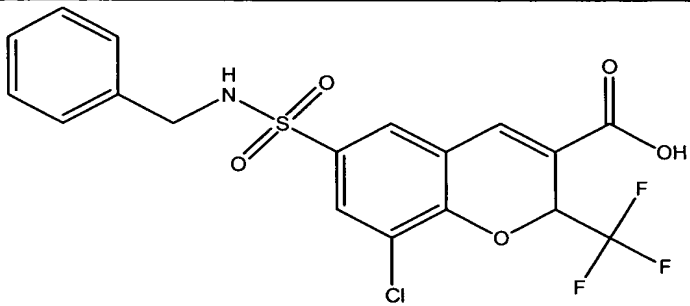
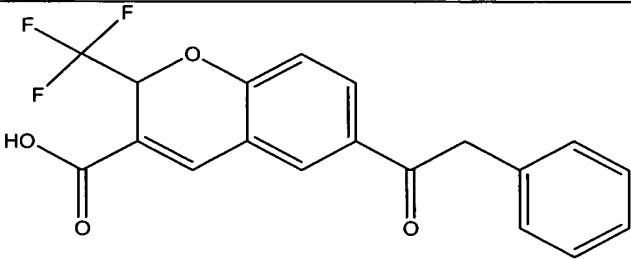
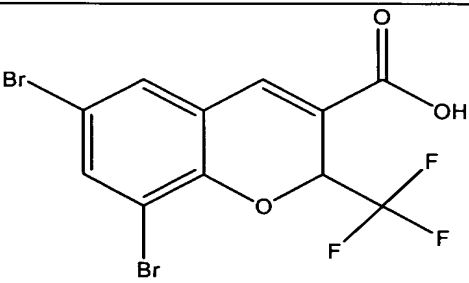
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-42	 <p>6-chloro-7-ethyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-43	 <p>6-chloro-8-ethyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-44	 <p>6-chloro-7-phenyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-45	 <p>6,7-dichloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>

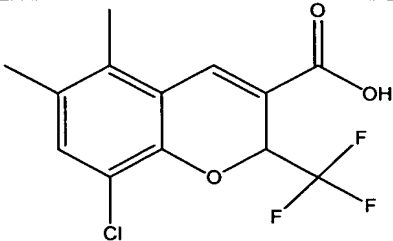
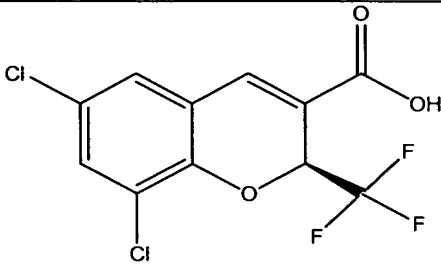
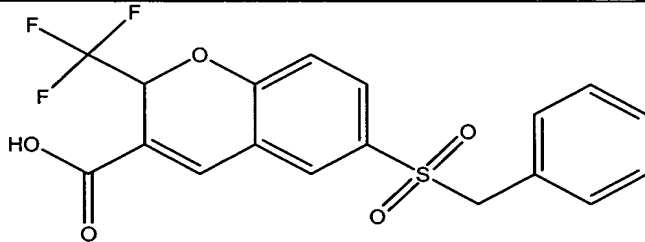
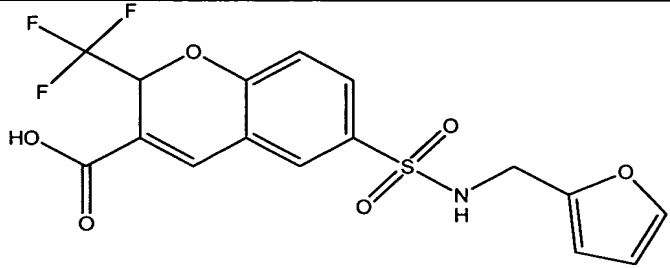
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-46	 <p>6,8-dichloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-47	 <p>6-chloro-8-methyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-48	 <p>8-chloro-6-methyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-49	 <p>8-chloro-6-methoxy-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>

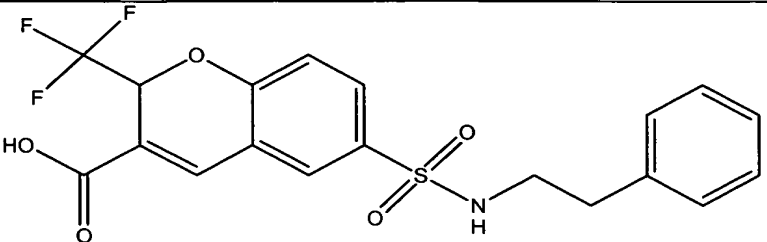
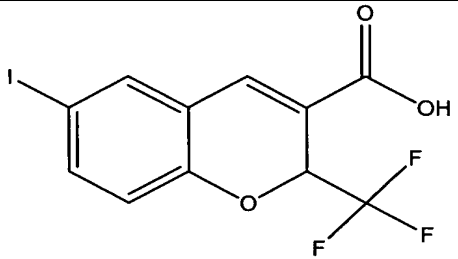
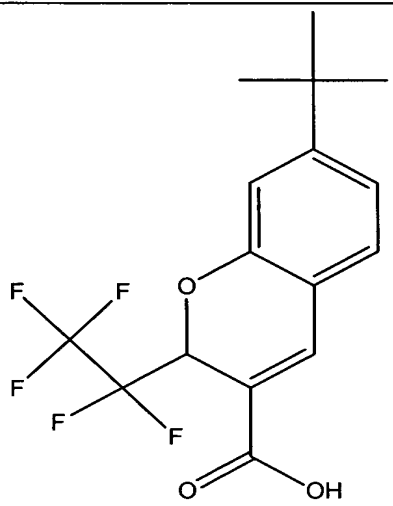
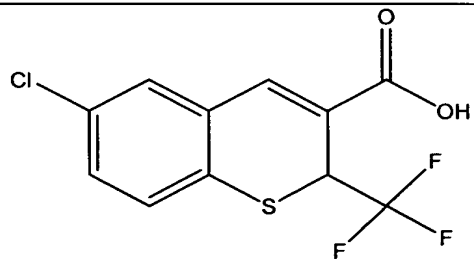
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-50	 <p>6-bromo-8-chloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-51	 <p>8-bromo-6-fluoro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-52	 <p>8-bromo-6-methyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-53	 <p>8-bromo-5-fluoro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>

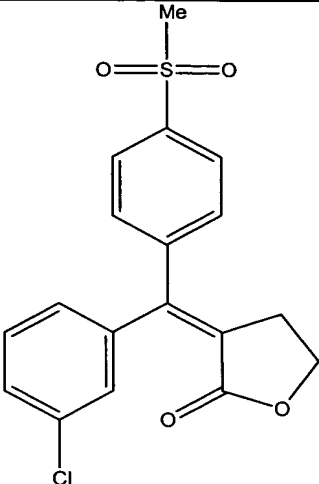
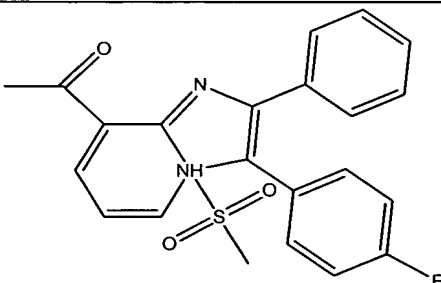
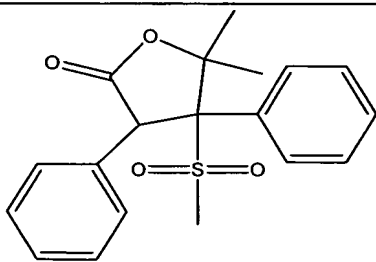
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-54	 <p>6-chloro-8-fluoro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-55	 <p>6-bromo-8-methoxy-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-56	 <p>6-[[[(phenylmethyl)amino]sulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-57	 <p>6-[(dimethylamino)sulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>

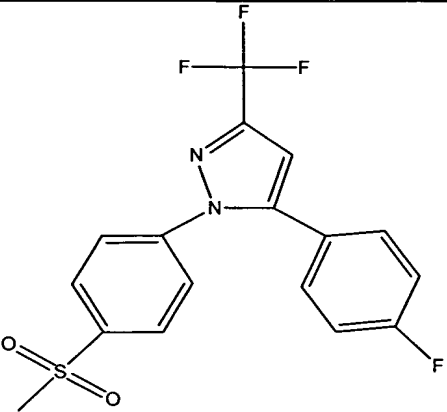
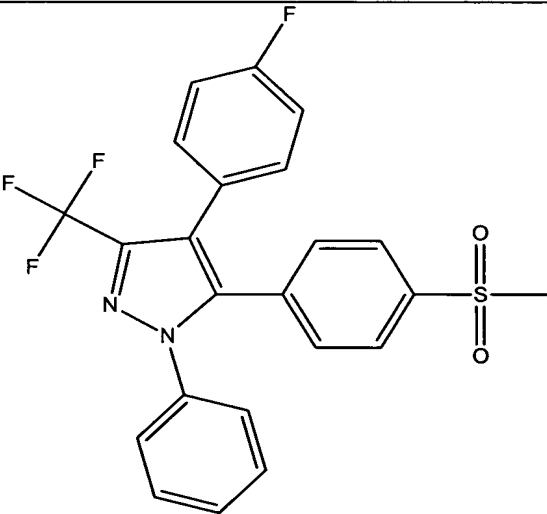
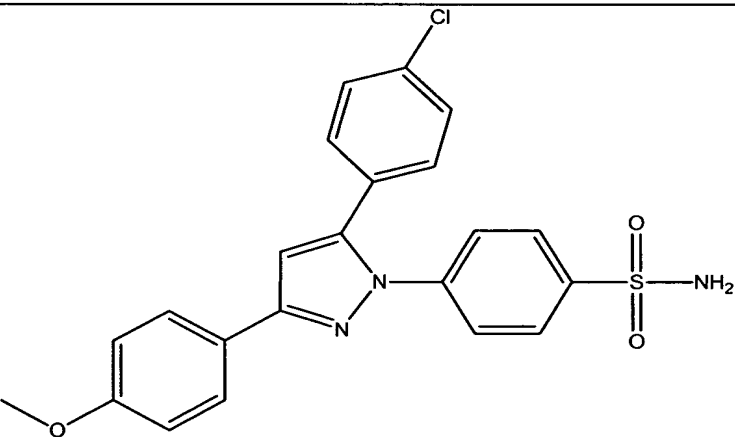
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-58	 <p>6-[(methylamino)sulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-59	 <p>6-[(4-morpholino)sulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-60	 <p>6-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)aminosulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-61	 <p>6-[(2-methylpropyl)aminosulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>

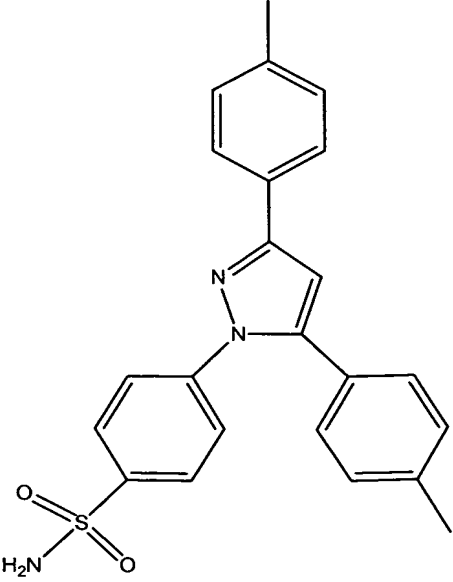
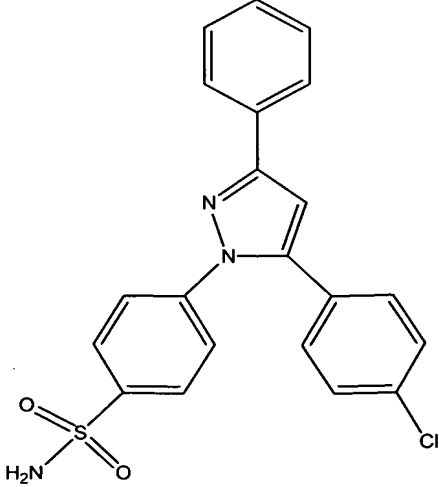
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-62	 <p>6-methylsulfonyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-63	 <p>8-chloro-6-[[[(phenylmethyl)amino]sulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-64	 <p>6-phenylacetyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-65	 <p>6,8-dibromo-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>

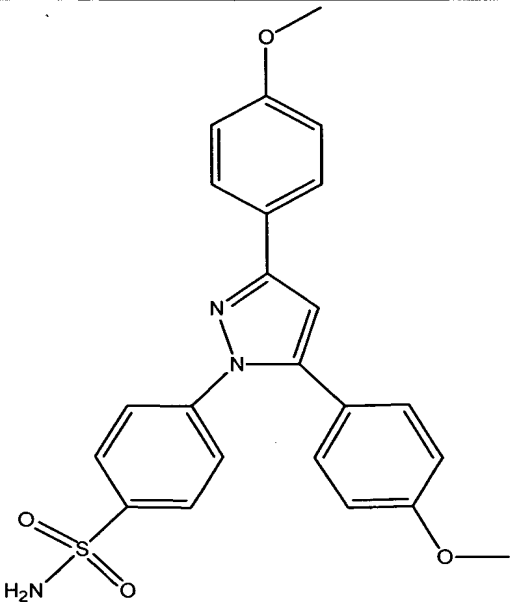
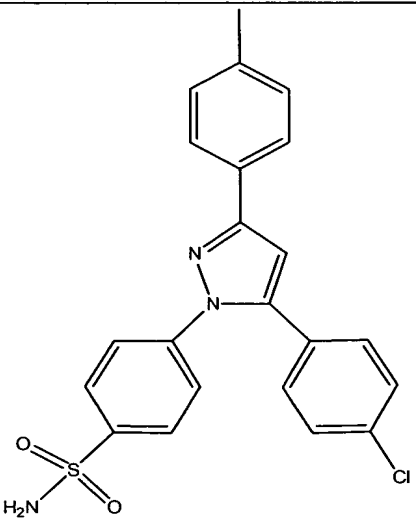
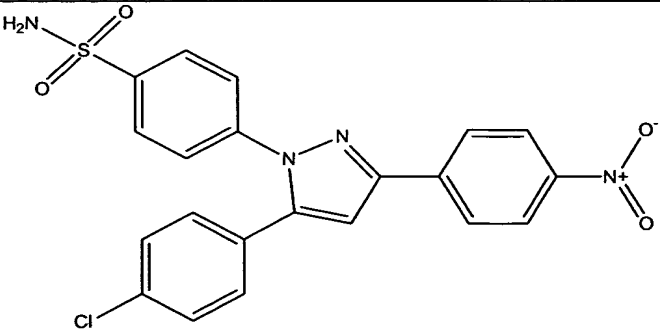
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-66	 <p>8-chloro-5,6-dimethyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-67	 <p>6,8-dichloro-(S)-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-68	 <p>6-benzylsulfonyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-69	 <p>6-[[N-(2-furylmethyl)amino]sulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>

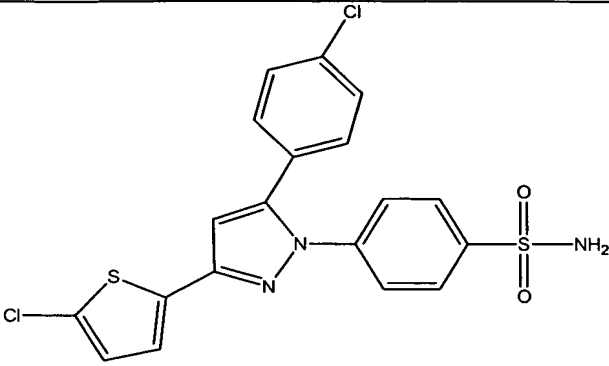
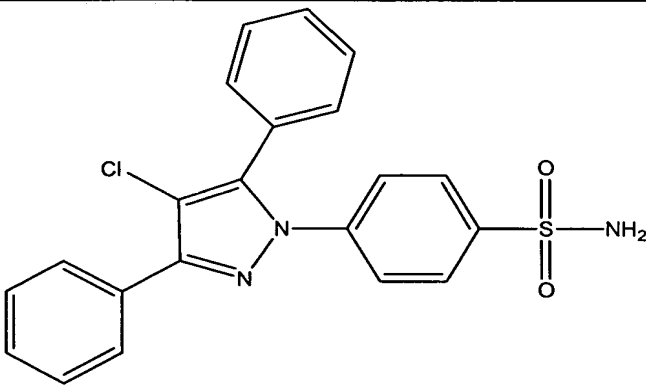
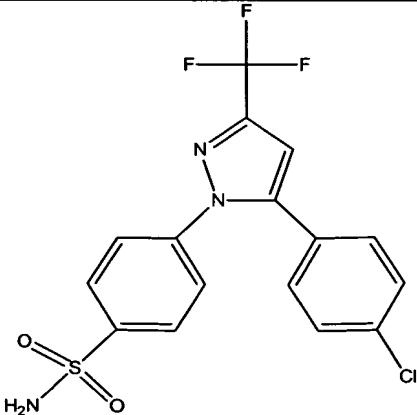
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-70	 <p>6-[[N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]sulfonyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-71	 <p>6-iodo-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-72	 <p>7-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-pentafluoroethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-73	 <p>6-chloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzothiopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>

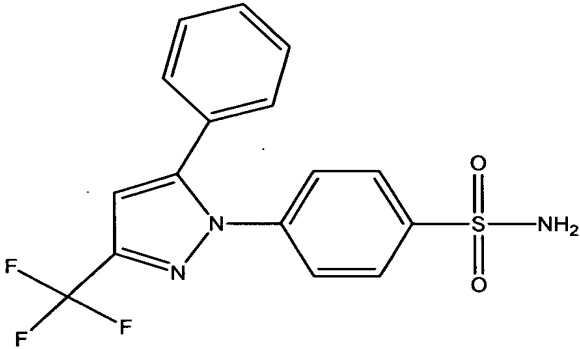
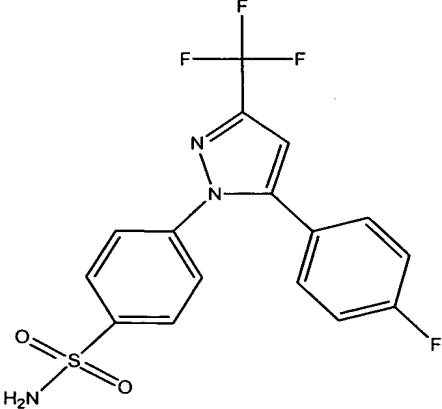
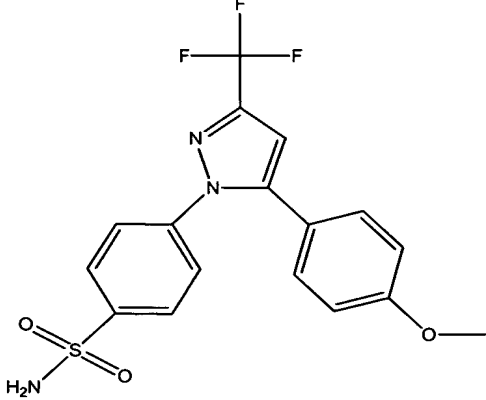
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-74	 <p>3-[(3-chloro-phenyl)-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-methylene]-dihydro-furan-2-one or BMS-347070;</p>
B-75	 <p>8-acetyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-methylsulfonyl)phenyl-imidazo(1,2-a)pyridine;</p>
B-76	 <p>5,5-dimethyl-4-(4-methylsulfonyl)phenyl-3-phenyl-2-(5H)-furanone;</p>

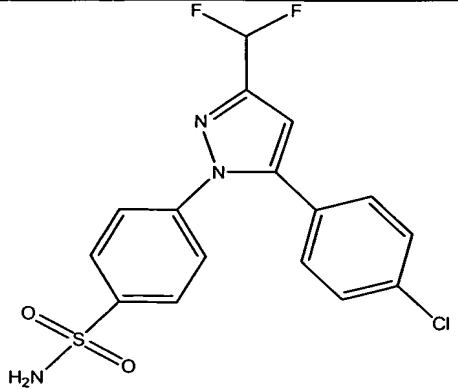
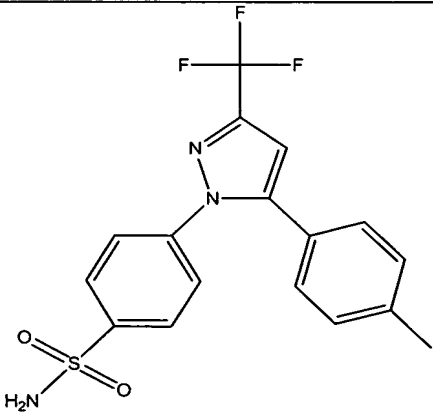
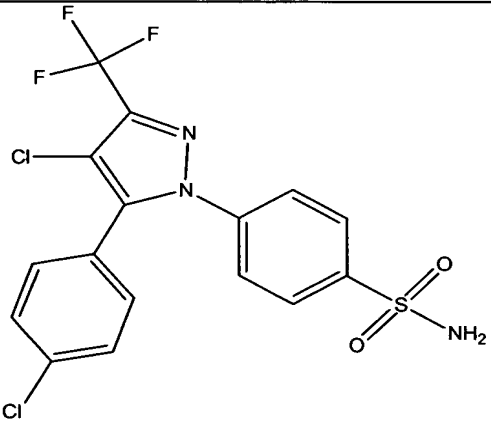
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-77	 <p>5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazole;</p>
B-78	 <p>4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-phenyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazole;</p>
B-79	 <p>4-(5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide;</p>

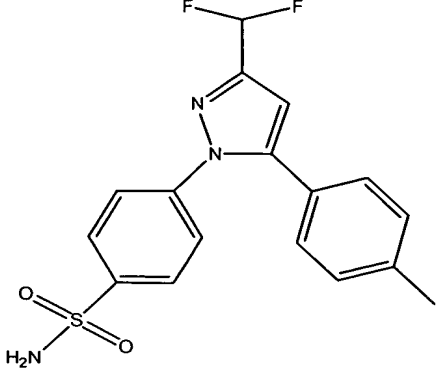
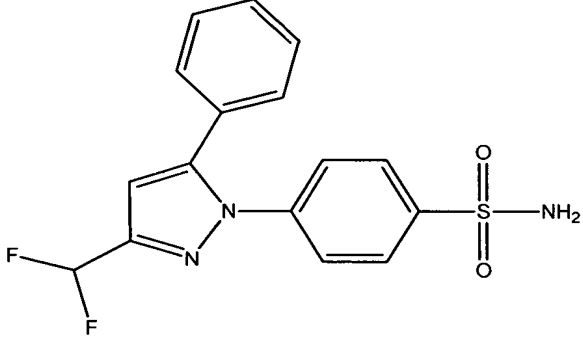
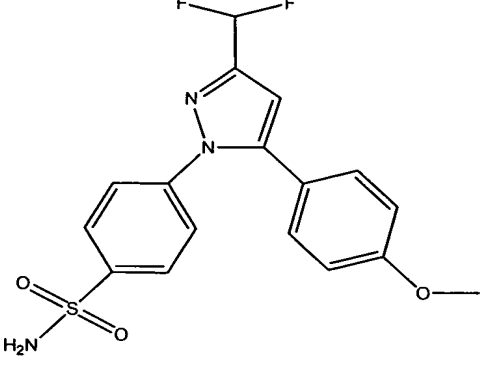
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-80	 <p>4-(3,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-81	 <p>4-(5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide;</p>

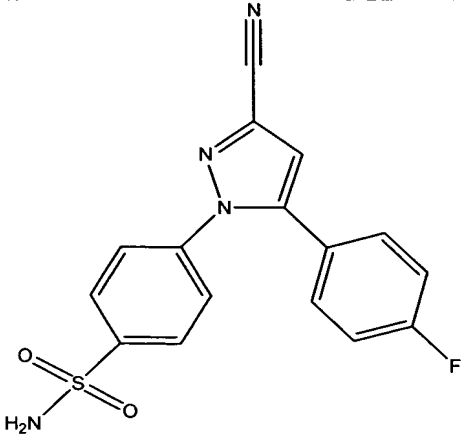
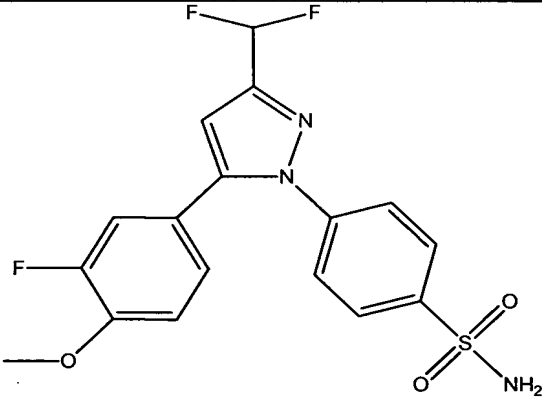
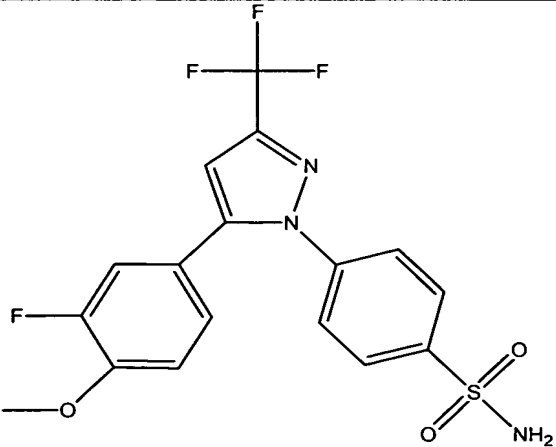
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-82	 <p>4-(3,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-83	 <p>4-(5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-84	 <p>4-(5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide;</p>

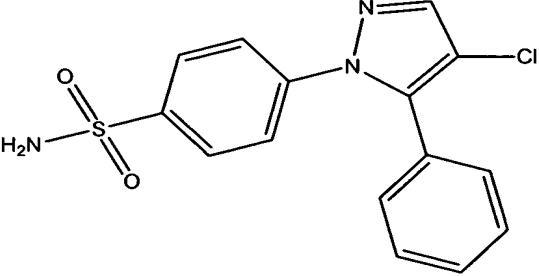
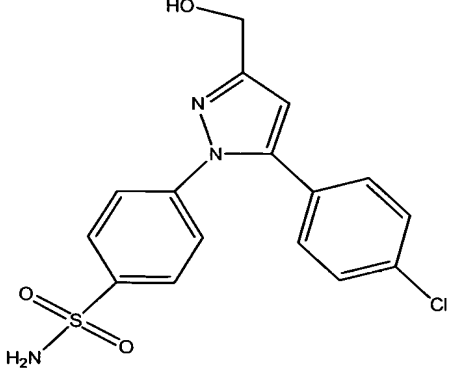
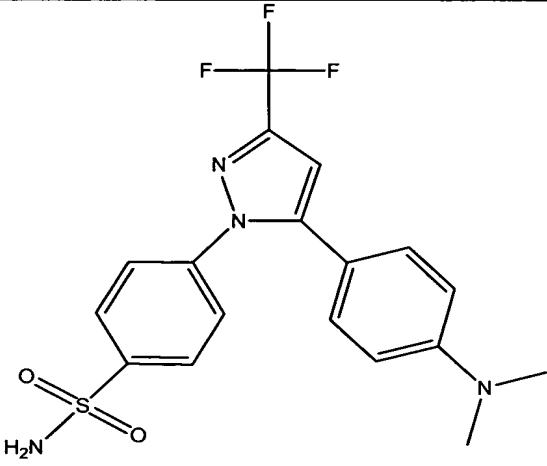
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-85	 <p>4-(5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-86	 <p>4-(4-chloro-3,5-diphenyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-87	 <p>4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>

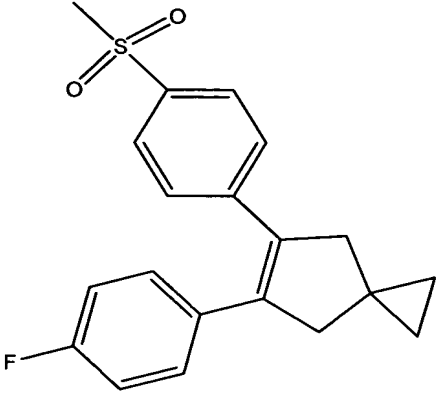
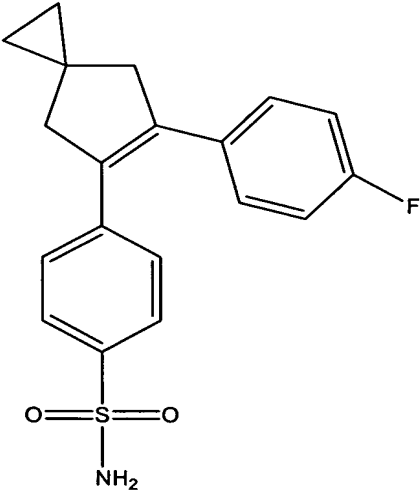
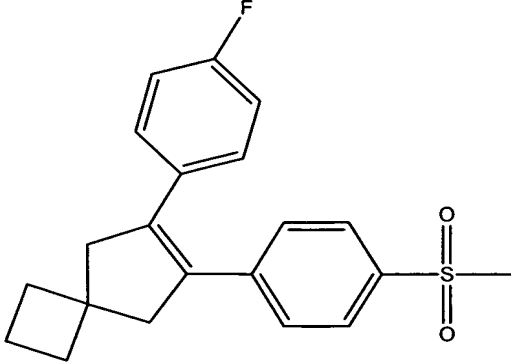
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-88	 <p>4-[5-phenyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-89	 <p>4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-90	 <p>4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>

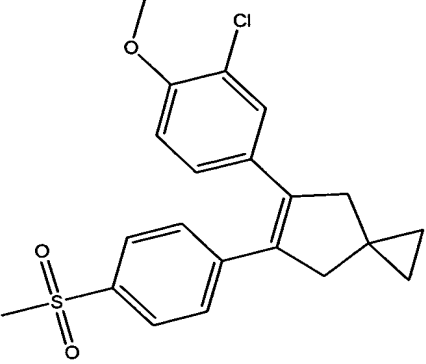
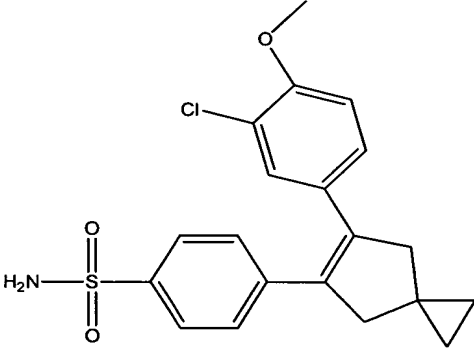
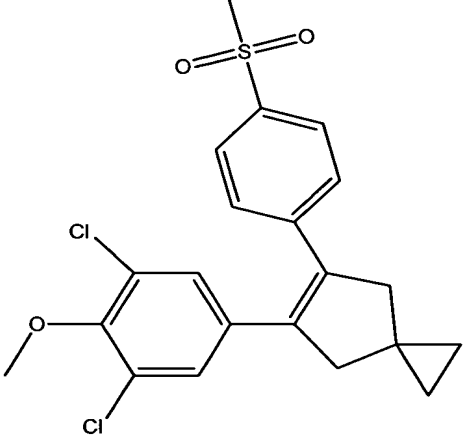
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-91	 <p>4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-92	 <p>4-[5-(4-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-93	 <p>4-[4-chloro-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>

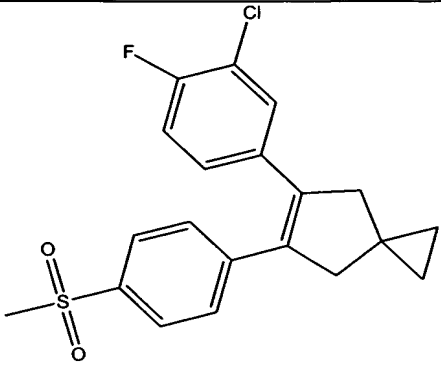
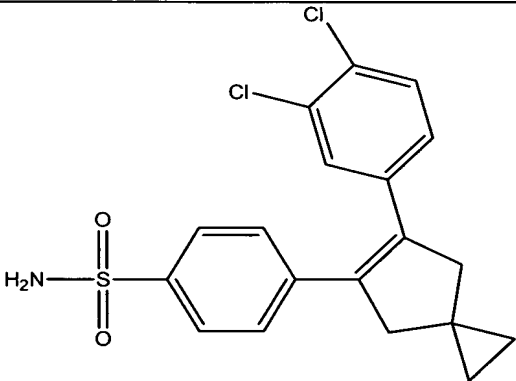
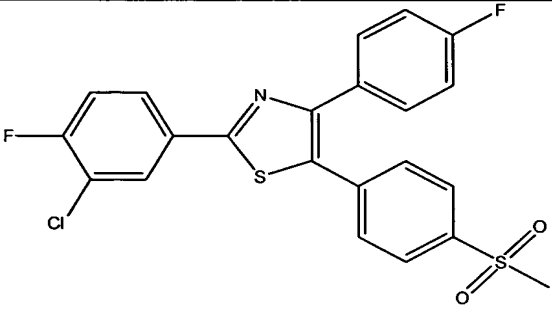
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-94	 <p>4-[3-(difluoromethyl)-5-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-95	 <p>4-[3-(difluoromethyl)-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-96	 <p>4-[3-(difluoromethyl)-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>

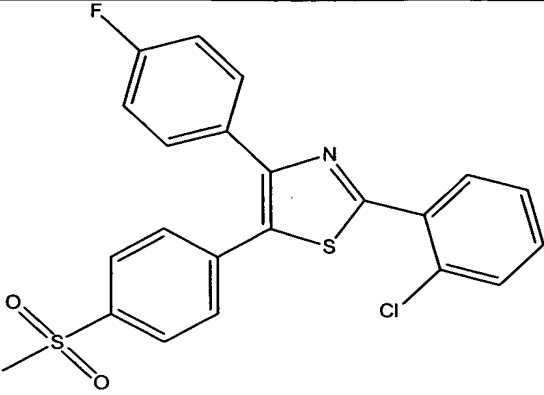
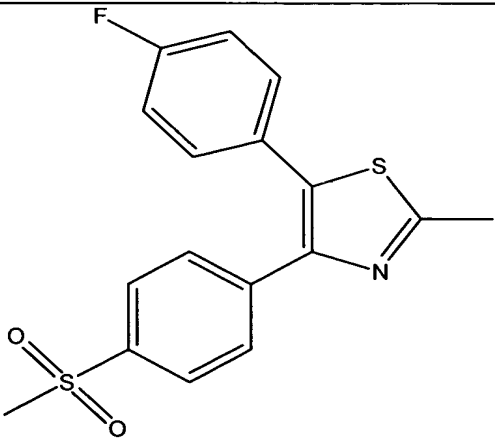
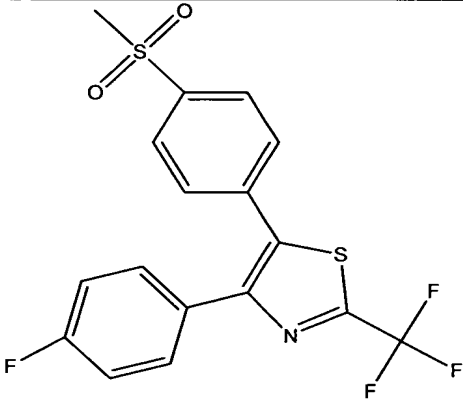
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-97	 <p>4-[3-cyano-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-98	 <p>4-[3-(difluoromethyl)-5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl] benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-99	 <p>4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl] benzenesulfonamide;</p>

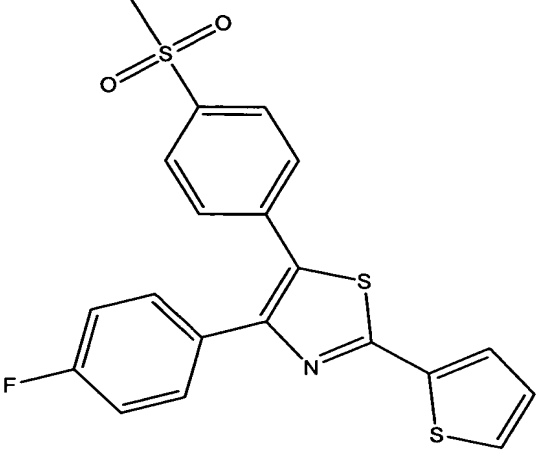
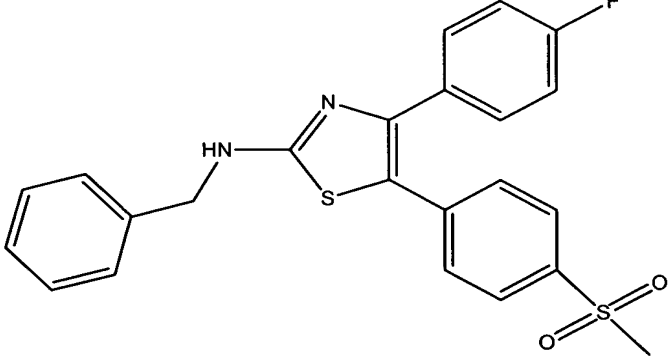
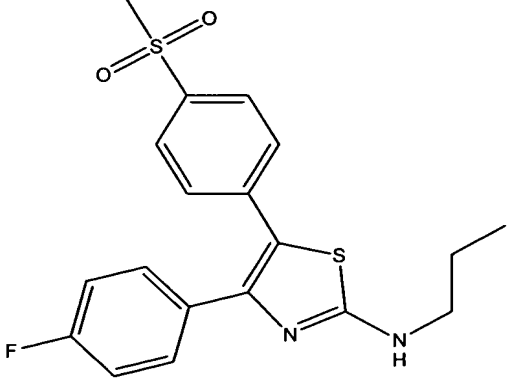
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-100	 <p>4-[4-chloro-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-101	 <p>4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-102	 <p>4-[5-(4-(N,N-dimethylamino)phenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>

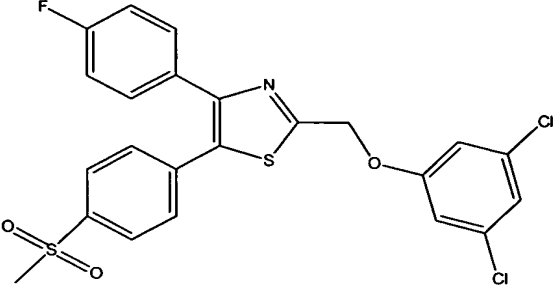
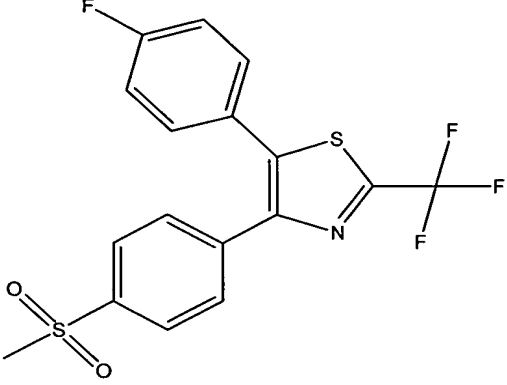
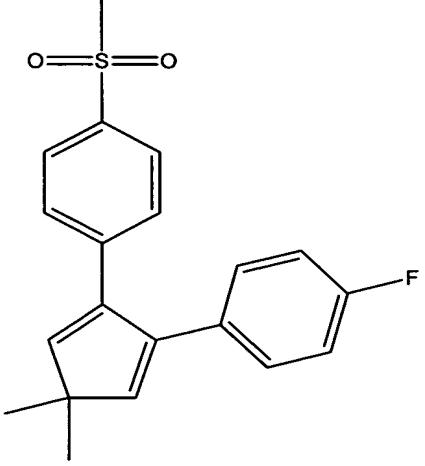
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-103	 <p>5-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]spiro[2.4]hept-5-ene;</p>
B-104	 <p>4-[6-(4-fluorophenyl)spiro[2.4]hept-5-en-5-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-105	 <p>6-(4-fluorophenyl)-7-[4-methylsulfonyl]phenyl]spiro[3.4]oct-6-ene;</p>

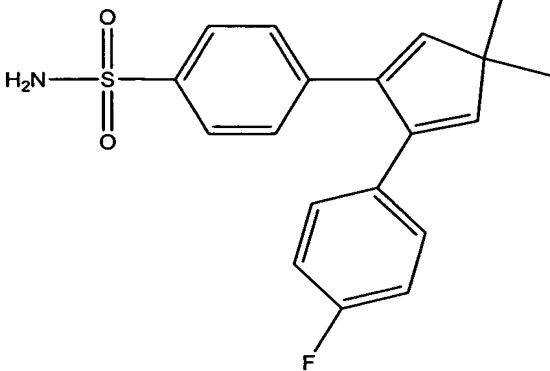
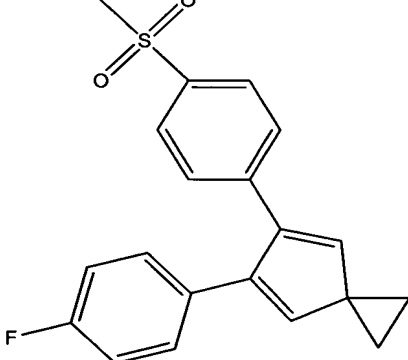
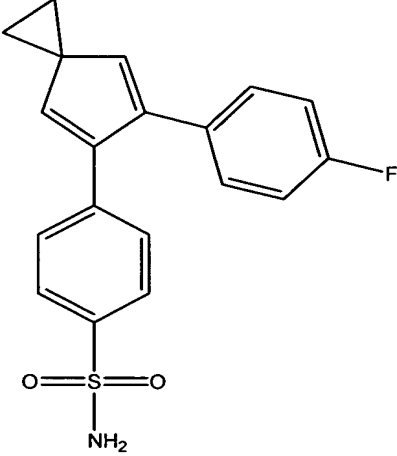
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-106	 <p>5-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-6-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]spiro[2.4]hept-5-ene;</p>
B-107	 <p>4-[6-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)spiro[2.4]hept-5-en-5-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-108	 <p>5-(3,5-dichloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-6-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]spiro[2.4]hept-5-ene;</p>

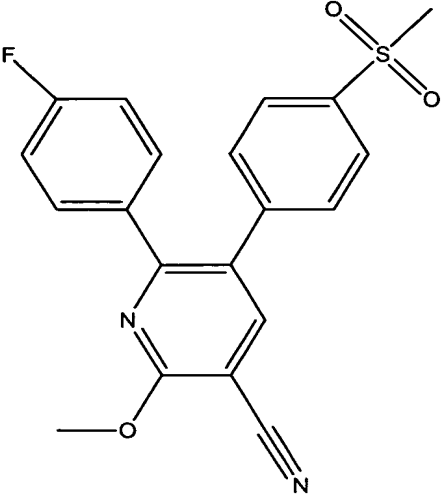
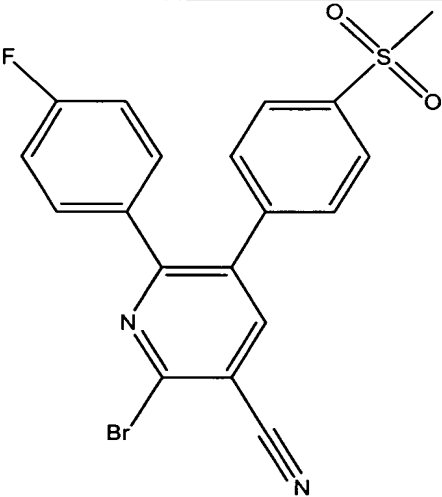
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-109	 <p>5-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-6-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]spiro[2.4]hept-5-ene;</p>
B-110	 <p>4-[6-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)spiro[2.4]hept-5-en-5-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-111	 <p>2-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)thiazole;</p>

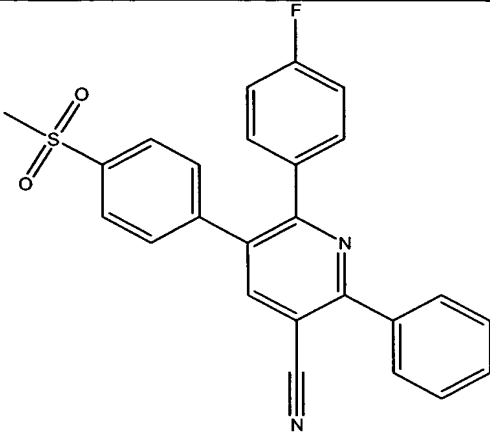
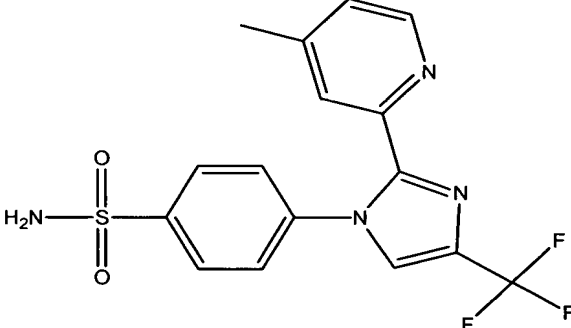
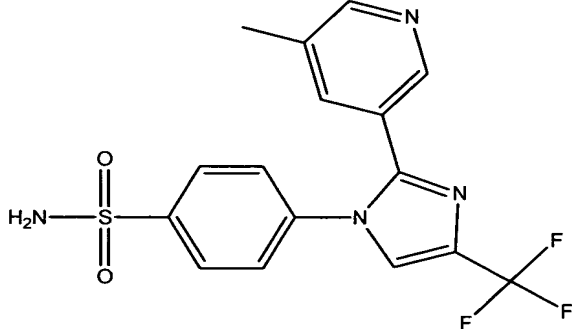
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-112	 <p>2-(2-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)thiazole;</p>
B-113	 <p>5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-2-methylthiazole;</p>
B-114	 <p>4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-2-trifluoromethylthiazole;</p>

<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-115	 <p>4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-2-(2-thienyl)thiazole;</p>
B-116	 <p>4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-2-benzylaminothiazole;</p>
B-117	 <p>4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-2-(1-propylamino)thiazole;</p>

<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-118	 <p>2-((3,5-dichlorophenoxy)methyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]thiazole;</p>
B-119	 <p>5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-2-trifluoromethylthiazole;</p>
B-120	 <p>1-methylsulfonyl-4-[1,1-dimethyl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)cyclopenta-2,4-dien-3-yl]benzene;</p>

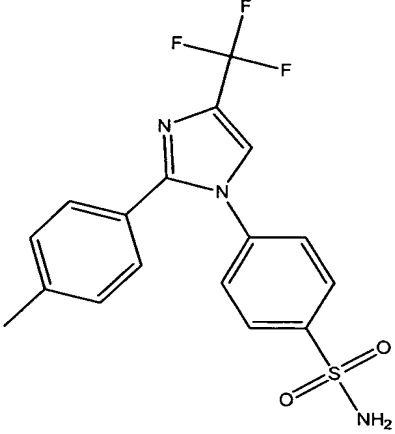
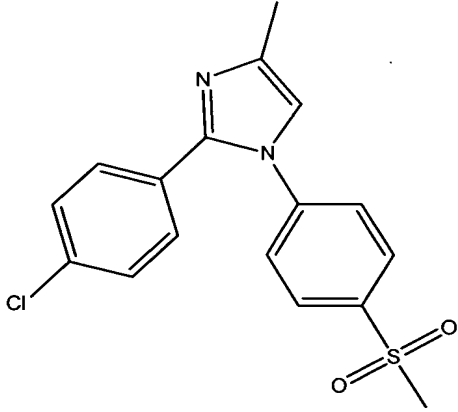
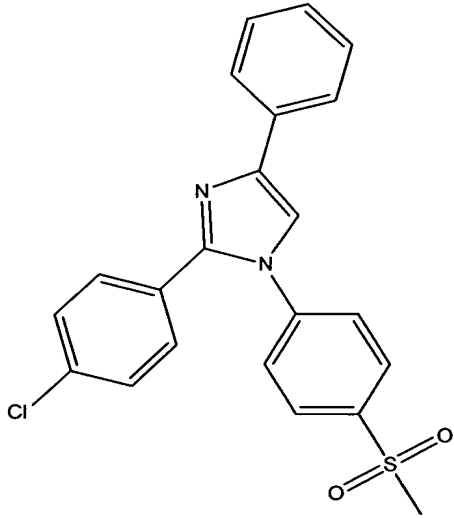
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-121	 <p>4-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylcyclopenta-2,4-dien-3-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-122	 <p>5-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]spiro[2.4]hepta-4,6-diene;</p>
B-123	 <p>4-[6-(4-fluorophenyl)spiro[2.4]hepta-4,6-dien-5-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>

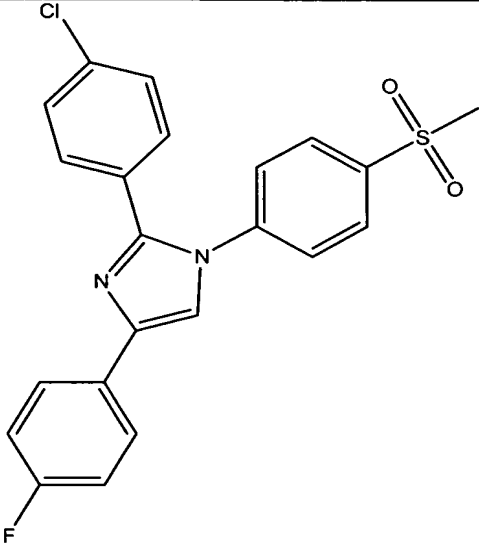
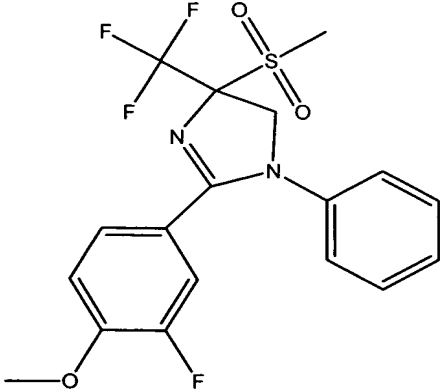
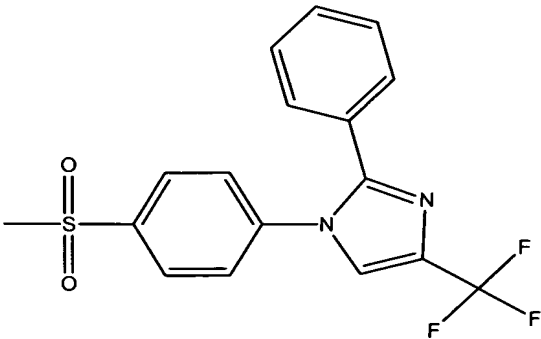
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-124	 <p>6-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methoxy-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-pyridine-3-carbonitrile;</p>
B-125	 <p>2-bromo-6-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-pyridine-3-carbonitrile;</p>

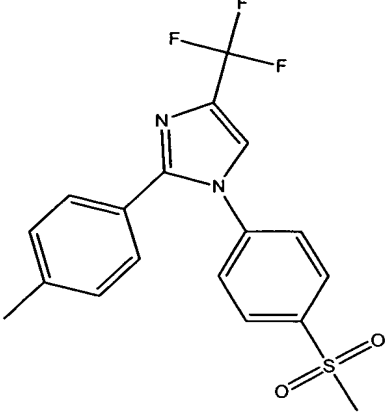
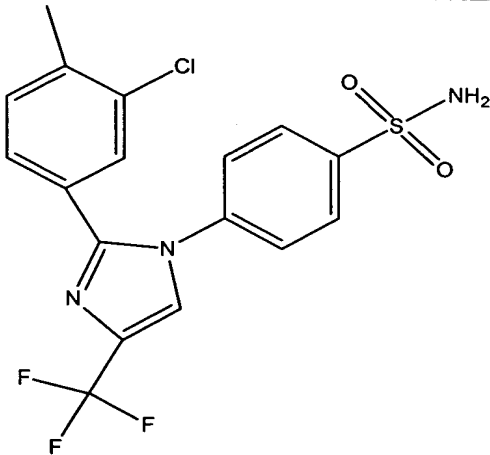
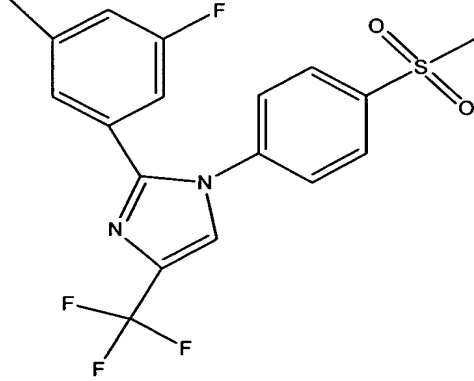
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-126	 <p>6-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-phenyl-pyridine-3-carbonitrile;</p>
B-127	 <p>4-[2-(4-methylpyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl] benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-128	 <p>4-[2-(5-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl] benzenesulfonamide;</p>

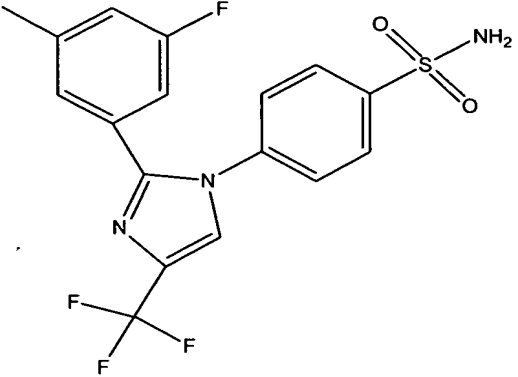
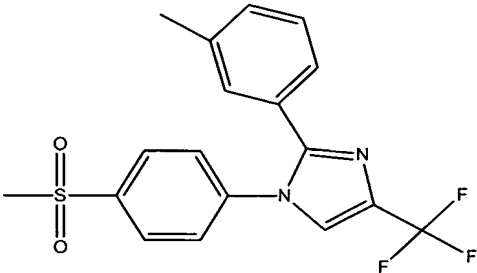
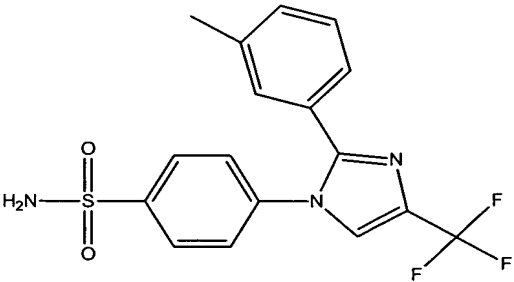
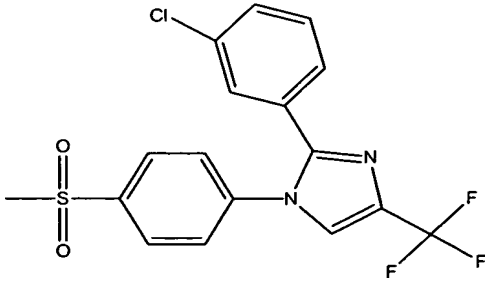
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-129	 <chem>CS(=O)(=O)c1ccc(cc1)N2C=CC(=CN2C3=CC=CC=C3C)C(F)(F)F</chem> <p>4-[2-(2-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl] benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-130	 <chem>CS(=O)(=O)c1ccc(cc1)N2C=CC(=CN2C3=CC=CC=C3C)C(F)(F)F</chem> <p>3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;</p>
B-131	 <chem>CS(=O)(=O)c1ccc(cc1)N2C=CC(=CN2C3=CC=CC=C3C)C(F)(F)F</chem> <p>2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;</p>
B-132	 <chem>CS(=O)(=O)c1ccc(cc1)N2C=CC(=CN2C3=CC=CC=C3C)C(F)(F)F</chem> <p>2-methyl-4-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;</p>

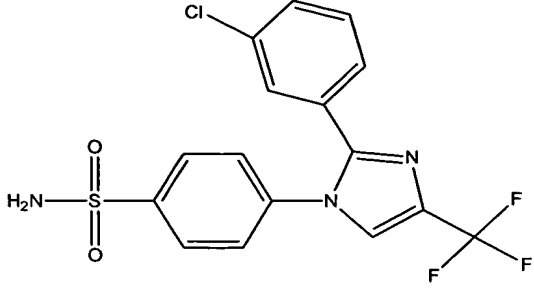
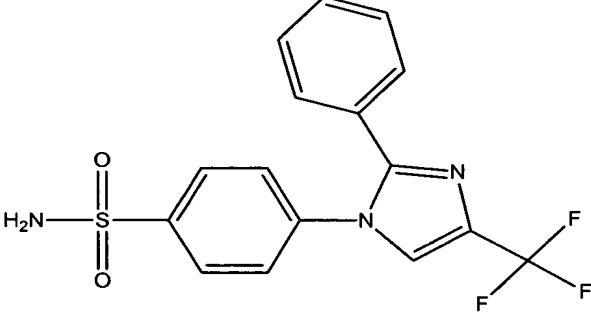
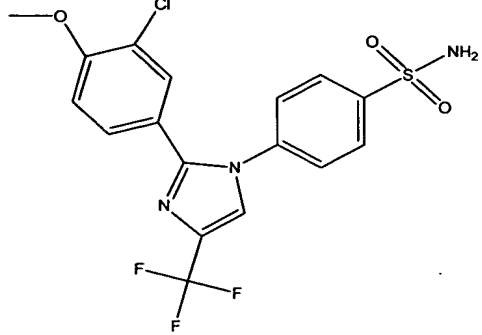
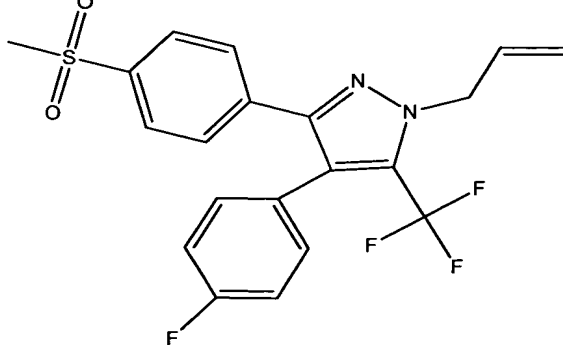
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-133	 <chem>CC1=CN(C1C2=CC=CC=C2C3=CC=CC=C3S(=O)(=O)C)C4=CC=CC=C4C5=CC=CC=C5N</chem> <p>2-methyl-6-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)]-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;</p>
B-134	 <chem>CC1=CC=C(C=C1N)C2=CN(C2C3=CC=CC=C3S(=O)(=O)N)C4=CC=CC=C4N</chem> <p>4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-135	 <chem>CC1=CC=C(C=C1S(=O)(=O)C)N2C=CC(C2C3=CC=C(C=C3)F)C4=CC=CC=C4F</chem> <p>2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;</p>

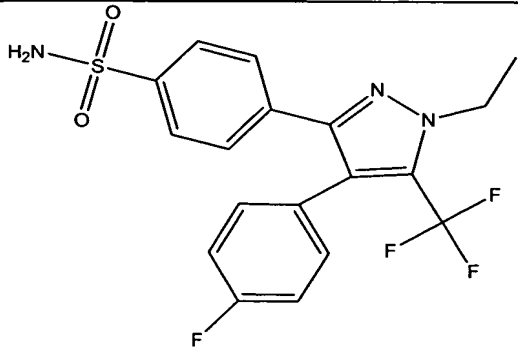
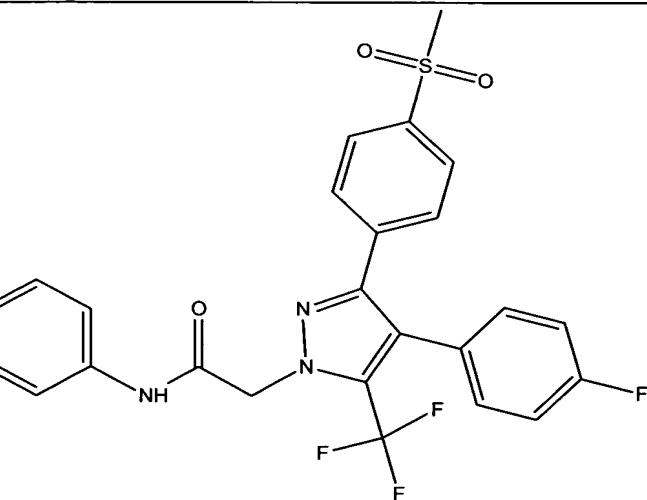
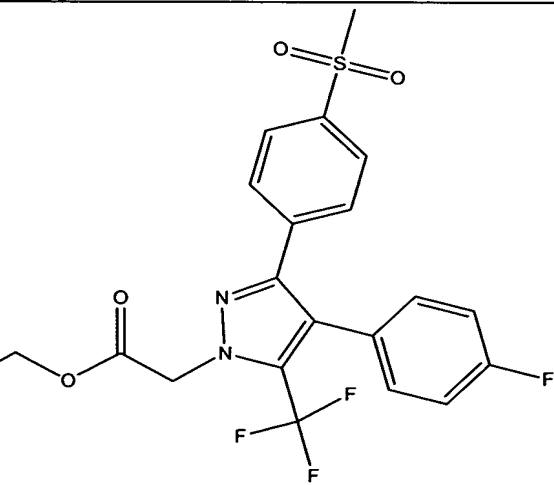
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-136	 <p>4-[2-(4-methylphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-137	 <p>2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-methyl-1H-imidazole;</p>
B-138	 <p>2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-phenyl-1H-imidazole;</p>

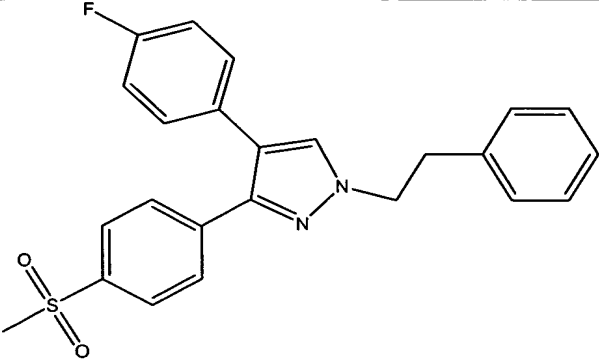
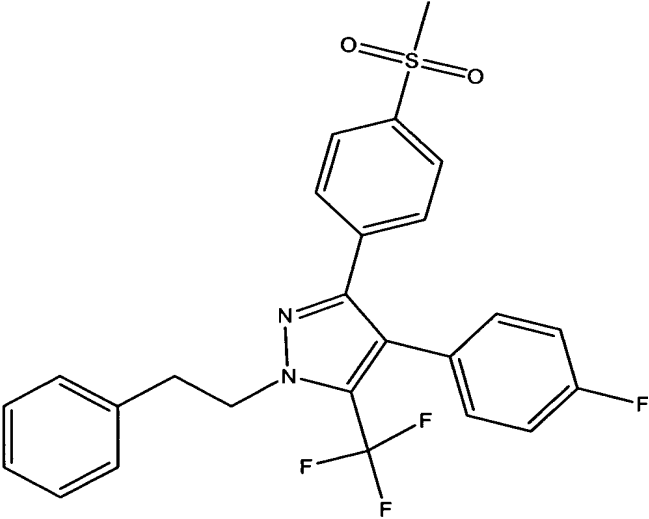
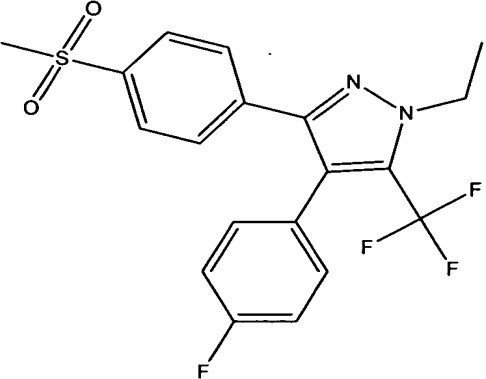
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-139	 <p>2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;</p>
B-140	 <p>2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;</p>
B-141	 <p>1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;</p>

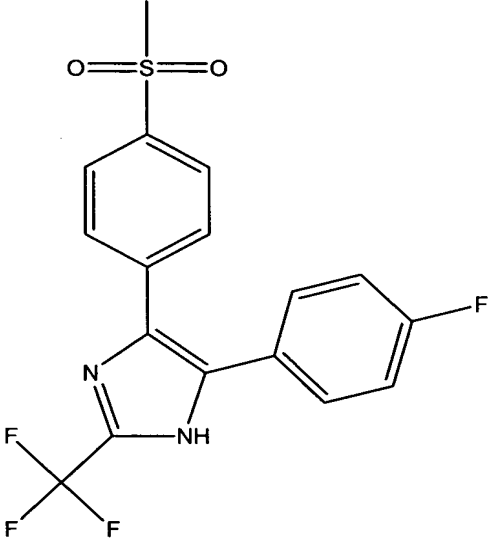
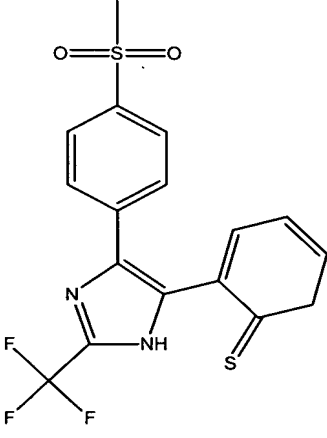
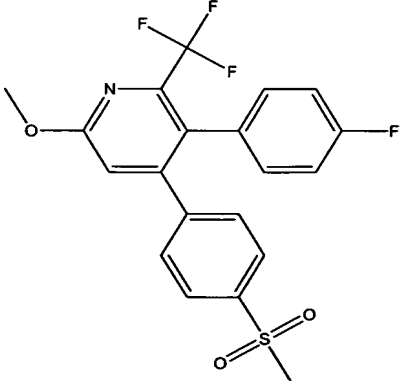
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-142	 <p>2-(4-methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;</p>
B-143	 <p>4-[2-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-144	 <p>2-(3-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;</p>

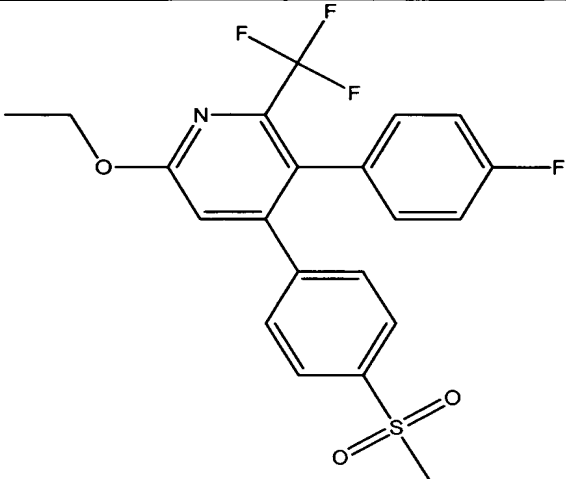
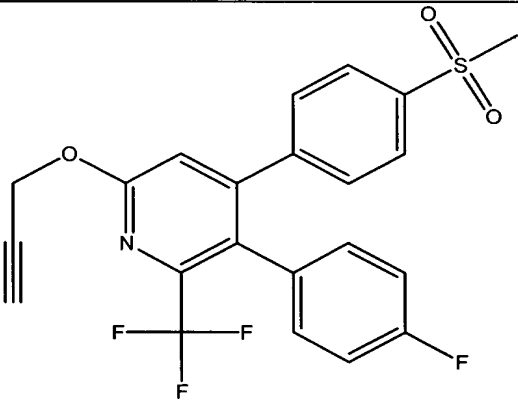
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-145	 <p>4-[2-(3-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-146	 <p>2-(3-methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;</p>
B-147	 <p>4-[2-(3-methylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-148	 <p>1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole</p>

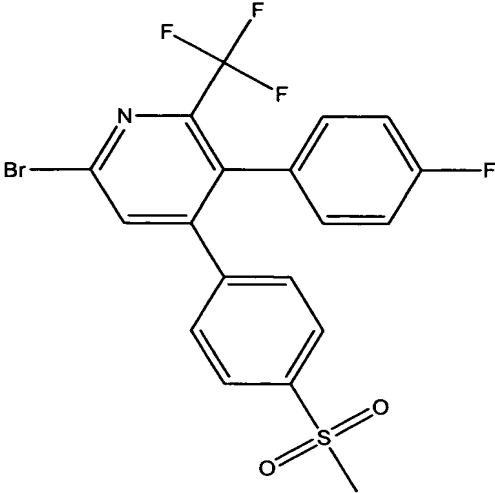
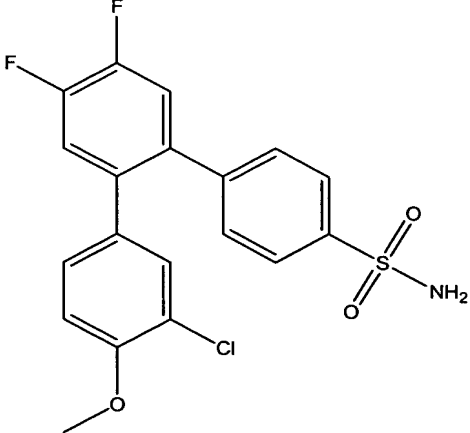
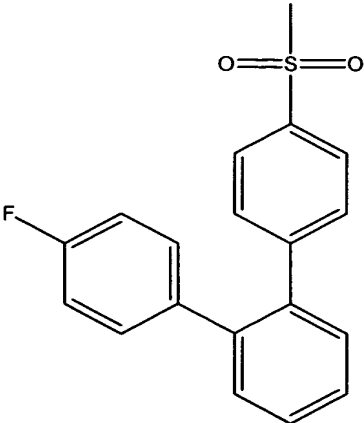
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-149	 <p>4-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-150	 <p>4-[2-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-151	 <p>4-[2-(4-methoxy-3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-152	 <p>1-allyl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole;</p>

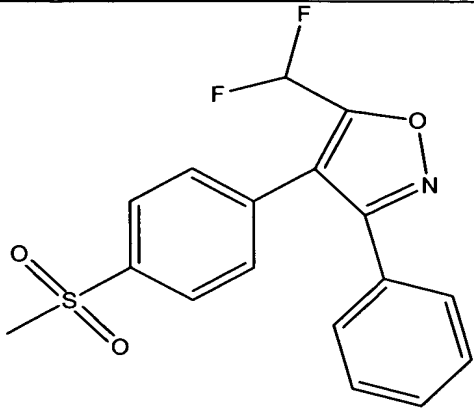
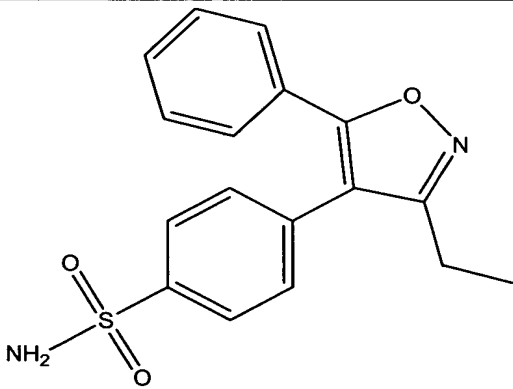
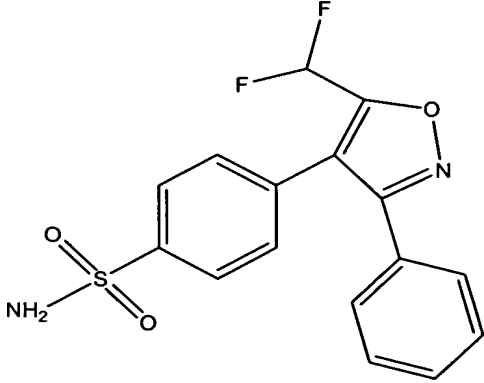
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-153	 <p>4-[1-ethyl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl] benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-154	 <p>N-phenyl-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]acetamide;</p>
B-155	 <p>ethyl[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]acetate;</p>

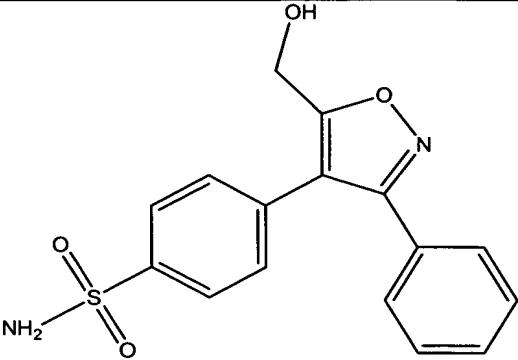
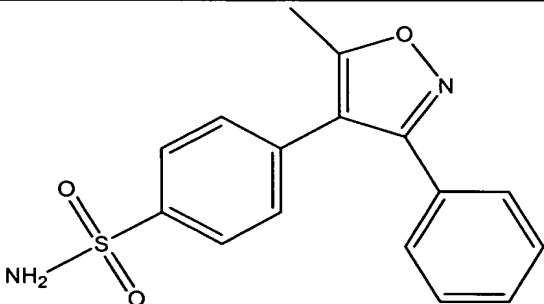
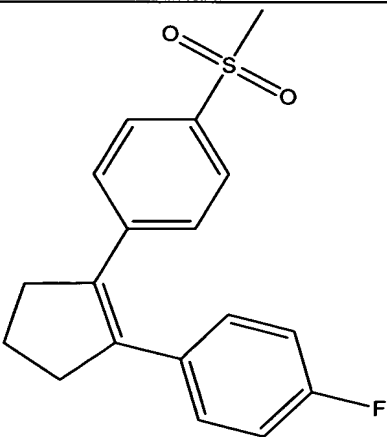
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-156	 <p>4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(2-phenylethyl)-1H-pyrazole;</p>
B-157	 <p>4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(2-phenylethyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyrazole;</p>
B-158	 <p>1-ethyl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole;</p>

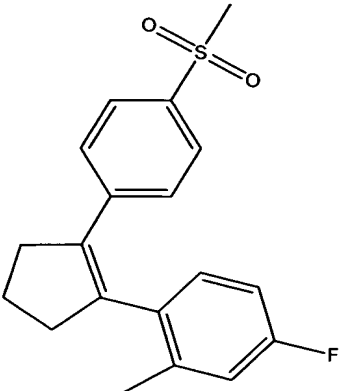
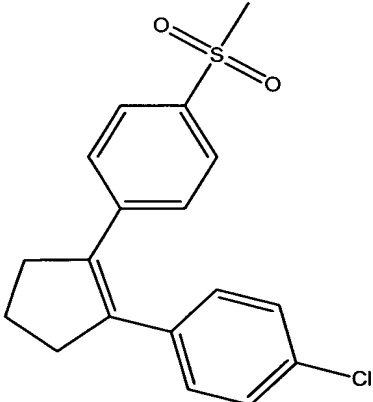
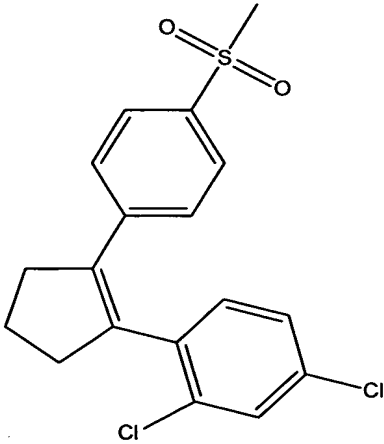
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-159	 <p>5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;</p>
B-160	 <p>4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-(2-thiophenyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;</p>
B-161	 <p>5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methoxy-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine;</p>

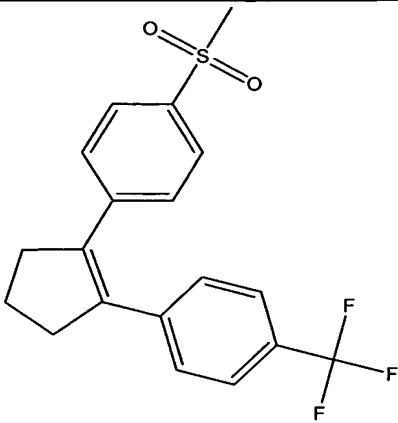
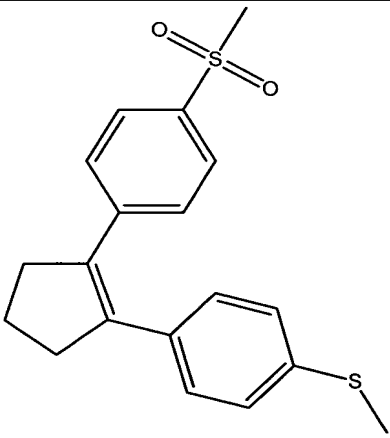
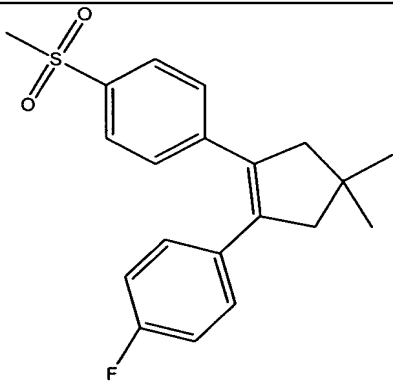
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-162	 <p>2-ethoxy-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine;</p>
B-163	 <p>5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(2-propynyloxy)-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine;</p>

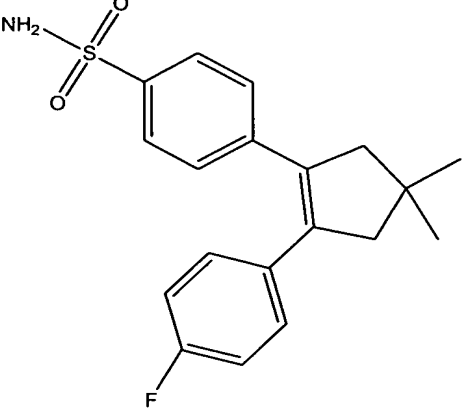
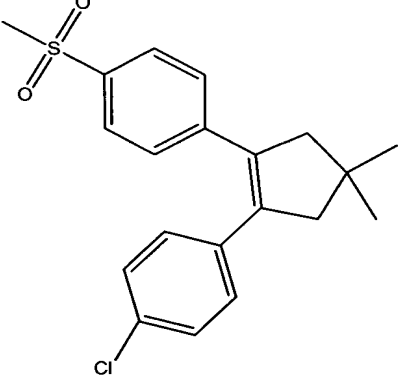
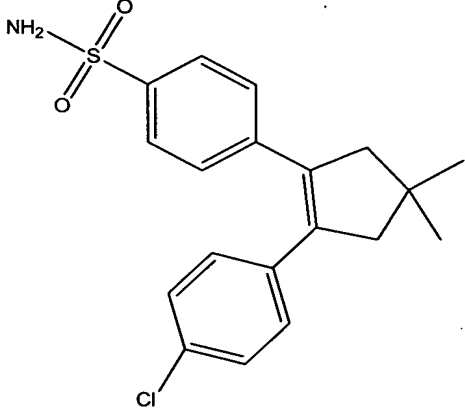
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-164	 <p>2-bromo-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine;</p>
B-165	 <p>4-[2-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4,5-difluorophenyl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-166	 <p>1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[4-methylsulfonyl]phenyl]benzene;</p>

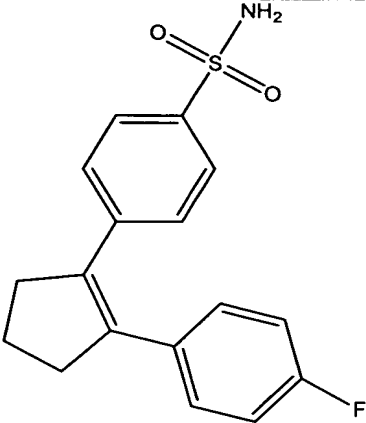
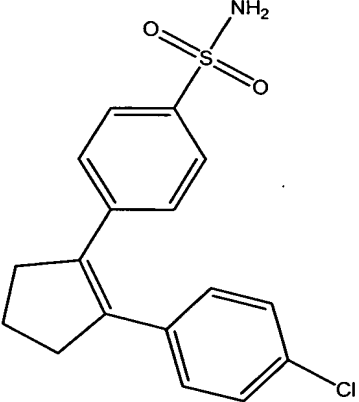
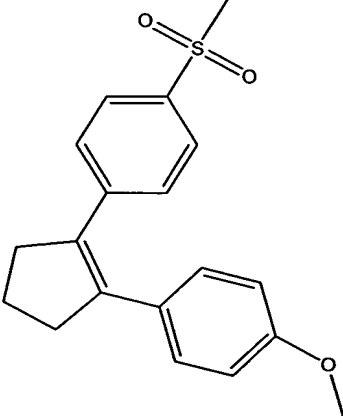
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-167	 <p>5-difluoromethyl-4-(4-methylsulfonylphenyl)-3-phenylisoxazole;</p>
B-168	 <p>4-[3-ethyl-5-phenylisoxazol-4-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-169	 <p>4-[5-difluoromethyl-3-phenylisoxazol-4-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>

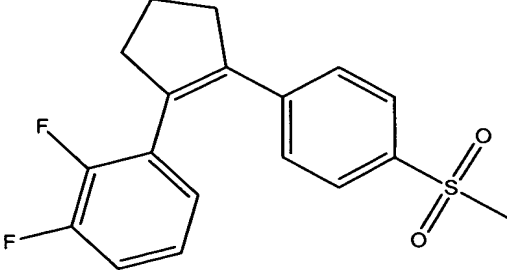
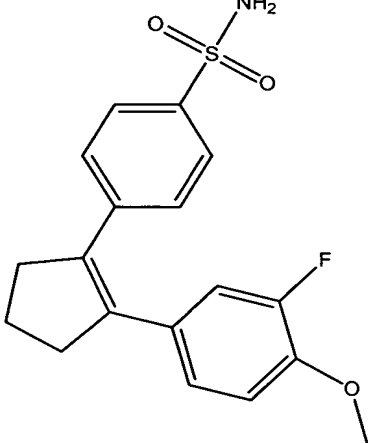
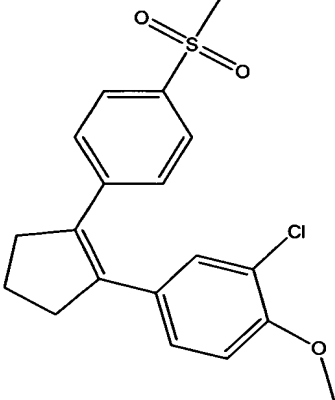
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-170	 <p>4-[5-hydroxymethyl-3-phenylisoxazol-4-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-171	 <p>4-[5-methyl-3-phenyl-isoxazol-4-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-172	 <p>1-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene;</p>

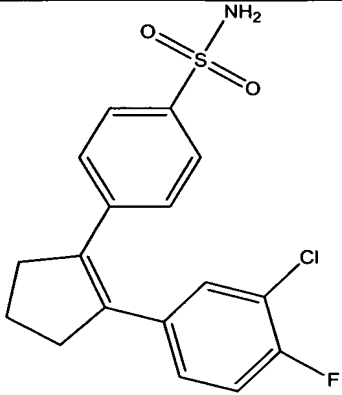
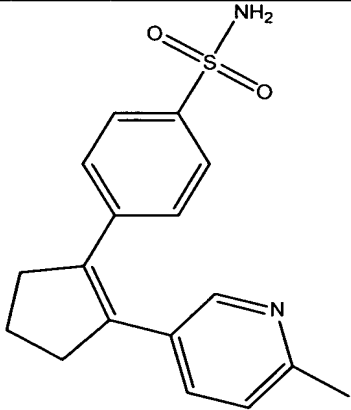
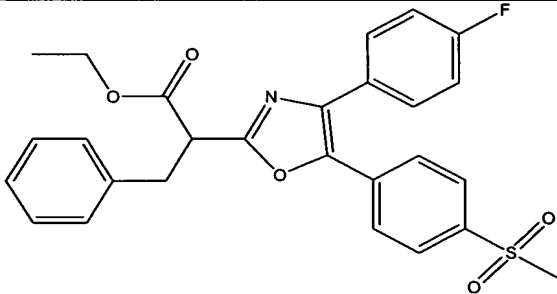
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-173	 <p>1-[2-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene;</p>
B-174	 <p>1-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene;</p>
B-175	 <p>1-[2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene;</p>

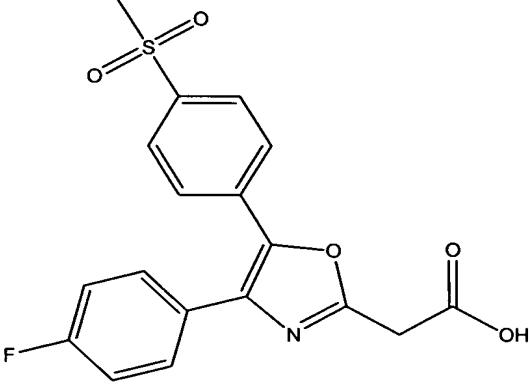
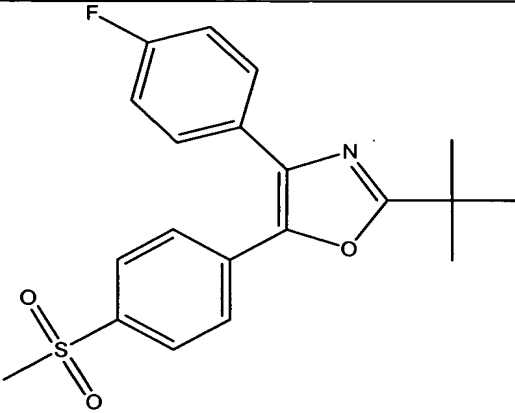
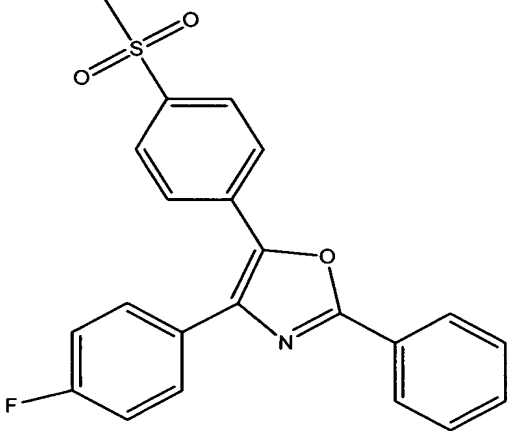
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-176	 <p>1-[2-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene;</p>
B-177	 <p>1-[2-(4-methylthiophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene;</p>
B-178	 <p>1-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4,4-dimethylcyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene;</p>

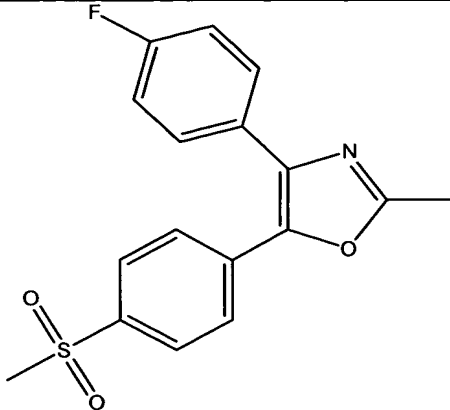
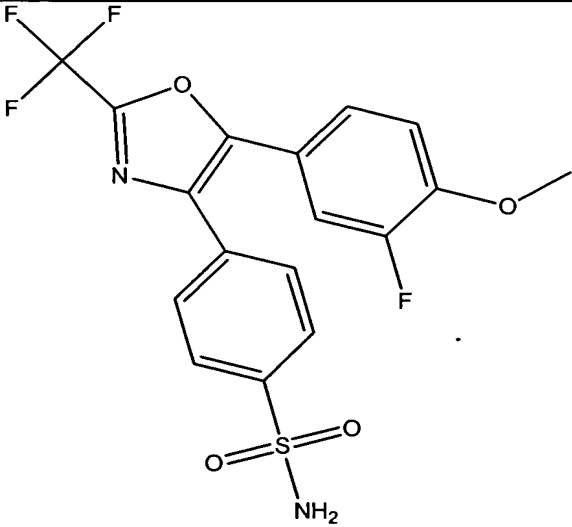
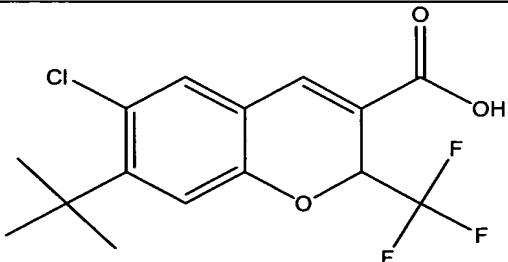
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-179	 <p>4-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4,4-dimethylcyclopenten-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-180	 <p>1-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)-4,4-dimethylcyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene;</p>
B-181	 <p>4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4,4-dimethylcyclopenten-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>

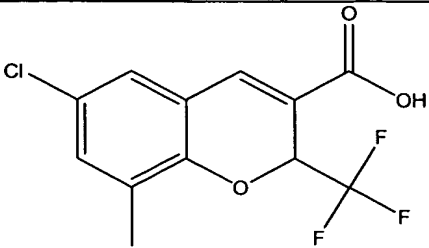
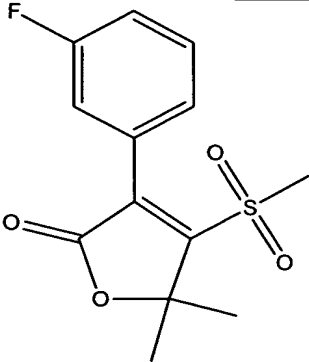
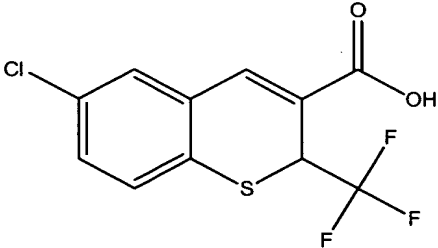
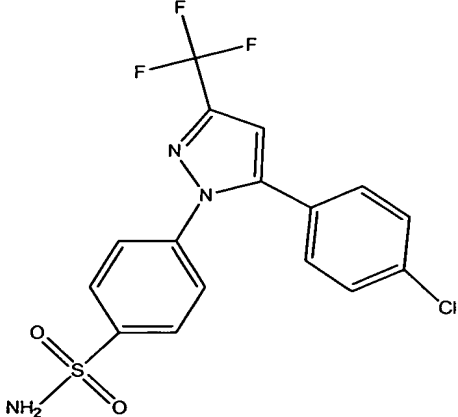
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-182	 <p>4-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-183	 <p>4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-184	 <p>1-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene;</p>

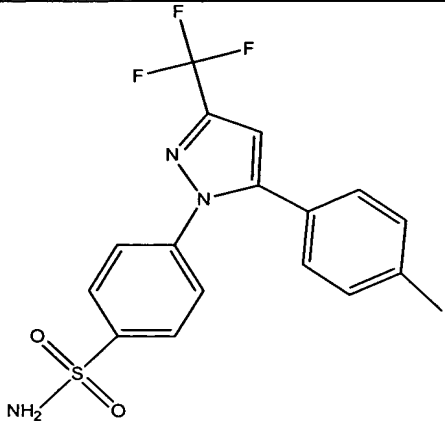
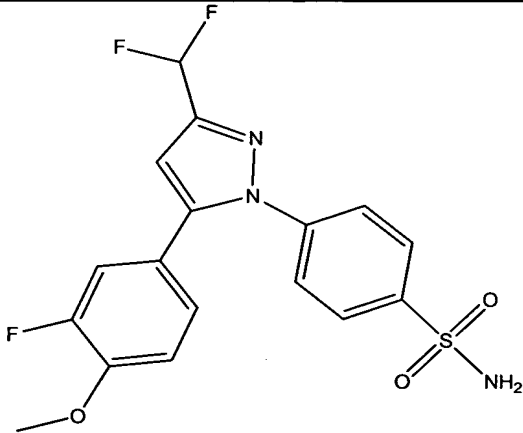
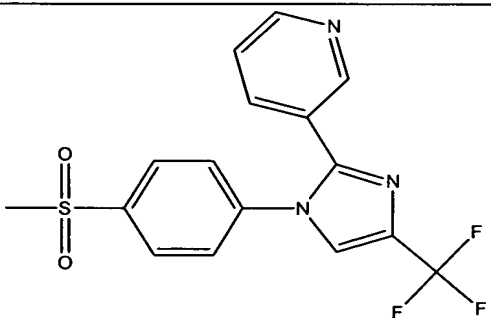
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-185	 <p>1-[2-(2,3-difluorophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene;</p>
B-186	 <p>4-[2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-187	 <p>1-[2-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene;</p>

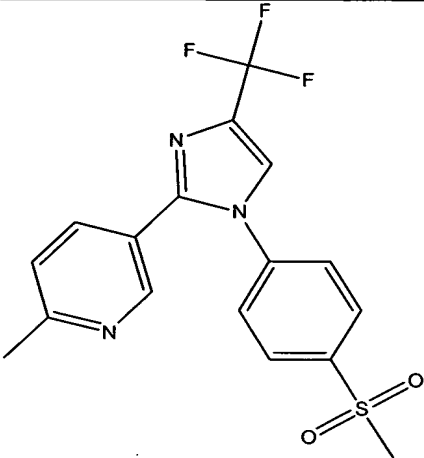
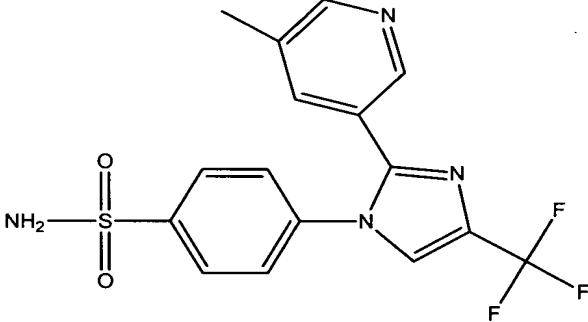
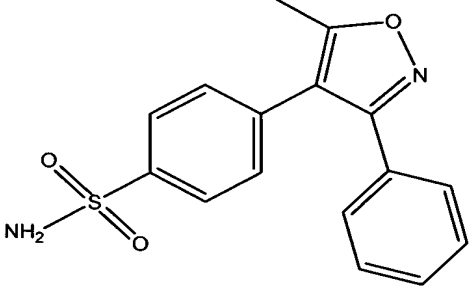
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-188	 <p>4-[2-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)cyclopenten-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-189	 <p>4-[2-(2-methylpyridin-5-yl)cyclopenten-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-190	 <p>ethyl 2-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]oxazol-2-yl]-2-benzyl-acetate;</p>

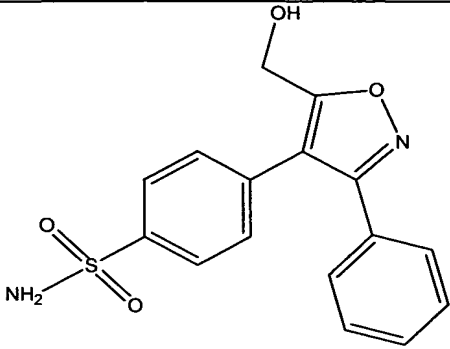
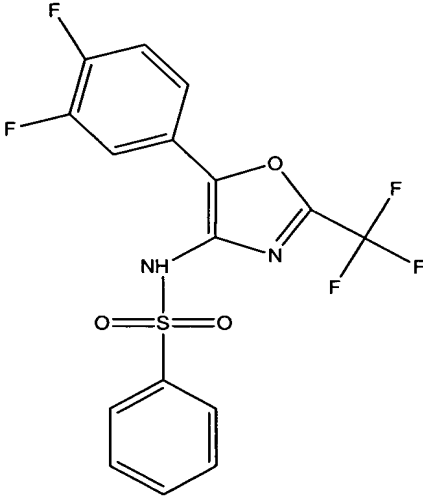
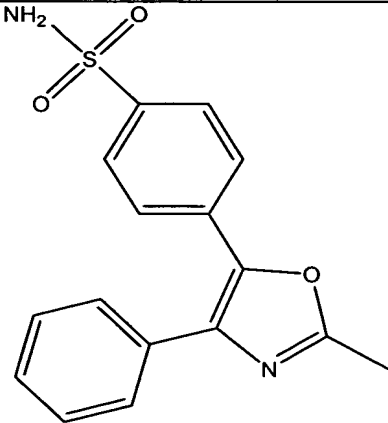
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-191	 <p>2-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]oxazol-2-yl]acetic acid;</p>
B-192	 <p>2-(tert-butyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]oxazole;</p>
B-193	 <p>4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-phenyloxazole;</p>

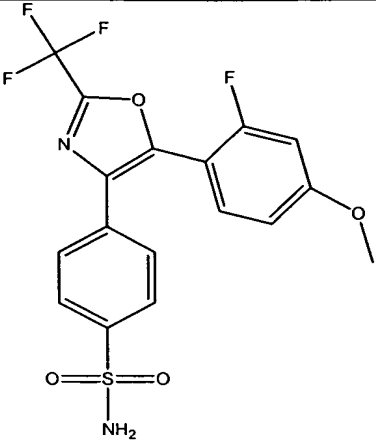
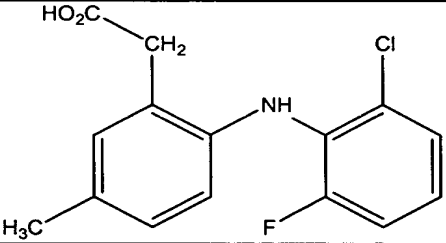
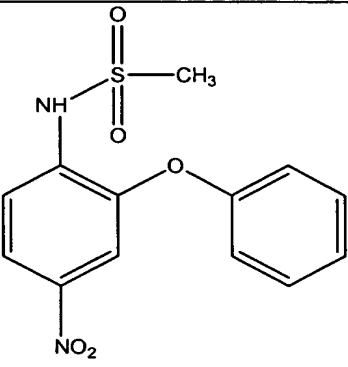
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-194	 <p>4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methyl-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]oxazole;</p>
B-195	 <p>4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-4-oxazolyl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-196	 <p>6-chloro-7-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>

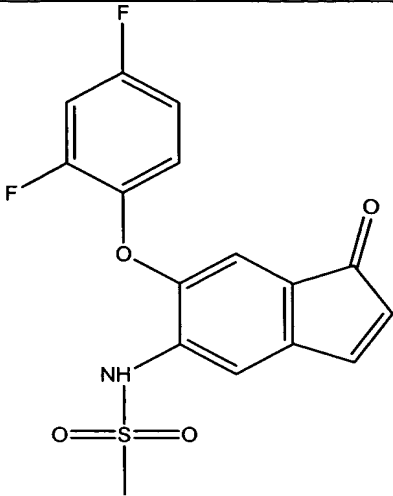
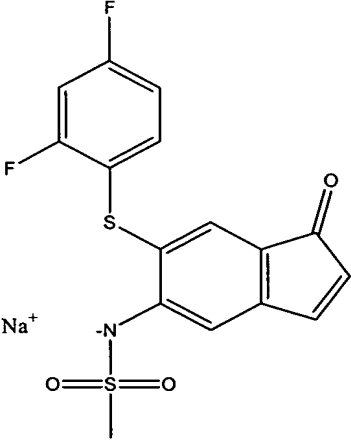
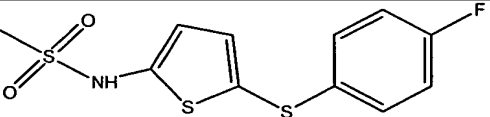
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-197	 <p>6-chloro-8-methyl-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-198	 <p>5,5-dimethyl-3-(3-fluorophenyl)-4-methylsulfonyl-2(5H)-furanone;</p>
B-199	 <p>6-chloro-2-trifluoromethyl-2H-1-benzothiopyran-3-carboxylic acid;</p>
B-200	 <p>4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>

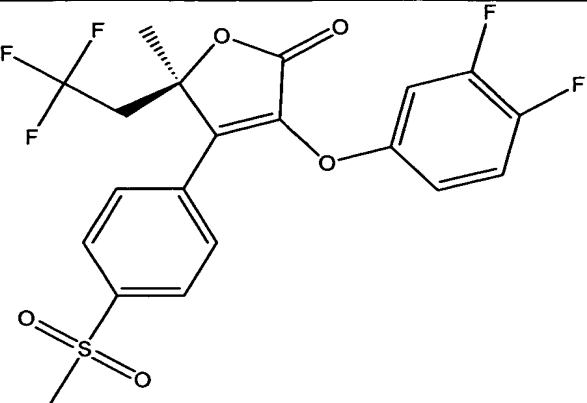
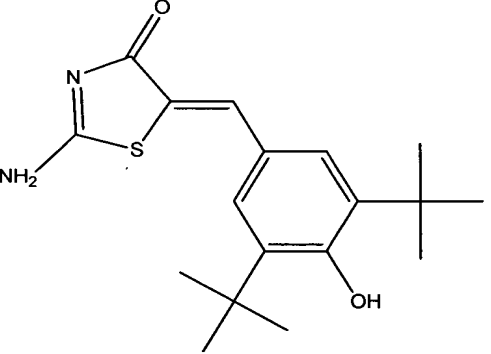
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-201	 <p>4-[5-(4-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-202	 <p>4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-203	 <p>3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;</p>

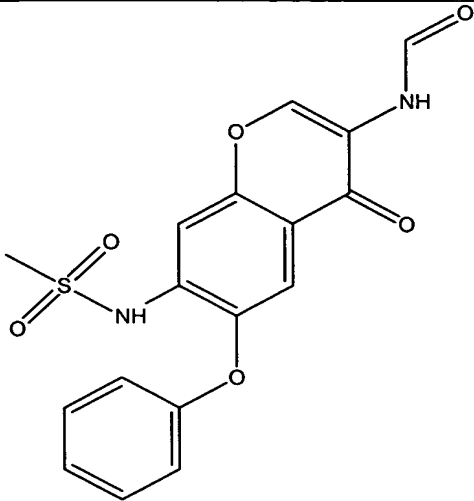
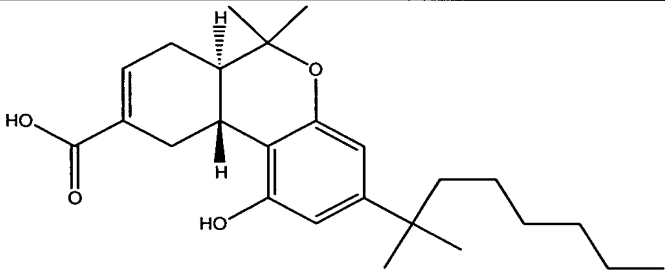
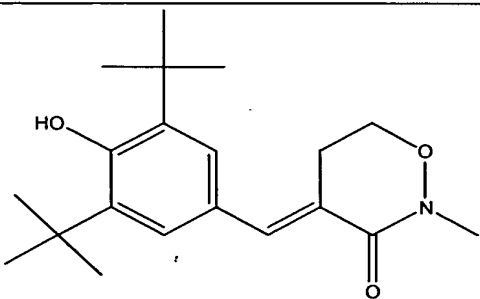
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-204	 <p>2-methyl-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;</p>
B-205	 <p>4-[2-(5-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-206	 <p>4-[5-methyl-3-phenylisoxazol-4-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>

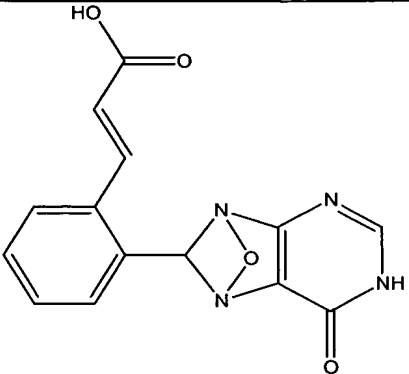
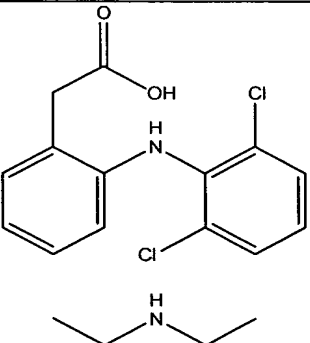
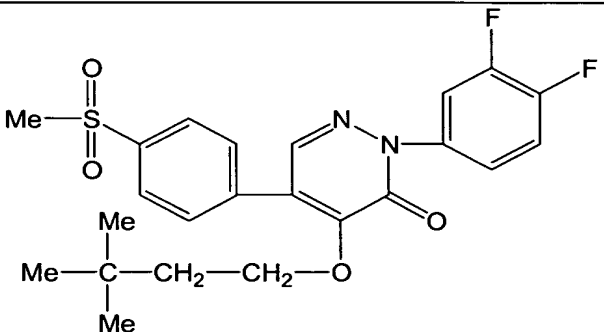
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-207	 <p>4-[5-hydroxymethyl-3-phenylisoxazol-4-yl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-208	 <p>[2-trifluoromethyl-5-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-oxazolyl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-209	 <p>4-[2-methyl-4-phenyl-5-oxazolyl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>

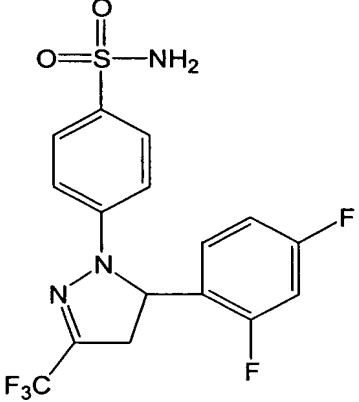
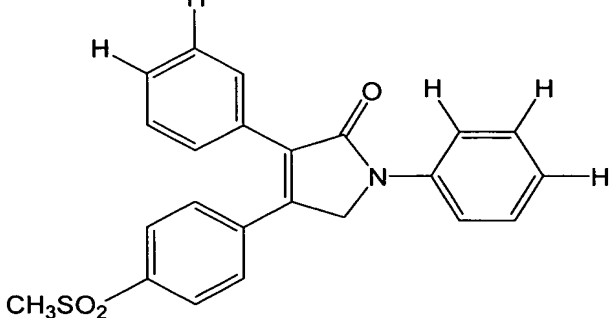
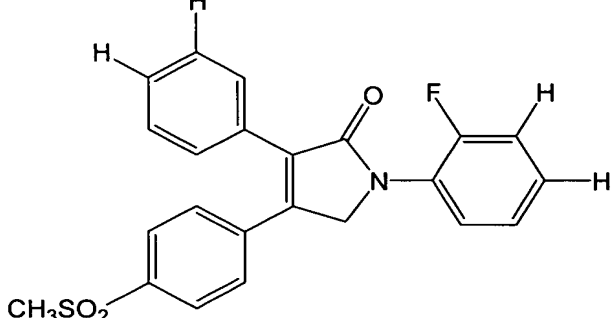
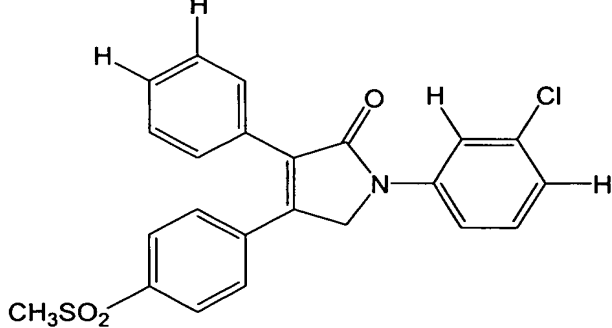
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-210	 <p>4-[5-(2-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-4-oxazolyl]benzenesulfonamide;</p>
B-211	
B-212	 <p><i>N</i>-(4-nitro-2-phenoxy-phenyl)-methanesulfonamide or Nimesulide</p>

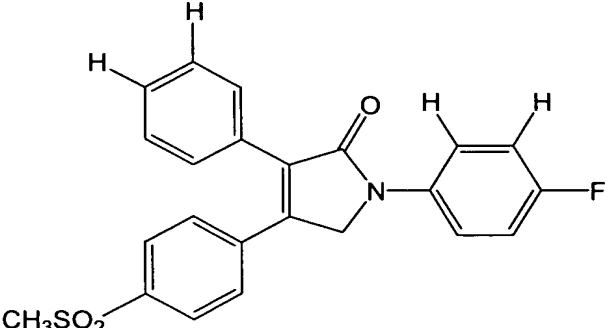
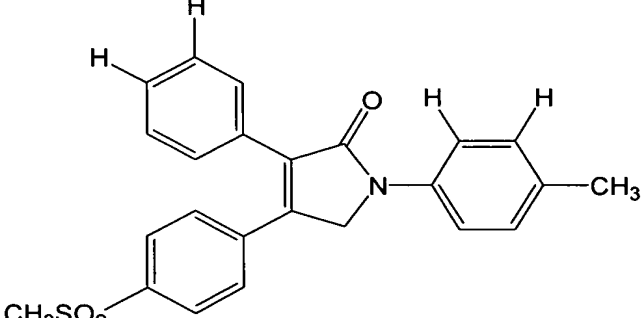
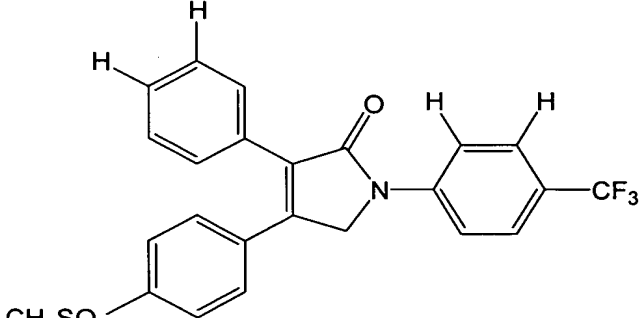
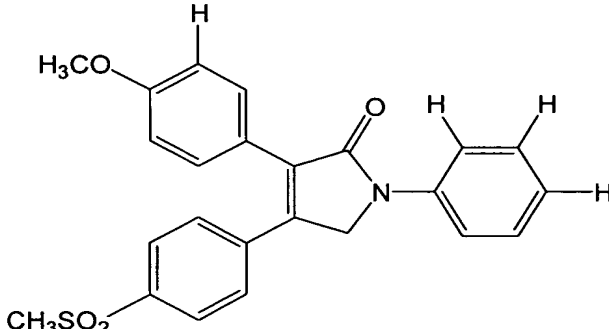
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-213	 <p>N-[6-(2,4-difluoro-phenoxy)-1-oxo-inden-5-yl]-methanesulfonamide or Flosulide</p>
B-214	 <p>N-[6-(2,4-difluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-1-oxo-1H-inden-5-yl]-methanesulfonamide, sodium salt, or L-745337</p>
B-215	 <p>N-[5-(4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-thiophen-2-yl]-methanesulfonamide or RWJ-63556</p>

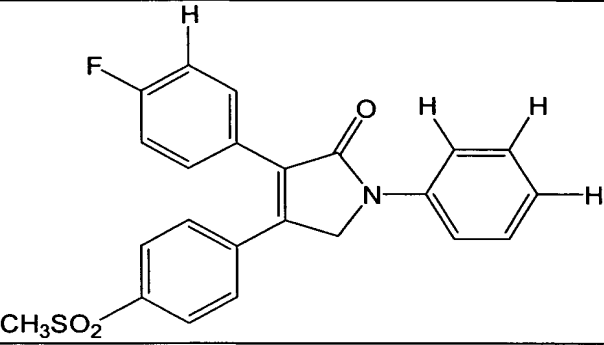
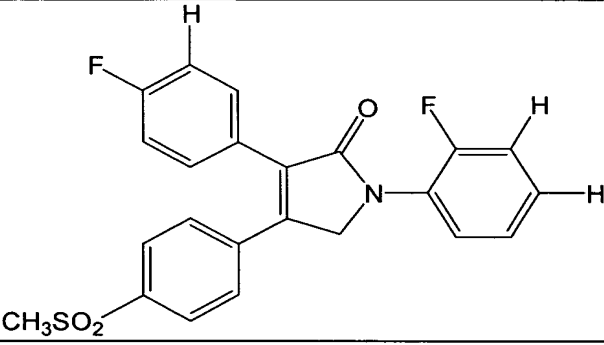
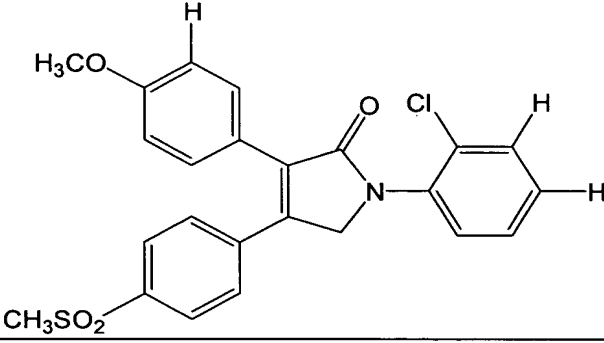
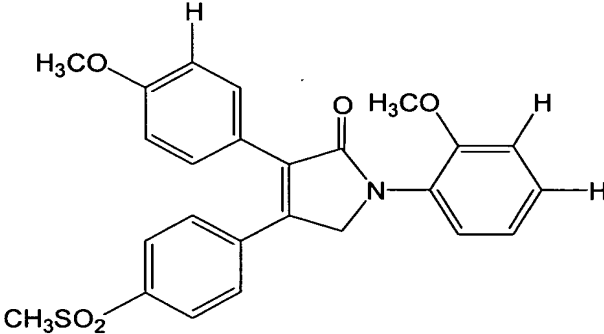
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-216	 <p>3-(3,4-difluoro-phenoxy)-4-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-5-methyl-5-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl)-5H-furan-2-one or L-784512</p>
B-217	 <p>(5Z)-2-amino-5-[[3,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]methylene]-4(5H)-thiazolone or Darbufelone</p>
B-218	CS-502
B-219	LAS-34475
B-220	LAS-34555
B-221	S-33516
B-222	SD-8381
B-223	L-783003

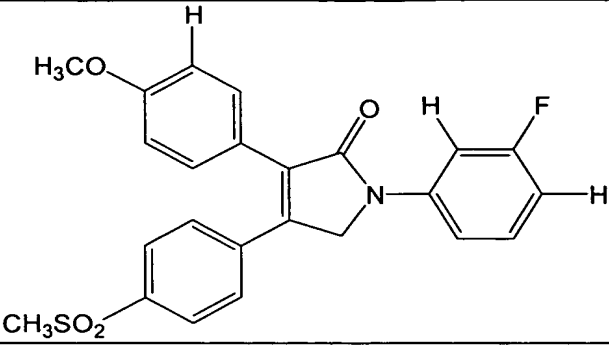
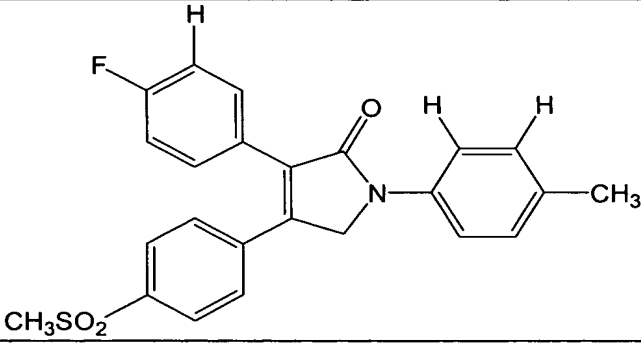
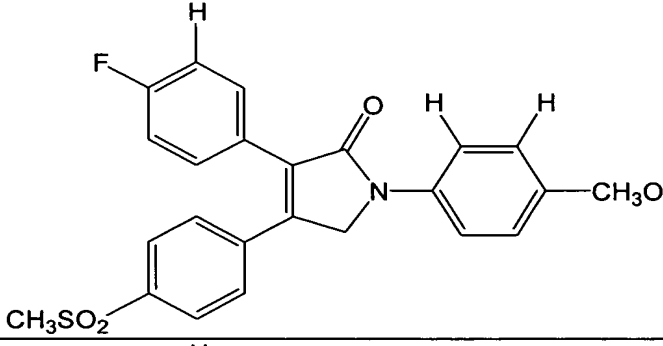
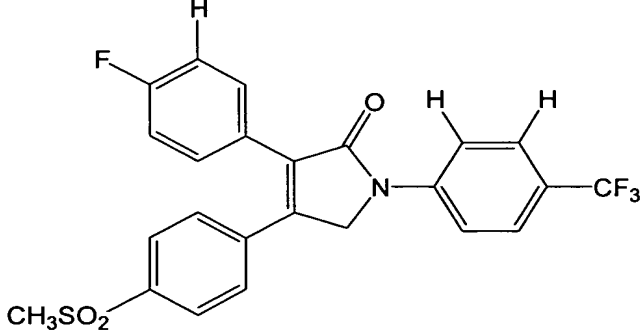
<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-224	 <p>N-[3-(formylamino)-4-oxo-6-phenoxy-4H-1-benzopyran-7-yl]-methanesulfonamide or T614</p>
B-225	D-1367
B-226	L-748731
B-227	 <p>(6aR,10aR)-3-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydro-1-hydroxy-6,6-dimethyl-1,6H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-9-carboxylic acid or CT3</p>
B-228	CGP-28238
B-229	 <p>4-[[3,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]methylene]dihydro-2-methyl-2H-1,2-oxazin-3(4H)-one or BF-389</p>

<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-230	GR-253035
B-231	 <p>2-(6-dioxo-9H-purin-8-yl)cinnamic acid</p>
B-232	S-2474
B-233	
B-234	

<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-235	 <chem>NC(=O)S(=O)(=O)c1ccc(cc1)N2C=C(C(F)(F)F)CC2c3cc(F)cc(F)c3</chem>
B-236	 <chem>CS(=O)(=O)c1ccc(cc1)C2=C(C3=CC(=CC=C3)O2)C(=O)N2C=CC(=C2)C3=CC(=CC=C3)O</chem>
B-237	 <chem>CS(=O)(=O)c1ccc(cc1)C2=C(C3=CC(=CC=C3)O2)C(=O)N2C=CC(=C2)C3=CC(=CC=C3)O</chem>
B-238	 <chem>CS(=O)(=O)c1ccc(cc1)C2=C(C3=CC(=CC=C3)O2)C(=O)N2C=CC(=C2)C3=CC(=CC=C3)O</chem>

<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-239	 <chem>COc1ccc(cc1)C2=C(c3ccc(O)cc3)N(C2)c4cc(F)ccc4</chem>
B-240	 <chem>COc1ccc(cc1)C2=C(c3ccc(O)cc3)N(C2)c4cc(C)ccc4</chem>
B-241	 <chem>COc1ccc(cc1)C2=C(c3ccc(O)cc3)N(C2)c4cc(C(F)(F)F)ccc4</chem>
B-242	 <chem>COc1ccc(cc1)C2=C(c3cc(OC)cc3)N(C2)c4cc(O)cc(O)c4</chem>

<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-243	
B-244	
B-245	
B-246	

<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-247	
B-248	
B-249	
B-250	

<u>Compound Number</u>	<u>Structural Formula</u>
B-251	
B-252	

[0399] The cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor employed in the present invention can exist in tautomeric, geometric or stereoisomeric forms. Generally speaking, suitable cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitors that are in tautomeric, geometric or stereoisomeric forms are those compounds that inhibit cyclooxygenase-2 activity by about 25%, more typically by about 50%, and even more typically, by about 75% or more when present at a concentration of 100 μ M or less. The present invention contemplates all such compounds, including cis- and trans-geometric isomers, E- and Z-geometric isomers, R- and S-enantiomers, diastereomers, d-isomers, l-isomers, the racemic mixtures thereof and other mixtures thereof. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts of such tautomeric, geometric or stereoisomeric forms are also included within the invention. The terms "cis" and "trans", as used herein, denote a form of geometric isomerism in which two carbon atoms connected by a double bond will each have a hydrogen atom on the same side of the double bond ("cis") or on opposite sides of the double bond ("trans"). Some of the compounds described contain alkenyl groups, and are meant to include both cis and trans or "E" and "Z" geometric forms. Furthermore, some of the

compounds described contain one or more stereocenters and are meant to include R, S, and mixtures or R and S forms for each stereocenter present.

[0400] The cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitors utilized in the present invention may be in the form of free bases or pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts thereof. The term "pharmaceutically-acceptable salts" are salts commonly used to form alkali metal salts and to form addition salts of free acids or free bases. The nature of the salt may vary, provided that it is pharmaceutically acceptable. Suitable pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts of compounds for use in the present methods may be prepared from an inorganic acid or from an organic acid. Examples of such inorganic acids are hydrochloric, hydrobromic, hydroiodic, nitric, carbonic, sulfuric and phosphoric acid. Appropriate organic acids may be selected from aliphatic, cycloaliphatic, aromatic, araliphatic, heterocyclic, carboxylic and sulfonic classes of organic acids, examples of which are formic, acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, gluconic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, glucuronic, maleic, fumaric, pyruvic, aspartic, glutamic, benzoic, anthranilic, mesylic, 4-hydroxybenzoic, phenylacetic, mandelic, embonic (pamoic), methanesulfonic, ethanesulfonic, benzenesulfonic, pantothenic, 2-hydroxyethanesulfonic, toluenesulfonic, sulfanilic, cyclohexylaminosulfonic, stearic, algenic, hydroxybutyric, salicylic, galactaric and galacturonic acid. Suitable pharmaceutically-acceptable base addition salts of compounds of use in the present methods include metallic salts made from aluminum, calcium, lithium, magnesium, potassium, sodium and zinc or organic salts made from N,N'-dibenzylethylenediamine, chlorprocaine, choline, diethanolamine, ethylenediamine, meglumine (N-methylglucamine) and procaine. All of these salts may be prepared by conventional means from the corresponding compound by reacting, for example, the appropriate acid or base with the compound of any Formula set forth herein.

[0401] The cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitors of the present invention can be formulated into pharmaceutical compositions and administered by a number of different means that will deliver a therapeutically effective dose. Such compositions can be administered orally, parenterally, by inhalation spray, rectally, intradermally, transdermally, or topically in dosage unit formulations containing conventional nontoxic pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, adjuvants, and vehicles as desired. Topical administration may also involve the use of transdermal

administration such as transdermal patches or iontophoresis devices. The term parenteral as used herein includes subcutaneous, intravenous, intramuscular, or intrasternal injection, or infusion techniques. Formulation of drugs is discussed in, for example, Hoover, John E., *Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences*, Mack Publishing Co., Easton, Pennsylvania (1975), and Liberman, H.A. and Lachman, L., Eds., *Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms*, Marcel Decker, New York, N.Y. (1980).

[0402] Injectable preparations, for example, sterile injectable aqueous or oleaginous suspensions, can be formulated according to the known art using suitable dispersing or wetting agents and suspending agents. The sterile injectable preparation may also be a sterile injectable solution or suspension in a nontoxic parenterally acceptable diluent or solvent. Among the acceptable vehicles and solvents that may be employed are water, Ringer's solution, and isotonic sodium chloride solution. In addition, sterile, fixed oils are conventionally employed as a solvent or suspending medium. For this purpose, any bland fixed oil may be employed, including synthetic mono- or diglycerides. In addition, fatty acids such as oleic acid are useful in the preparation of injectables. Dimethyl acetamide, surfactants including ionic and non-ionic detergents, and polyethylene glycols can be used. Mixtures of solvents and wetting agents such as those discussed above are also useful.

[0403] Suppositories for rectal administration of the compounds discussed herein can be prepared by mixing the active agent with a suitable non-irritating excipient such as cocoa butter, synthetic mono-, di-, or triglycerides, fatty acids, or polyethylene glycols which are solid at ordinary temperatures but liquid at the rectal temperature, and which will therefore melt in the rectum and release the drug.

[0404] Solid dosage forms for oral administration may include capsules, tablets, pills, powders, and granules. In such solid dosage forms, the compounds are ordinarily combined with one or more adjuvants appropriate to the indicated route of administration. If administered *per os*, the compounds can be admixed with lactose, sucrose, starch powder, cellulose esters of alkanolic acids, cellulose alkyl esters, talc, stearic acid, magnesium stearate, magnesium oxide, sodium and calcium salts of phosphoric and sulfuric acids, gelatin, acacia gum, sodium alginate, polyvinylpyrrolidone, and/or polyvinyl alcohol, and then tableted or encapsulated for convenient administration. Such capsules or tablets can contain a controlled-release

formulation as can be provided in a dispersion of active compound in hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose. In the case of capsules, tablets, and pills, the dosage forms can also comprise buffering agents such as sodium citrate, or magnesium or calcium carbonate or bicarbonate. Tablets and pills can additionally be prepared with enteric coatings.

[0405] For therapeutic purposes, formulations for parenteral administration can be in the form of aqueous or non-aqueous isotonic sterile injection solutions or suspensions. These solutions and suspensions can be prepared from sterile powders or granules having one or more of the carriers or diluents mentioned for use in the formulations for oral administration. The compounds can be dissolved in water, polyethylene glycol, propylene glycol, ethanol, corn oil, cottonseed oil, peanut oil, sesame oil, benzyl alcohol, sodium chloride, and/or various buffers. Other adjuvants and modes of administration are well and widely known in the pharmaceutical art.

[0406] Liquid dosage forms for oral administration can include pharmaceutically acceptable emulsions, solutions, suspensions, syrups, and elixirs containing inert diluents commonly used in the art, such as water. Such compositions can also comprise adjuvants, such as wetting agents, emulsifying and suspending agents, and sweetening, flavoring, and perfuming agents.

[0407] The amount of active ingredient that can be combined with the carrier materials to produce a single dosage of the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor will vary depending upon the patient and the particular mode of administration. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions may contain a cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor in the range of about 0.1 to 2000 mg, more typically, in the range of about 0.5 to 500 mg and still more typically, between about 1 and 200 mg. A daily dose of about 0.01 to 100 mg/kg body weight, or more typically, between about 0.1 and about 50 mg/kg body weight and even more typically, from about 1 to 20 mg/kg body weight, may be appropriate. The daily dose is generally administered in one to about four doses per day.

[0408] In one embodiment, when the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor comprises rofecoxib, it is typical that the amount used is within a range of from about 0.15 to about 1.0 mg/day·kg, and even more typically, from about 0.18 to about 0.4 mg/day·kg.

[0409] In still another embodiment, when the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor comprises etoricoxib, it is typical that the amount used is within a range of from about 0.5 to about 5 mg/day·kg, and even more typically, from about 0.8 to about 4 mg/day·kg.

[0410] Further, when the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor comprises celecoxib, it is typical that the amount used is within a range of from about 1 to about 20 mg/day·kg, even more typically, from about 1.4 to about 8.6 mg/day·kg, and yet more typically, from about 2 to about 3 mg/day·kg.

[0411] When the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor comprises valdecoxib, it is typical that the amount used is within a range of from about 0.1 to about 5 mg/day·kg, and even more typically, from about 0.8 to about 4 mg/day·kg.

[0412] In a further embodiment, when the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor comprises parecoxib, it is typical that the amount used is within a range of from about 0.1 to about 5 mg/day·kg, and even more typically, from about 1 to about 3 mg/day·kg.

[0413] Those skilled in the art will appreciate that dosages may also be determined with guidance from Goodman & Goldman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, Ninth Edition (1996), Appendix II, pp. 1707-1711 and from Goodman & Goldman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, Tenth Edition (2001), Appendix II, pp. 475-493.

POTASSIUM ION CHANNEL MODULATORS

[0414] In addition to a cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor, the composition of the invention also comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a potassium ion channel modulator or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof. A number of potassium ion channel modulators may be employed in the present invention.

[0415] In one aspect of the invention, the potassium ion channel modulator is a potassium ion channel blocker. In one embodiment, the potassium ion channel blocker is a voltage-gated potassium channel blocker. In one alternative of this embodiment, the potassium ion channel blocker is selected from the group consisting of dendrotoxin, dendrotoxin I, dendrotoxin K, alpha-dendrotoxin, beta-

dendrotoxin, gamma-dendrotoxin, margatoxin, stichodactyla toxin, and tityustoxin K, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.

[0416] In another embodiment, the potassium ion channel blocker is a calcium-activated potassium channel blocker. In one alternative of this embodiment, the potassium ion channel blocker is selected from the group consisting of apamin, charylotoxin, clotrimazole, dequalinium chloride, iberiotoxin, kaliotoxin, neuropeptide Y, noxiustoxin, and penitrem A, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.

[0417] In a further embodiment, the potassium ion channel blocker is an ATP-sensitive potassium channel blocker. In one alternative of this embodiment, the potassium ion channel blocker is selected from the group consisting of tolbutamide, chlorpropamide, glibenclamide, glipizide, nateglinide, repaglinide, glyburide, and tolazamide, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.

[0418] In another aspect of the invention, the potassium ion channel modulator is a potassium ion channel opener. In one embodiment, the potassium ion channel opener is a voltage-gated potassium channel opener. In one alternative of this embodiment, the voltage-gated potassium channel opener is selected from the group consisting of BMS-204352, and N-[(3R,4S)-6-cyano-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-N-methyl.

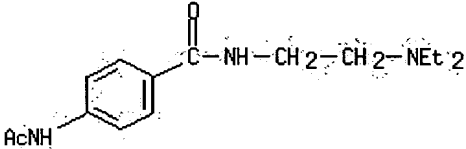
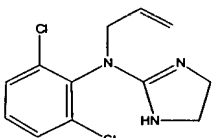
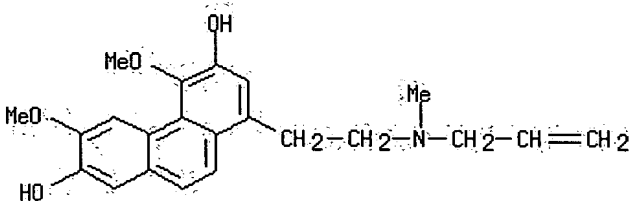
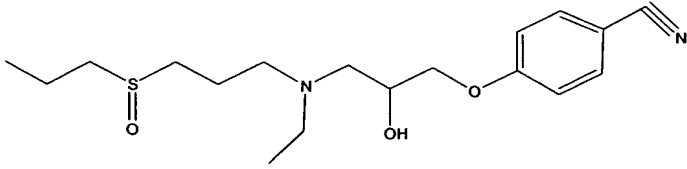
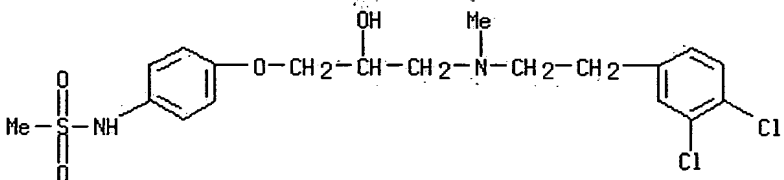
[0419] In another embodiment, the potassium ion channel opener is a calcium-activated potassium channel opener. In one alternative of this embodiment, the potassium ion channel opener is selected from the group consisting of NS1619, NS004, SCA4D, DHS-1, NS1608, Maxi-k dial, and CGS7184, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.

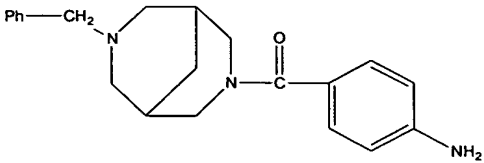
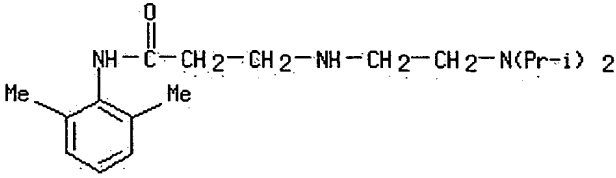
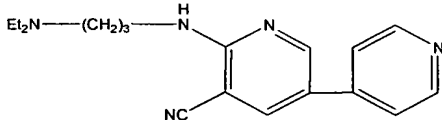
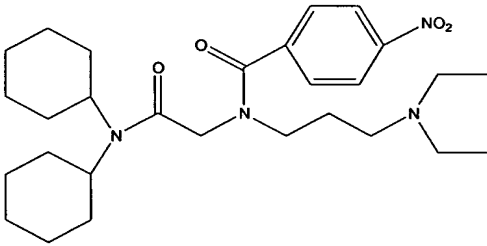
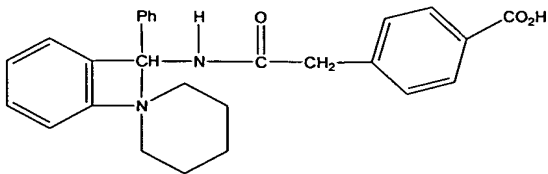
[0420] In a further embodiment, the potassium ion channel opener is an ATP-sensitive potassium channel opener. In one alternative of this embodiment, the potassium ion channel opener is selected from the group consisting of minoxidil, diazoxide, pinacidil, cromakalim, nicorandil, aprilkalim, ZD6169, bimakalim, BRL55834, levcromakalim, BMS-180448, and RP66471, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.

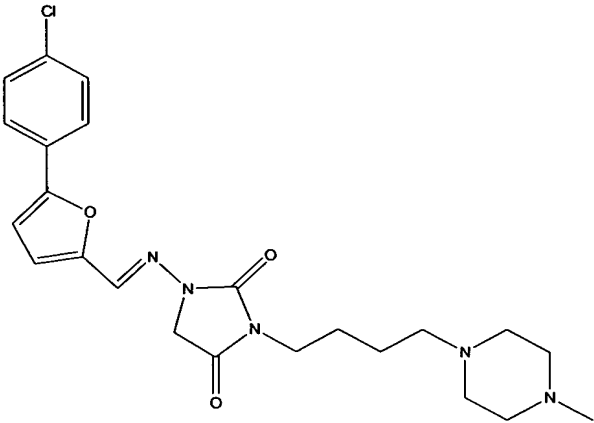
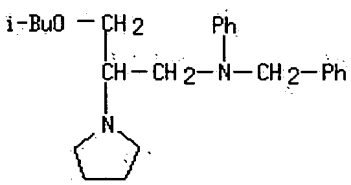
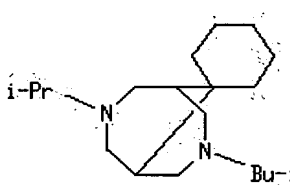
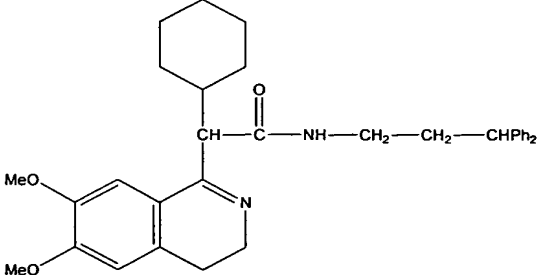
[0421] In a further embodiment, compounds that are useful for the potassium ion channel blocker or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug

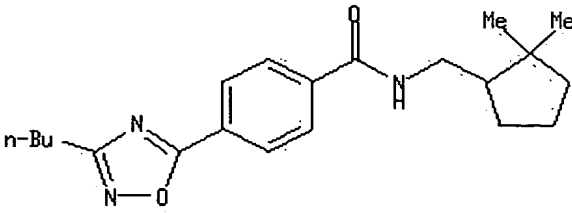
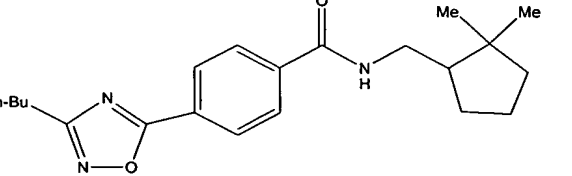
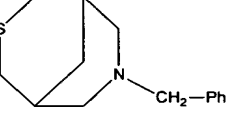
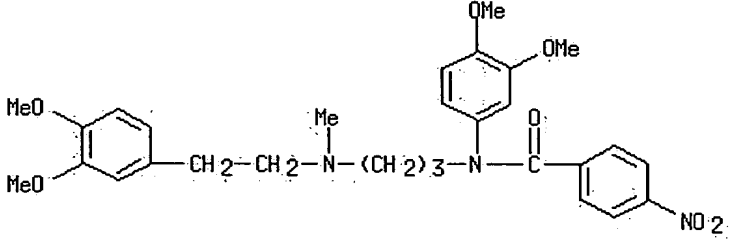
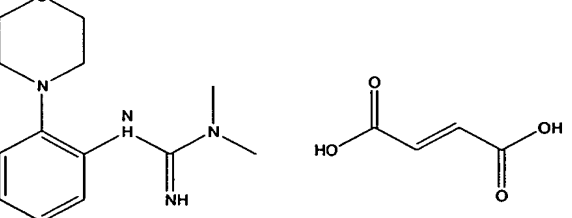
thereof in connection with the present invention include, but are not limited to, the compounds set forth in Table 4B below:

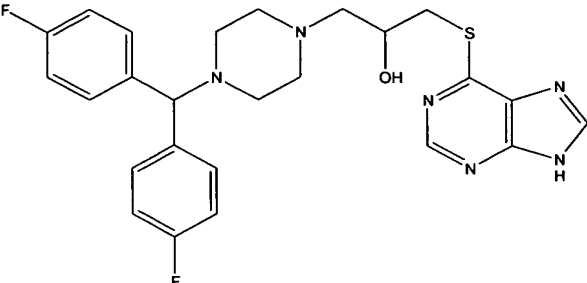
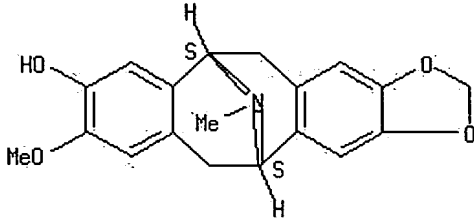
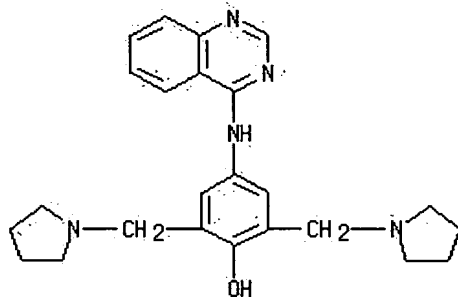
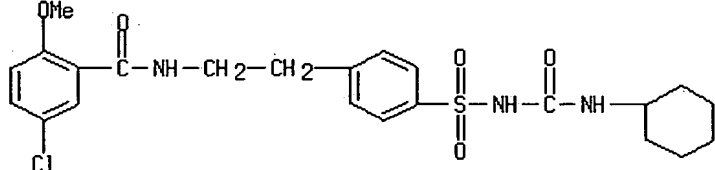
TABLE 4B
EXAMPLES OF POTASSIUM ION CHANNEL BLOCKERS AS
EMBODIMENTS

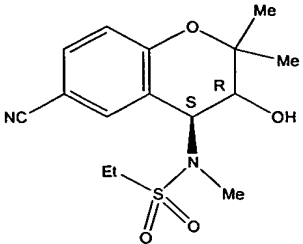
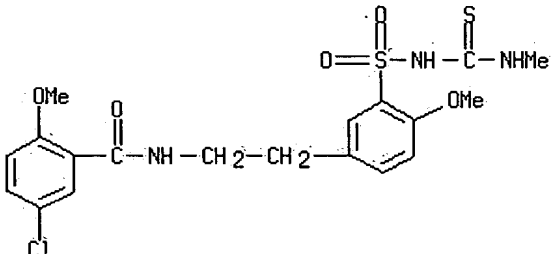
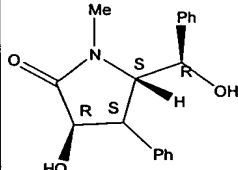
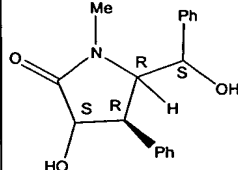
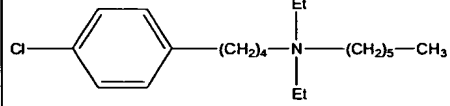
<u>ID</u>	<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Structure</u> <u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS</u> <u>Registry</u> <u>Number</u>
1	Acecaïnide	 Benzamide, 4-(acetyl-amino)-N-[2-(diethyl-amino)ethyl]-	32795-44-1
2	AL 275	No name available. No structure available.	331677-71-5
3	Alinidine ST 567	 1H-Imidazol-2-amine, N-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-N-2-propenyl-	33178-86-8
4	N-allyl secoboldine	 2,6-Phenanthrenediol, 3,5-dimethoxy-8-[2-(methyl-2-propenylamino)ethyl]-	157200-09-4
5	Almokalant H 234/09	 Benzonitrile, 4-[3-[ethyl[3-(propylsulfinyl)propyl]amino]-2-hydroxypropoxy]-	123955-10-2
6	AM 92016	 Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[3-[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]methylamino]-2-hydroxypropoxy]phenyl]-, monobenzoate (salt)	178894-81-0

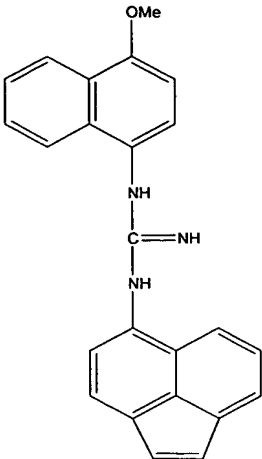
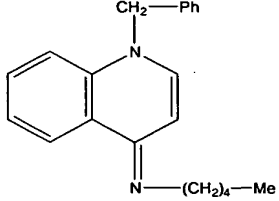
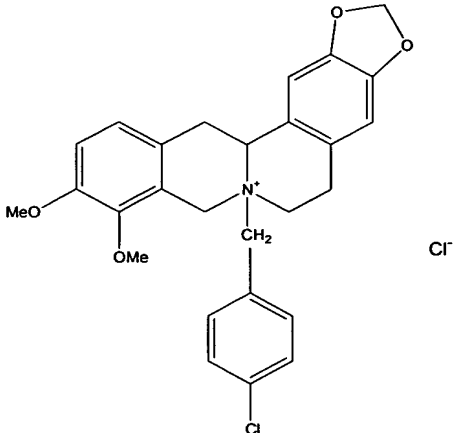
<u>ID</u>	<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Structure</u> <u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS</u> <u>Registry</u> <u>Number</u>
7	Ambasilide LU 47110	 <p>3,7-Diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane, 3-(4-aminobenzoyl)-7-(phenylmethyl)-</p>	83991-25-7
8	AN 132	 <p>Propanamide, 3-[[2-[[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]ethyl]amino]-N-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-,phosphate(1:2)</p>	105668-70-0
9	ARH 050642	No name available. No structure available	No CAS RN
10	AWD 12-260	 <p>[3,4'-Bipyridine]-5-carbonitrile, 6-[[3-(diethylamino)propyl]amino]-</p>	108610-89-5
11	AWD 23-111 AWD 160275 (oxalate salt)	 <p>Benzamide, N-[2-(dicyclohexylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-N-[3-(diethylamino)propyl]-4-nitro-, monohydrochloride</p>	221639-91-4 (HCl) 226408-59-9 (oxalate)
12	AZD 7009	No name available. No structure available	No CAS RN
13	AZDF 265	 <p>Benzoic acid, 4-[2-oxo-2-[[phenyl[2-(1-piperidinyl)phenyl]methyl]amino]ethyl]-</p>	83901-40-0

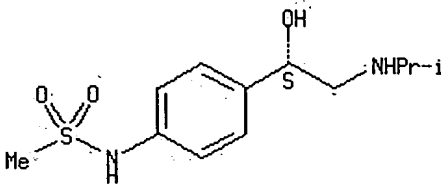
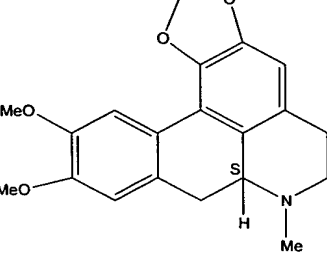
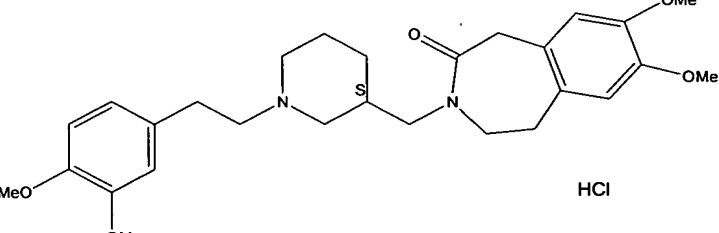
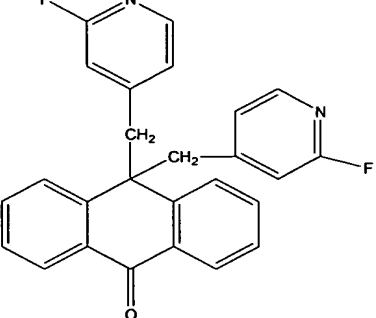
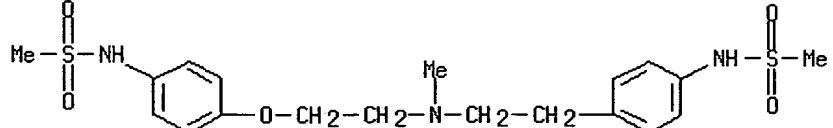
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14	Azimilide	 <p>2,4-Imidazolidinedione, 1-[[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-furanyl]methylene]amino]-3-[4-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)butyl]-, dihydrochloride</p>	149888-94-8
15	Bepridil	 <p>1-Pyrrolidineethanamine, β-[(2-methylpropoxy) methyl]-N-phenyl-N-(phenylmethyl)-</p>	64706-54-3
16	Bertosamil	 <p>Spiro[cyclohexane-1,9'-[3,7]diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane],3'-(1-methylethyl)-7'-(2-methylpropyl)-</p>	126825-36-3
17	BIIA 0388	 <p>1-Isoquinolineacetamide, α-cyclohexyl-N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)-3,4-dihydro-6,7-dimethoxy-</p>	337359-07-6

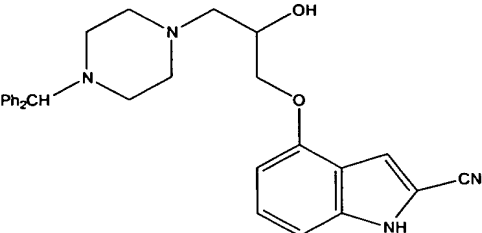
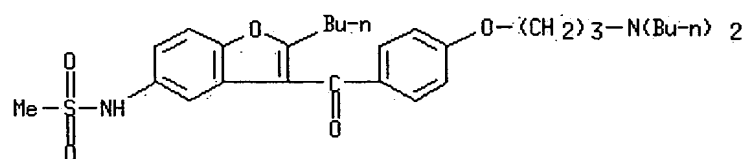
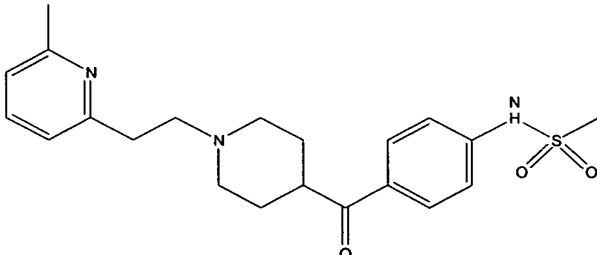
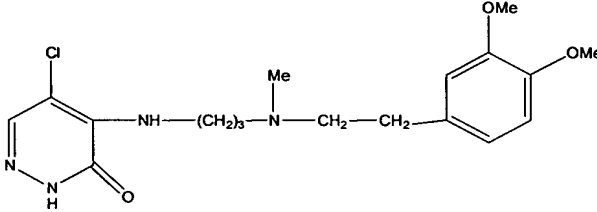
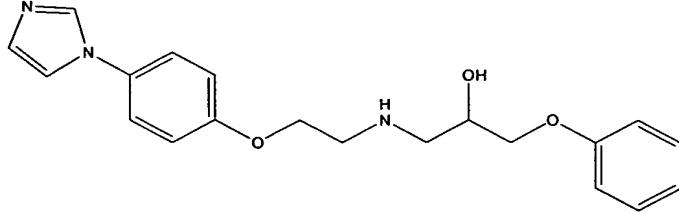
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18	BMS 208782	 <p>S(+)-enantiomer</p> <p>Benzamide, 4-(3-butyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-N-[(2,2-dimethylcyclopentyl)methyl]-, (+)-</p>	212380-81-9
19	BMS 208783	 <p>R(-)-enantiomer</p> <p>Benzamide, 4-(3-butyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-N-[(2,2-dimethylcyclopentyl)methyl]-, (-)-</p>	212380-82-0
20	BRBI 28	 <p>3-Thia-7-azabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane, 7-(phenylmethyl)-, perchlorate</p>	89398-07-2
21	BRL 32872	 <p># HCl</p> <p>Benzamide, N-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[3-[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]methylamino]propyl]-4-nitro-, monohydrochloride</p>	113241-47-7
22	BTS 67582	 <p>Guanidine, N,N-dimethyl-N'-[2-(4-morpholinyl)phenyl]-, (2E)-2-butenedioate (1:1)</p>	161748-40-9

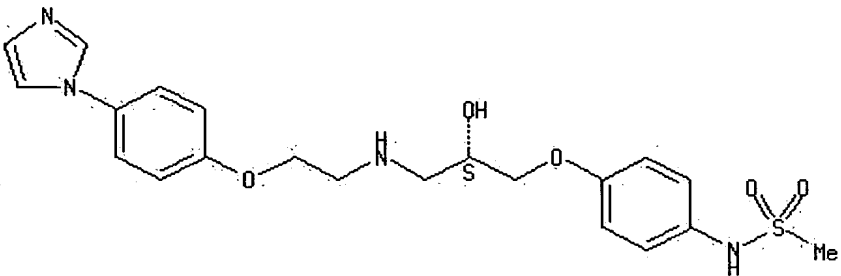
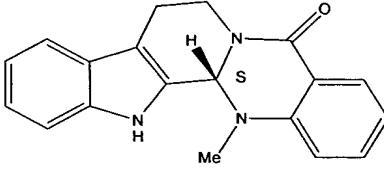
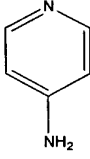
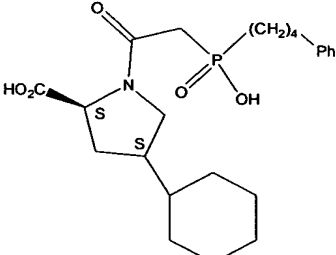
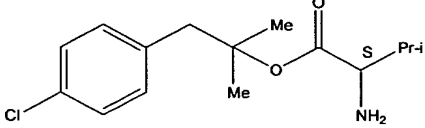
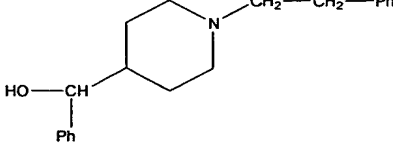
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
23	Carsatrin Succinate RWJ 24517	 <p>1-Piperazineethanol, 4-[bis(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-α-[(1H-purin-6-ylthio)methyl]-</p>	125363-87-3 132199-13-4 Succinate
24	Caryachine	 <p>Benzo[5,6]cycloocta[1,2-f]-1,3-benzodioxol-5,11-imin-9-ol, 5,6,11,12-tetrahydro-8-methoxy-14-methyl-, (5S,11S)-</p>	37687-27-7
25	CGX 1007	Conotoxin GV L-Aspartamide, glycyl-L-α-glutamyl-4-carboxy-L-α-glutamyl-4-carboxy-L-α-glutamyl-L-leucyl-L-glutamyl-4-carboxy-L-α-glutamyl-L-asparaginyl-L-glutamyl-4-carboxy-L-α-glutamyl-L-leucyl-L-isoleucyl-L-arginyl-4-carboxy-L-α-glutamyl-L-lysyl-L-seryl-	93438-65-4
26	Changrolin Pyrozoline	 <p>Phenol, 2,6-bis(1-pyrrolidinylmethyl)-4-(4-quinazolinylamino)-</p>	72063-47-9
27	CHF 1522 Cyclo-dextrin complex of glibenclamide	 <p>Benzamide, 5-chloro-N-[2-[4-[[[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]phenyl]ethyl]-2-methoxy-</p>	10238-21-8

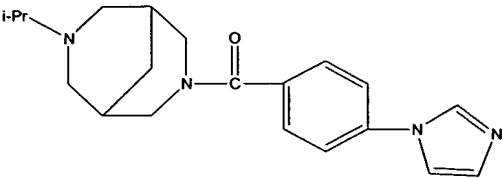
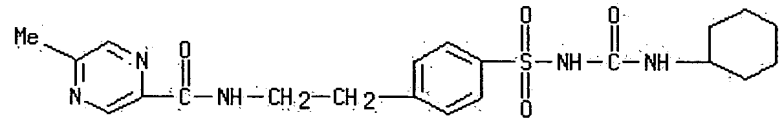
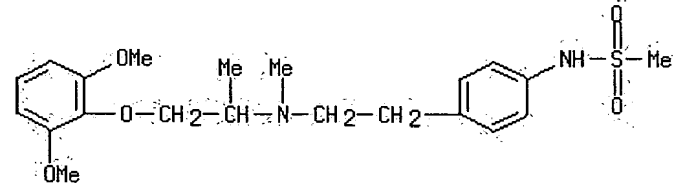
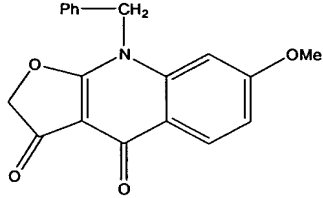
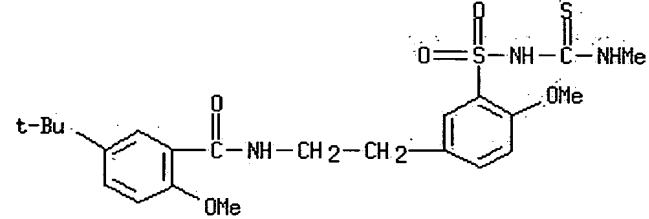
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
28	Chromanol 293 isomer	 <p>Ethanesulfonamide, N-[(3R,4S)-6-cyano-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl]-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-N-methyl-, rel-</p>	163163-23-3
29	Clamikalant HMR 1883 HMR 1098 (Na salt)	 <p>Benzamide, 5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-[2-[4-methoxy-3-[[[(methylamino)thioxomethyl]amino]sulfonyl]phenyl]ethyl]-</p>	158751-64-5
30	Clausenami de (racemic)	 <p>2-Pyrrolidinone, 3-hydroxy-5-[(R)-hydroxyphenylmethyl]-1-methyl-4-phenyl-, (3R,4S,5S)-rel-</p>	103541-15-7
31	(-) clausenami de	 <p>2-Pyrrolidinone, 3-hydroxy-5-[(S)-hydroxyphenylmethyl]-1-methyl-4-phenyl-, (3S,4R,5R)-</p>	201529-58-0
32	Clofilium LY 150378	 <p>Benzenebutanaminium, 4-chloro-N,N-diethyl-N-heptyl</p>	68379-02-2

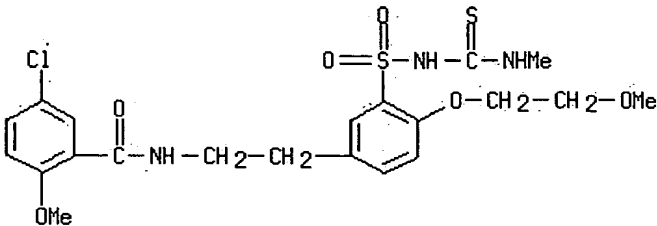
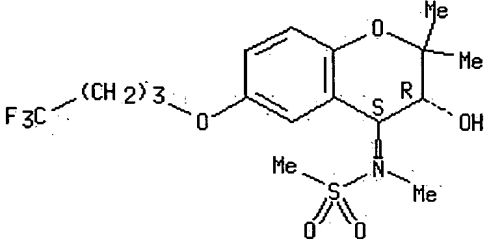
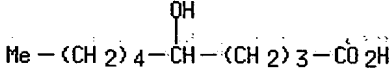
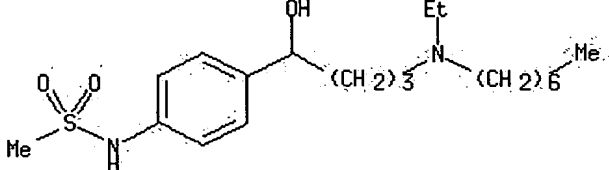
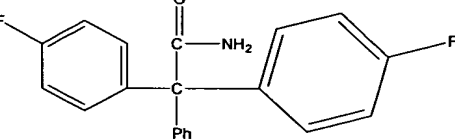
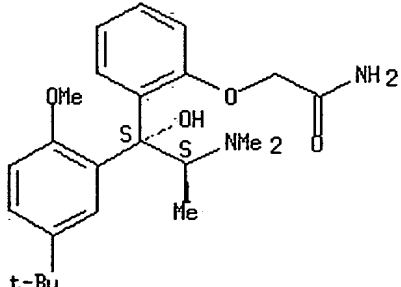
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
33	CNS 1237	 <p>Guanidine, N-5-acenaphthylenyl-N'-(4-methoxy-1-naphthalenyl)-</p>	174232-22-5
34	CP 92713	No name available. No structure available	No CAS RN
35	CP 308408	No name available. No structure available	No CAS RN
36	CP 339818	 <p>1-Pentanamine, N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4(1H)-quinolinyldene]-</p>	185855-91-8
37	CP 366660	No name available. No structure available	No CAS RN
38	CPU 86017	 <p>6H-Benzo[g]-1,3-benzodioxolo[5,6-a]quinolizinium, 7-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-5,8,13,13a-tetrahydro-9,10-dimethoxy-,chloride</p>	149088-32-4

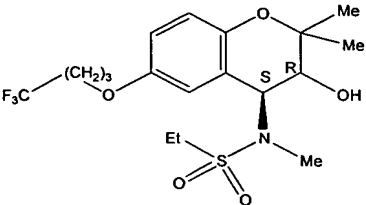
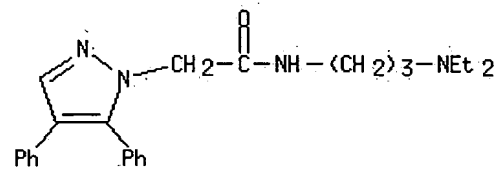
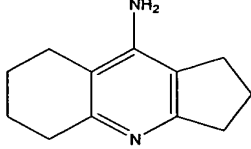
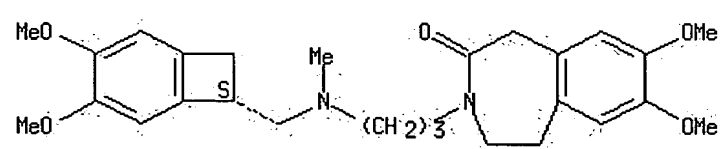
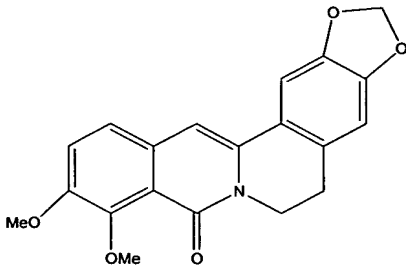
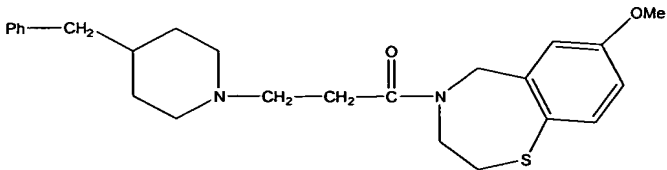
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
39	Dexsotalol BMY 057631D d-sotalol	 <p>Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[(1S)-1-hydroxy-2-[(1-methylethyl)amino]ethyl]phenyl]-</p>	30236-32-9
40	Dicentrine	 <p>5H-Benzo[g]-1,3-benzodioxolo[6,5,4-de]quinoline, 6,7,7a,8-tetrahydro-10,11-dimethoxy-7-methyl-, (7aS)-</p>	517-66-8
41	DK AH 269	 <p>HCl</p> <p>2H-3-Benzazepin-2-one, 3-[[[(3S)-1-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-3-piperidiny]methyl]-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-7,8-dimethoxy-, monohydrochloride</p>	186097-54-1
42	DMP 543 DPC 543	 <p>9(10H)-Anthracenone, 10,10-bis[(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)methyl]-</p>	160588-45-4
43	Dofetilide	 <p>Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[2-[methyl[2-[4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenoxy]ethyl]amino]ethyl]phenyl]-</p>	115256-11-6

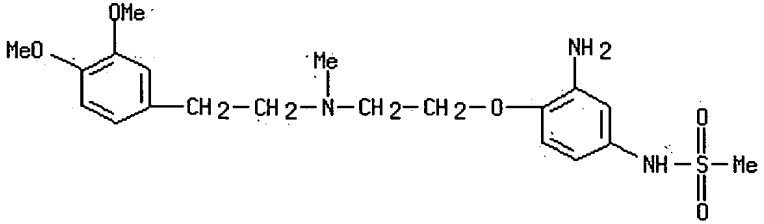
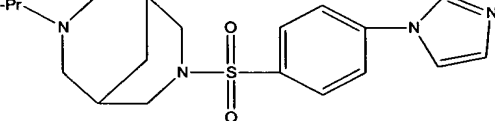
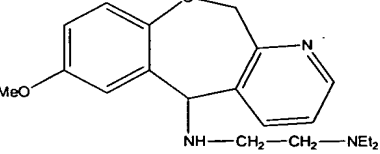
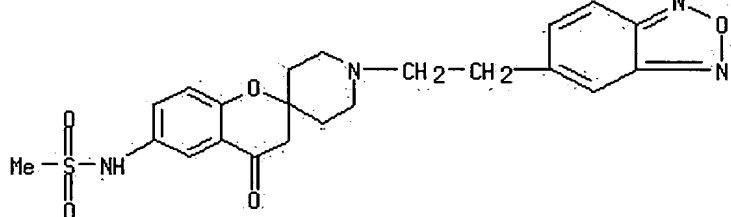
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
44	DPI 201106	 <p>1H-Indole-2-carbonitrile, 4-[3-[4-(diphenylmethyl)-1-piperazinyl]-2-hydroxypropoxy]-</p>	78573-03-2
45	Dronedarone SR 33589	 <p>Methanesulfonamide, N-[2-butyl-3-[4-[3-(dibutylamino)propoxy]benzoyl]-5-benzofuranyl]-</p>	141626-36-0
46	E 4031	 <p>Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[[1-[2-(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)ethyl]-4-piperidinyl]carbonyl]phenyl]-, dihydrochloride</p>	113559-13-0
47	EGIS 7229 S 21407	 <p>3(2H)-Pyridazinone, 5-chloro-4-[[3-[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]methylamino]propyl]amino]-, (2E)-2-butenedioate (1:1)</p>	190333-92-7
48	(±) Ersentilide	 <p>Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[2-hydroxy-3-[[2-[4-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)phenoxy]ethyl]amino]propoxy]phenyl]-</p>	128264-20-0

ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
49	(S)-ersentilide	 <p>Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[(2S)-2-hydroxy-3-[[2-[4-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)phenoxy]ethyl]amino]propoxy]phenyl]-</p>	125279-79-0
50	Evodiamine (S)	 <p>Indolo[2',3',3,4]pyrido[2,1-b]quinazolin-5(7H)-one, 8,13,13b,14-tetrahydro-14-methyl-, (13bS)-</p>	518-17-2
51	Fampridine 4-aminopyridine EL 970	 <p>4-Pyridinamine</p>	504-24-5
52	Fosinoprilat	 <p>L-Proline, 4-cyclohexyl-L-[[hydroxy(4-phenylbutyl)phosphinyl]acetyl]-, (4S)-</p>	95399-71-6
53	GEA 857	 <p>L-Valine, 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylethyl ester</p>	120493-42-7
54	Glemanserin MDL 11939	 <p>4-Piperidinemethanol, α-phenyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-</p>	107703-78-6

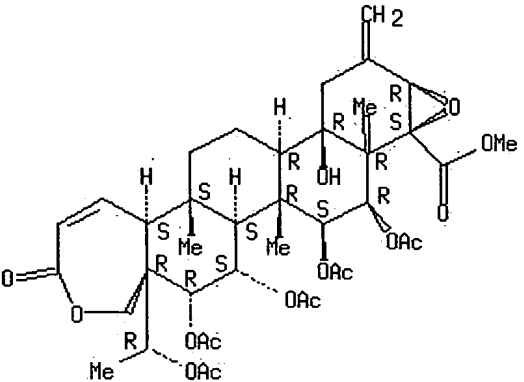
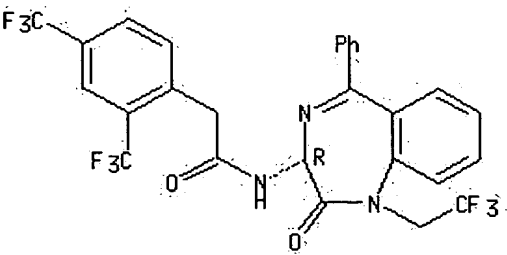
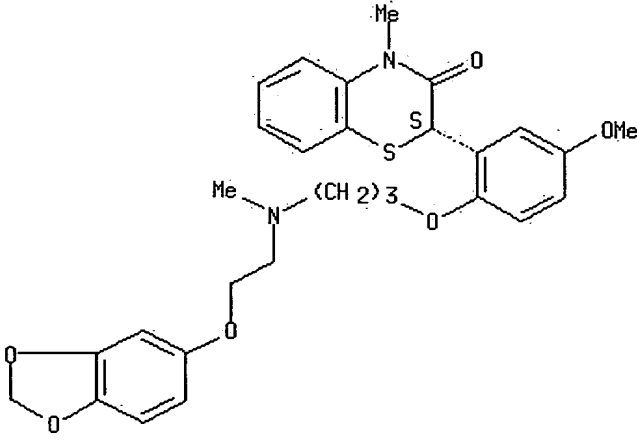
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
55	GLG V 13	 <p>3,7-Diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nanone, 3-[4-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)benzoyl]-7-(1-methylethyl)-, dipchlorate</p>	155029-33-7
56	Glipizide K 4024 TK 1320	 <p>Pyrazinecarboxamide, N-[2-[4-[[[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]phenyl]ethyl]-5-methyl-</p>	29094-61-9
57	GYKI 16638	 <p># HCl Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[2-[[2-(2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy)-1-methylethyl]methylamino]ethyl]phenyl]-, monohydrochloride</p>	307556-59-8
58	HA 7	 <p>Furo[2,3-b]quinoline-3,4(2H,9H)-dione, 7-methoxy-9-(phenylmethyl)-</p>	201943-88-6
59	HMR 1372	 <p>Benzamide, 5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-methoxy-N-[2-[4-methoxy-3-[[[(methylamino)thioxomethyl]amino]sulfonyl]phenyl]ethyl]-</p>	260971-17-3

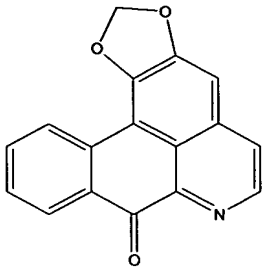
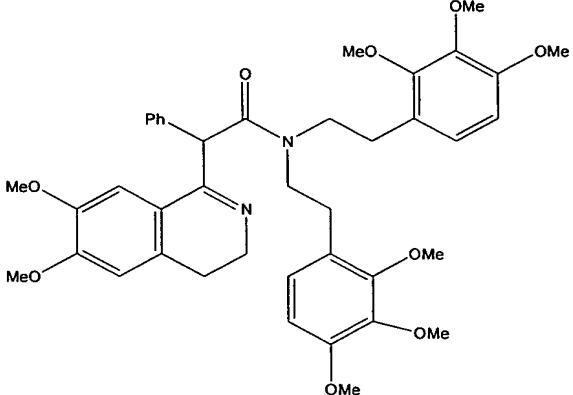
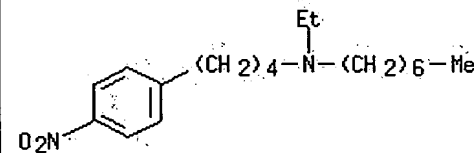
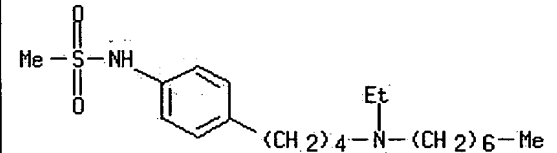
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
60	HMR 1402	 <p>Benzamide, 5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-[2-[4-(2-methoxyethoxy)-3-[[[(methylamino)thioxomethyl]amino]sulfonyl]phenyl]ethyl]-</p>	181272-10-6
61	HMR 1556	 <p>Methanesulfonamide, N-[(3R,4S)-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-6-(4,4,4-trifluorobutoxy)-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-N-methyl-</p>	223749-46-0
62	Hydroxy decanoate	 <p>Decanoic acid, 5-hydroxy-</p>	624-00-0
63	Ibutilide U 70226E (solatol analog)	 <p>Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[4-(ethylheptylamino)-1-hydroxybutyl]phenyl]-</p>	122647-31-8
64	ICA 17043	 <p>Benzeneacetamide, 4-fluoro-α-(4-fluorophenyl)-α-phenyl-</p>	289656-45-7
65	ICI 181037	 <p>Acetamide, 2-[2-[2-(dimethylamino)-1-[5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-methoxyphenyl]-1-hydroxypropyl]phenoxy]-, (R*,R*)-</p>	138779-29-0

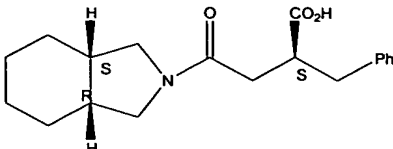
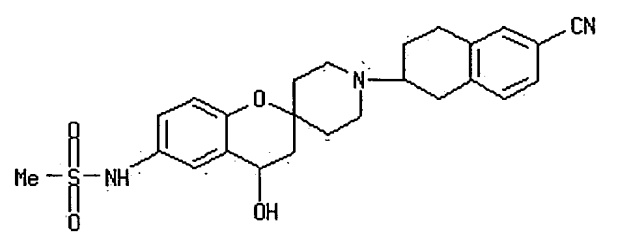
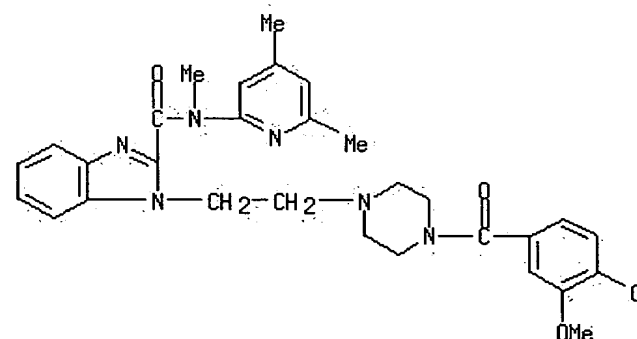
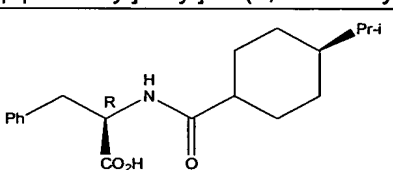
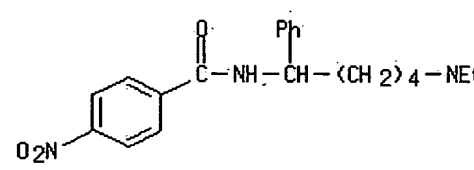
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
66	IK Channel Blocker	 <p>Ethanesulfonamide, N-[(3R,4S)-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-6-(4,4,4-trifluorobutoxy)-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-N-methyl-</p>	223749-45-9
67	Ipazilide WIN 54177	 <p>1H-Pyrazole-1-acetamide, N-[3-(diethylamino)propyl]-4,5-diphenyl-</p>	115436-73-2
68	Ipidacrine NIK 247	 <p>1H-Cyclopenta[b]quinolin-9-amine, 2,3,5,6,7,8-hexahydro-</p>	62732-44-9
69	Ivabradine	 <p>2H-3-Benzazepin-2-one, 3-[3-[[[(7S)-3,4-dimethoxybicyclo[4.2.0]octa-1,3,5-trien-7-yl]methyl]methylamino]propyl]-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-7,8-dimethoxy-</p>	155974-00-8
70	JKL 1073A Oxy-berberine; 8-Oxo-berberine; 8-Oxy-berberine; Berlambine	 <p>8H-Benzo[g]-1,3-benzodioxolo[5,6-a]quinolizin-8-one, 5,6-dihydro-9,10-dimethoxy-</p>	549-21-3
71	JTV 519	 <p>1,4-Benzothiazepine, 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-7-methoxy-4-[1-oxo-3-[4-(phenylmethyl)-1-piperidinyl]propyl]-</p>	145903-06-6

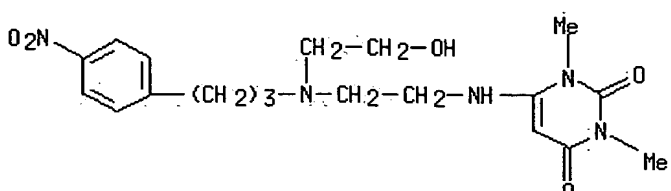
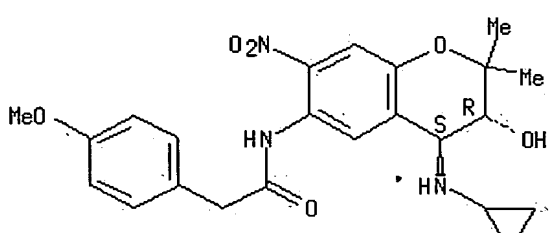
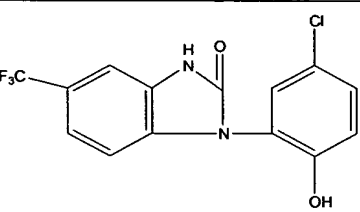
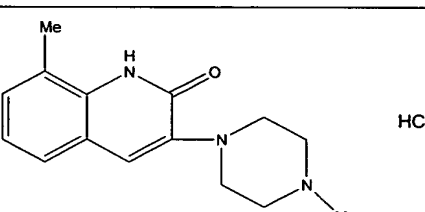
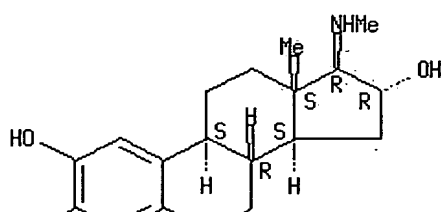
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
72	KCB 328	 <p># HCl</p> <p>Methanesulfonamide, N-[3-amino-4-[2-[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]methylamino]ethoxy]phenyl]-, monohydrochloride</p>	177596-55-3
73	KMC IV 84	 <p>3,7-Diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane, 3-[[4-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)phenyl]sulfonyl]-7-(1-methylethyl)-, diperchlorate</p>	190315-04-9
74	KW 3407	 <p>1,2-Ethanediamine, N'-(5,11-dihydro-7-methoxy[1]benzoxepino[3,4-b]pyridin-5-yl)-N,N-diethyl-, (2E)-2-butenedioate (2:3)</p>	115750-37-3
75	L 691121	 <p># HCl</p> <p>Methanesulfonamide, N-[1'-[2-(2,1,3-benzoxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]-3,4-dihydro-4-oxospiro[2H-1-benzopyran-2,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]-, monohydrochloride</p>	136075-60-0

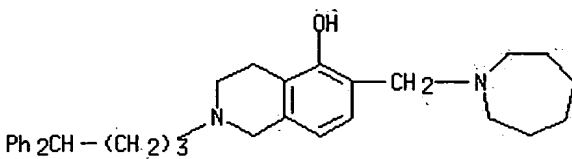
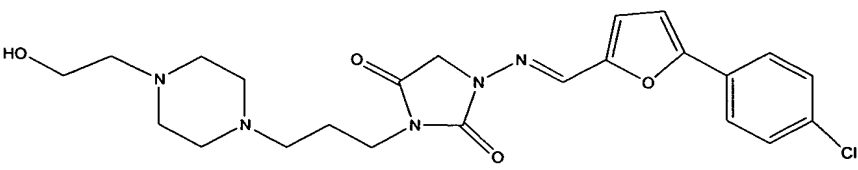
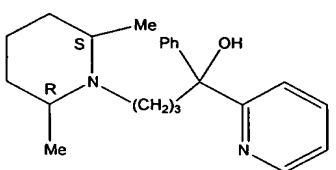
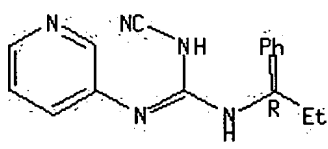
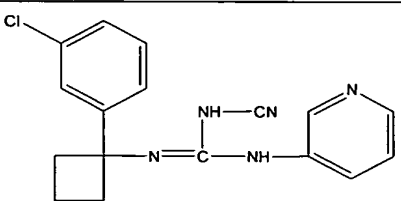
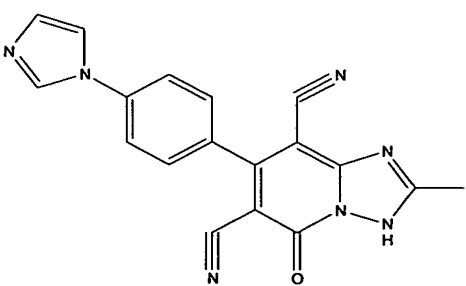
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
76	L 702958	 # HCl: Methanesulfonamide, N-[1'-[(2R)-6-cyano-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-naphthalenyl]-3,4-dihydro-4-oxospiro[2H-1-benzopyran-2,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]-, monohydrochloride	136078-58-5
77	L 735821	 2-Propenamide, 3-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-N-[(3R)-2,3-dihydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl]-, (2E)-	170228-29-2
78	L 742084	 Acetamide, N-[1'-[2-(4-cyanophenyl)ethyl]-3,4-dihydro-6-methoxyspiro[2H-1-benzopyran-2,4'-piperidin]-4-yl]-	171797-60-7 171797-59-4 (HCl)

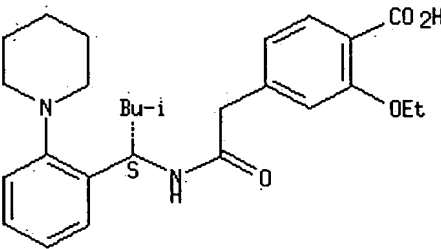
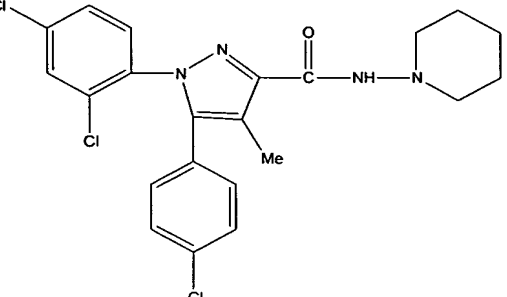
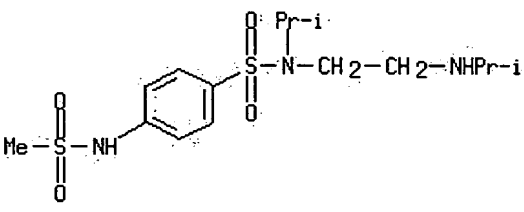
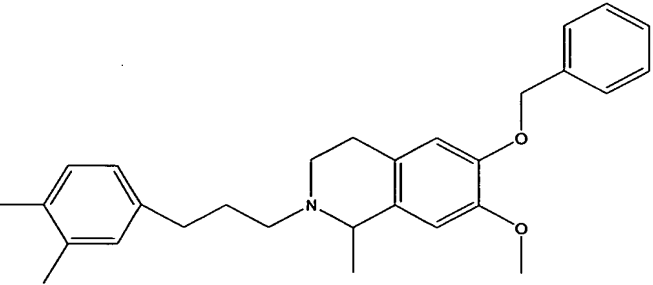
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
79	L755860	 <p>Oxireno[7,8]chryseno[2,1-c]oxepin-1a(1bH)-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,5-tetrakis(acetyloxy)-5a-[(1R)-1-(acetyloxy)ethyl]-2,3,3a,3b,4,5,5a,6,8,10a,10b,11,12,12a,12b,13,14,14a-octadecahydro-12b-hydroxy-1b,3a,10b-trimethyl-14-methylene-8-oxo-, methyl ester, (1aS,1bR,2R,3S,3aR,3bS,4S,5R,5aR,10aS,10bS,12aR,12bR,14aR)-</p> <p>Correolide</p>	190017-00-6 and related compounds
80	L 768673	 <p>Benzeneacetamide, N-[(3R)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-5-phenyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl]-2,4-bis(trifluoromethyl)-</p>	177954-68-6
81	Levosemotiadil SA 3212 SD 3212	 <p>2H-1,4-Benzothiazin-3(4H)-one, 2-[2-[3-[[2-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yloxy)ethyl]methylamino]propoxy]-5-methoxyphenyl]-4-methyl-, (2S)-, (2E)-2-butenedioate (1:1)</p>	116476-17-6 (1:1 salt) 116476-16-5

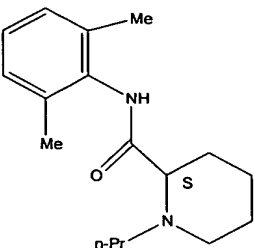
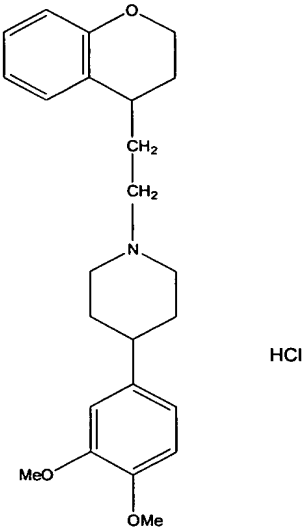
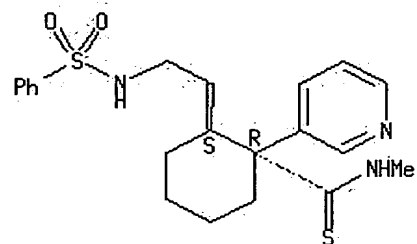
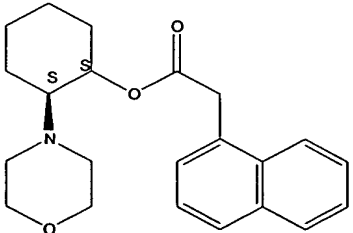
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
82	Liriodenine	 <p>8H-Benzo[g]-1,3-benzodioxolo[6,5,4-de]quinolin-8-one</p>	475-75-2
83	LOE 908 Pinokalan	 <p>1-Isoquinolineacetamide, 3,4-dihydro-6,7-dimethoxy-α-phenyl-N,N-bis[2-(2,3,4-trimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-</p>	149759-26-2
84	LY 97241	 <p>Benzenebutanamine, N-ethyl-N-heptyl-4-nitro-</p>	72456-63-4
85	LY 190147	 <p>Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[4-(ethylheptylamino)butyl]phenyl]-</p>	100632-59-5
86	Margatoxin	<p>Structure Diagram not available</p> <p>L-Histidine, L-threonyl-L-isoleucyl-L-isoleucyl-L-asparaginyll-L-valyl-L-lysyl-L-cysteinyl-L-threonyl-L-seryl-L-prolyl-L-lysyl-L-glutaminyll-L-cysteinyl-L-leucyl-L-prolyl-L-prolyl-L-cysteinyl-L-lysyl-L-alanyl-L-glutaminyll-L-phenylalanylglycyl-L-glutaminyll-L-seryl-L-alanylglycyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-L-cysteinyl-L-methionyl-L-asparaginylglycyl-L-lysyl-L-cysteinyl-L-lysyl-L-cysteinyl-L-tyrosyl-L-prolyl-, cyclic (7→29),(13→34),(17→36)-tris(disulfide)</p>	145808-47-5

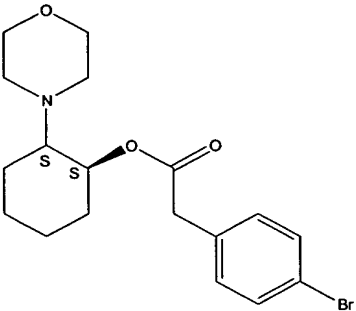
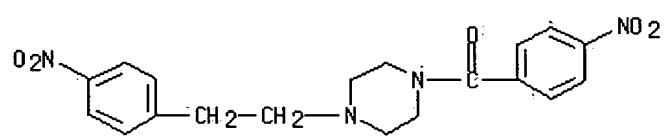
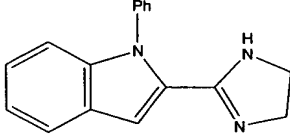
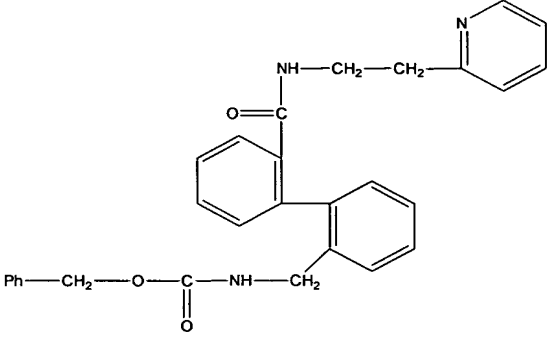
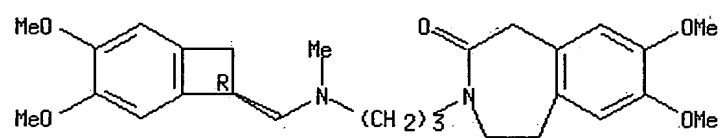
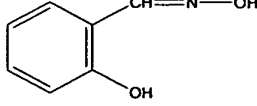
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
87	Mitiglinide KAD 1229 S-21403	 <p>1/2 Ca H₂O</p> <p>2H-Isoindole-2-butanoic acid, octahydro-γ-oxo-α-(phenylmethyl)-, calcium salt, dihydrate, (αS,3aR,7aS)-</p>	207844-01-7
88	MK 499 L 706000	 <p>Methanesulfonamide, N-[(4R)-1'-[(2R)-6-cyano-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-naphthalenyl]-3,4-dihydro-4-hydroxyspiro[2H-1-benzopyran-2,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]-, rel-</p>	150481-98-4
89	N 3601	 <p>1H-Benzimidazole-2-carboxamide, 1-[2-[4-(3,4-dimethoxybenzoyl)-1-piperazinyl]ethyl]-N-(4,6-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)-N-methyl- (9CI)</p>	113826-99-6 (maleate salt)
90	Nateglinide AY 4166 YM 026 SDZ DNJ 608	 <p>D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-</p>	105816-04-4
91	Nibentan	 <p># HCl</p> <p>Benzamide, N-[5-(diethylamino)-1-phenylpentyl]-4-nitro-, monohydrochloride</p>	157832-56-9

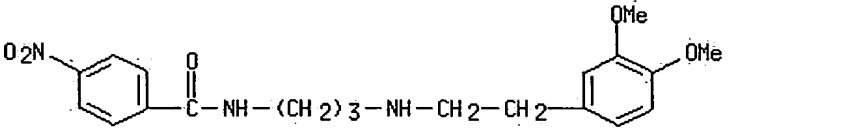
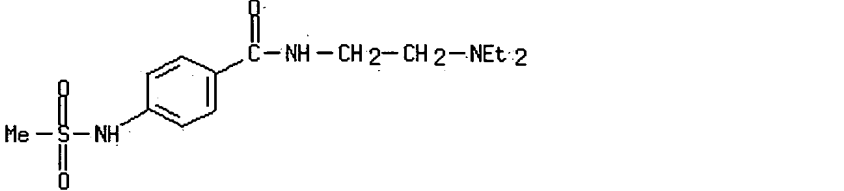
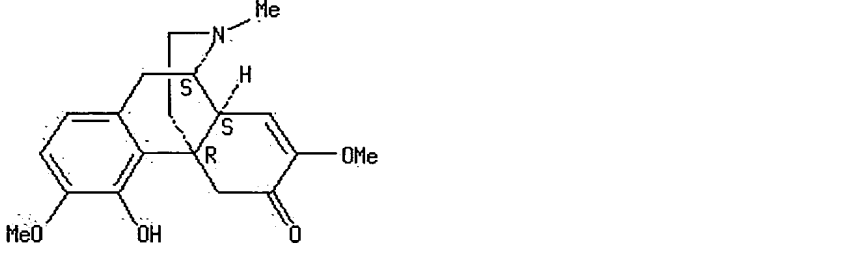
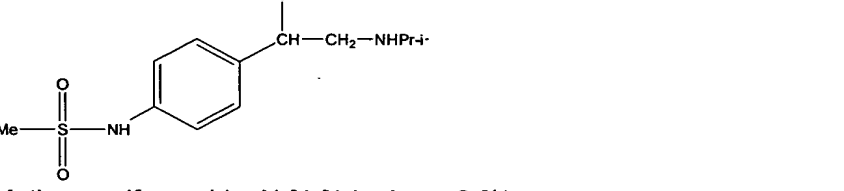
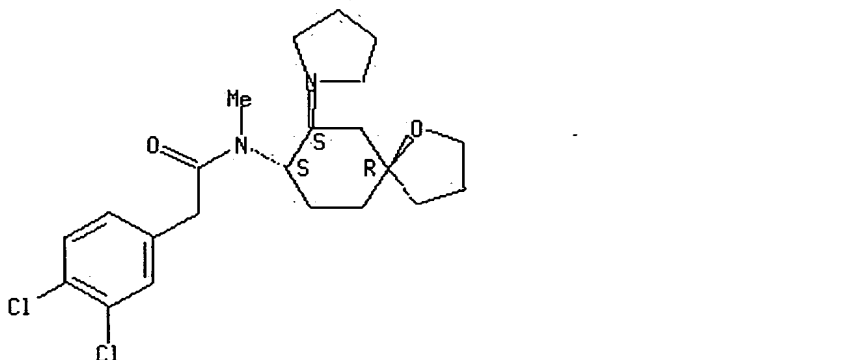
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
92	Nifekalant MS 551 (HCl)	 <p>2,4(1H,3H)-Pyrimidinedione, 6-[[2-[(2-hydroxyethyl)[3-(4-nitrophenyl)propyl]amino]ethyl]amino]-1,3-dimethyl-</p>	130636-43-0 130656-51-8 (HCl)
93	NIP 142	 <p>Benzeneacetamide, N-[4-(cyclopropylamino)-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-7-nitro-2H-1-benzopyran-6-yl]-4-methoxy-, (3R-trans)-</p>	344609-47-8 (no structure) 203002-75-9
94	NS 004	 <p>2H-Benzimidazol-2-one, 1-(5-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-1,3-dihydro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-</p>	141797-92-4
95	NS 1546	No name available. No structure available	No CAS RN
96	OPC 88117	 <p>2(1H)-Quinolinone, 8-methyl-3-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride</p>	113225-73-3
97	ORG 20781	 <p>Estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-2,3,16-triol, 17-(methylamino)-, (16α,17β)-</p>	169107-07-7

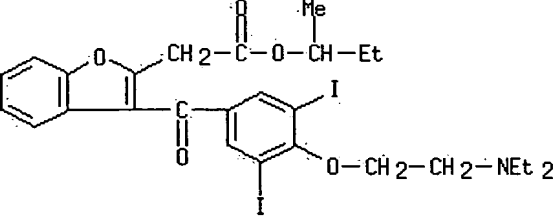
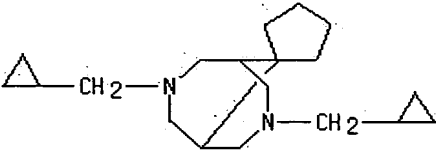
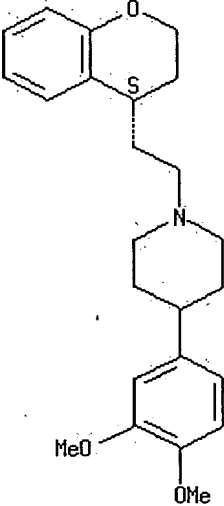
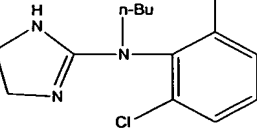
<u>ID</u>	<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Structure</u> <u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS</u> <u>Registry</u> <u>Number</u>
98	PD 157667	 <p>Ph₂CH - (CH₂)₃</p> <p>5-Isoquinolinol, 2-(4,4-diphenylbutyl-6-[(hexahydro-1H-azepin-1-yl)methyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-</p>	208925-23-9
99	PGE 844384	 <p>H—Cl H—Cl</p> <p>2,4-Imidazolidinedione, 1-[[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-furanyl]methylene]amino]-3-[3-[4-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1-piperazinyl]propyl]-, dihydrochloride</p>	149889-02-1
100	Pirmenol CI 845	 <p>2-Pyridinemethanol, α-[3-[(2R,6S)-2,6-dimethyl-1-piperidiny]propyl]-α-phenyl-, rel-</p>	68252-19-7
101	PNU 96293	 <p>Guanidine, N-cyano-N'-(1-phenylpropyl)-N''-3-pyridinyl-, (R)-</p>	155342-80-6
102	PNU 99963	 <p>Guanidine, N-[1-(3-chlorophenyl)cyclobutyl]-N'-cyano-N''-3-pyridinyl-</p>	158942-98-4
103	Pyrido triazoles	 <p>No name available</p>	No CAS RN

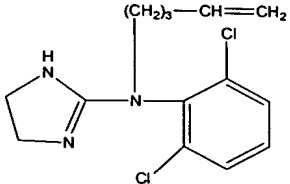
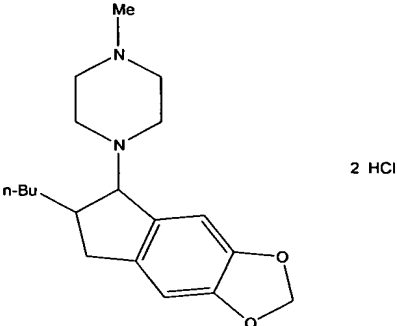
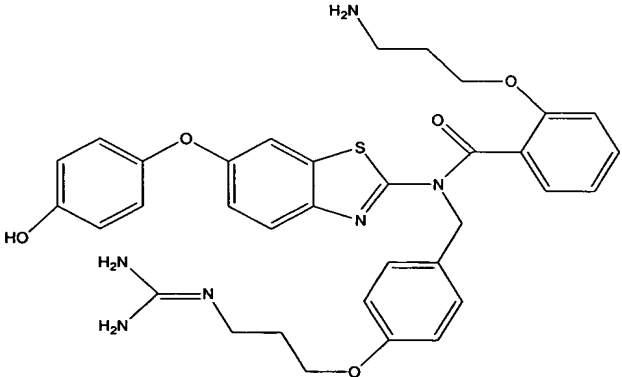
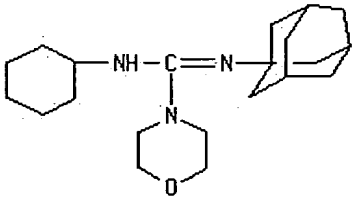
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
104	Repaglinide NN 623 AGEE 623	 <p>Benzoic acid, 2-ethoxy-4-[2-[[[(1S)-3-methyl-1-[2-(1-piperidinyl)phenyl]butyl]amino]-2-oxoethyl]-</p>	135062-02-1
105	Rimonabant SR 141716	 <p>1H-Pyrazole-3-carboxamide, 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-methyl-N-1-piperidinyl-</p>	168273-06-1
106	Risotilide	 <p>Benzenesulfonamide, N-(1-methylethyl)-N-[2-[(1-methylethyl)amino]ethyl]-4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-</p>	120688-08-6
107	Ro-034563	 <p>No name available</p>	No CAS RN

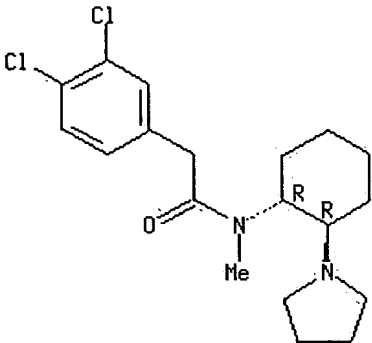
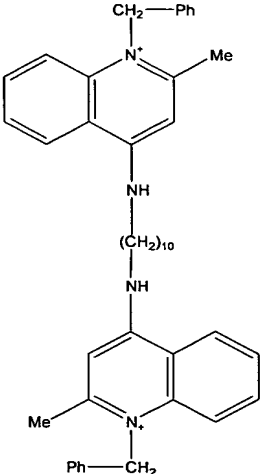
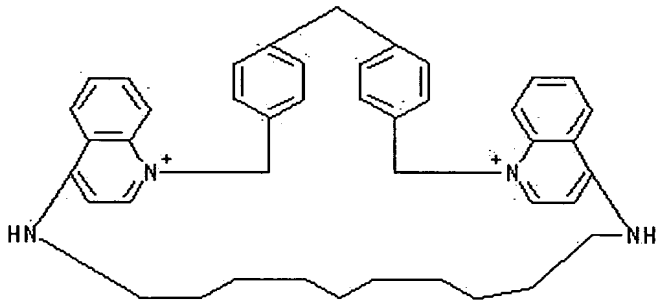
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
108	Ropivacaine AL 281 LEA 103	 <p>2-Piperidinecarboxamide, N-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-1-propyl-, (2S)-</p>	84057-95-4
109	RP 58866	 <p>Piperidine, 1-[2-(3,4-dihydro-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl)ethyl]-4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-, hydrochloride</p>	121277-95-0
110	RP 66784	 <p>Cyclohexanecarbothioamide, N-methyl-2-[2-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]ethyl]-1-(3-pyridinyl)-, trans-</p>	137392-34-8
111	RSD 1000	 <p>1-Naphthaleneacetic acid, (1R,2R)-2-(4-morpholinyl)cyclohexyl ester, rel-</p>	169191-56-4

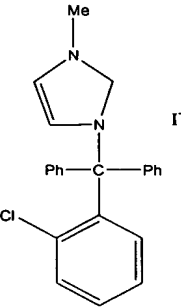
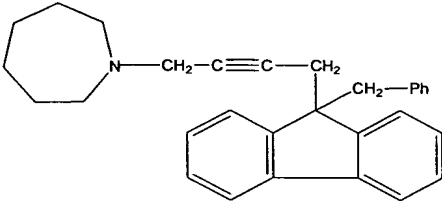
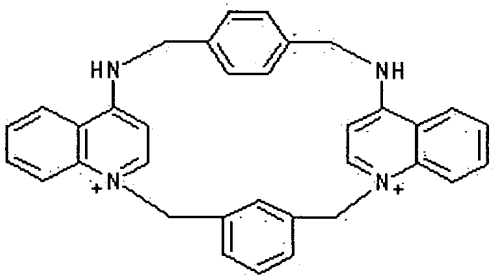
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
112	RSD 1019	 <p>Benzeneacetic acid, 4-bromo-, (1R,2R)-2-(4-morpholinyl)cyclohexyl ester, rel-</p>	169191-65-5
113	RWJ 28810	 <p>Piperazine, 1-(4-nitrobenzoyl-4-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-</p>	329040-80-4
114	RX 871024	 <p>1H-Indole, 2-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-1-phenyl-</p>	142872-83-1
115	S 9947	 <p>Carbamic acid, [[2'-[[[2-(2-pyridinyl)ethyl]amino]carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl]methyl]-, phenylmethyl ester</p>	332378-43-5
116	S 16260	 <p>2H-3-Benzazepin-2-one, 3-[3-[[[(7R)-3,4-dimethoxybicyclo[4.2.0]octa-1,3,5-trien-7-yl]methyl]methylamino]propyl]-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-7,8-dimethoxy-</p>	167072-91-5
117	Salicylaldoxime	 <p>Benzaldehyde, 2-hydroxy-, oxime</p>	94-67-7

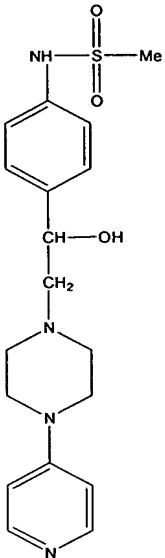
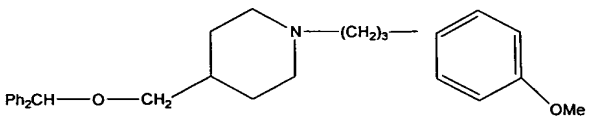
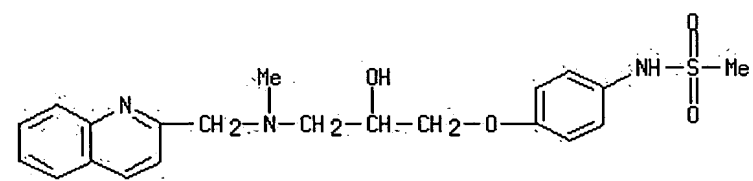
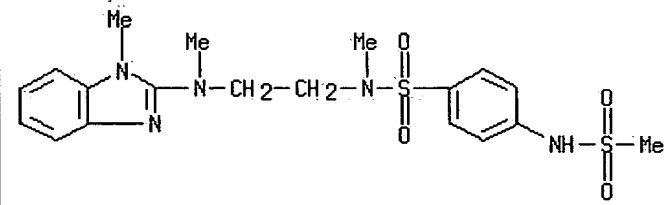
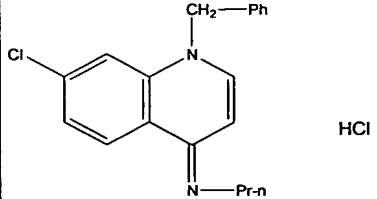
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
118	SB 237376	 <p>Benzamide, N-[3-[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]propyl]-4-nitro-</p>	179258-59-4
119	Sematilide CK 1752 ZK 110516	 <p>Benzamide, N-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-</p>	101526-83-4
120	Sinominine	 <p>Morphinan-6-one, 7,8-didehydro-4-hydroxy-3,7-dimethoxy-17-methyl-, (9α,13α,14α)-</p>	115-53-7
121	Sotalol	 <p>Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[1-hydroxy-2-[(1-methylethyl)amino]ethyl]phenyl]-</p>	No CAS RN
122	Spriadoline	 <p>Benzeneacetamide, 3,4-dichloro-N-methyl-N-[(5R,7S,8S)-7-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-oxaspiro[4,5]dec-8-yl]-, rel-</p>	87151-85-7 87151-97-5

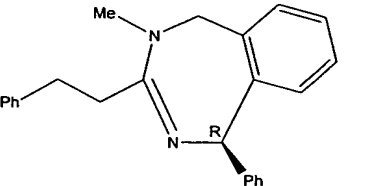
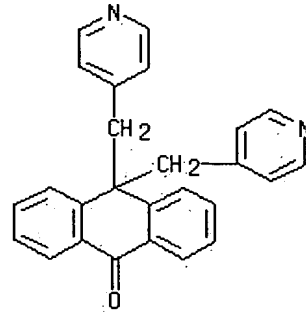
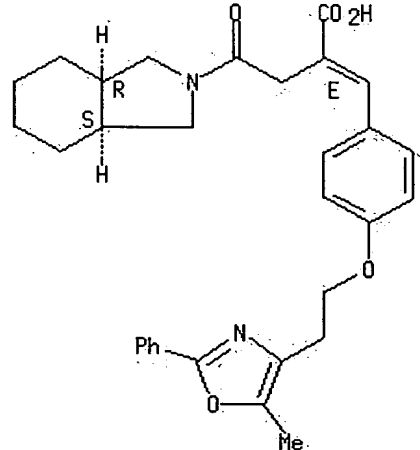
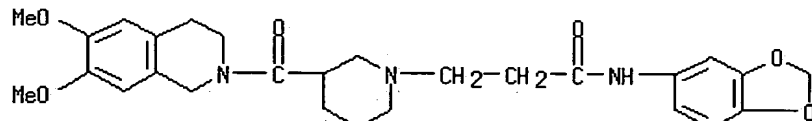
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
123	SPM 928 ATI 2042	 <p>2-Benzofuranacetic acid, 3-[4-[2-(diethylamino)ethoxy]-3,5-diiodobenzoyl]-, 1-methylpropyl ester</p>	270587-33-2
124	SSR 149744B	No name available. No structure available	No CAS RN
125	Tedisamil KC 8857	 <p>Spiro[cyclopentane-1,9'-[3,7]diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane], 3',7'-bis(cyclopropylmethyl)-</p>	90961-53-8
126	Terikalant RP 62719	 <p>Piperidine, 1-[2-[(4S)-3,4-dihydro-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]ethyl]-4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-</p>	132338-79-5
127	TH 9121	 <p>1H-Imidazol-2-amine, N-butyl-N-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-</p>	53331-33-2

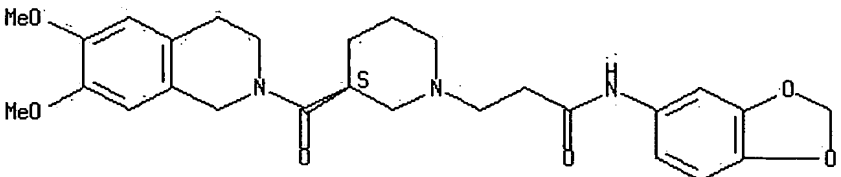
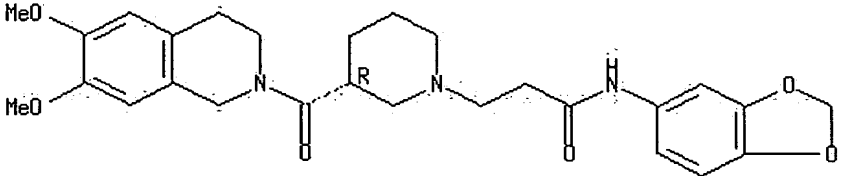
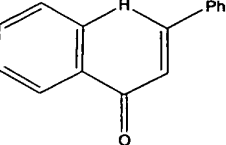
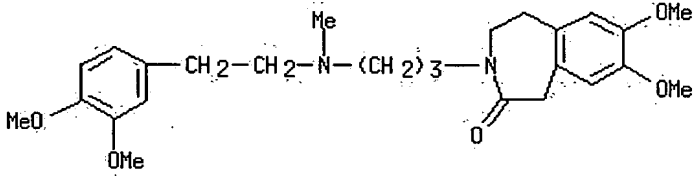
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
128	TH 9122	 <p>1H-Imidazol-2-amine, N-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-N-4-pentenyl-</p>	159428-97-4
129	TN 871	 <p>Piperazine, 1-(6-butyl-6,7-dihydro-5H-indeno[5,6-d]-1,3-dioxol-5-yl)-4-methyl-, dihydrochloride</p>	153127-39-0
130	Toxin based therapeutics BRI 6906	 <p>No name available</p>	No CAS RN
131	U 37883A	 <p>4-Morpholinecarboximidamide, N-cyclohexyl-N'-tricyclo[3.3.1.1.3,7]dec-1-yl-, monohydrochloride</p>	57568-80-6

ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
132	U 50488H	 <p>Benzeneacetamide, 3,4-dichloro-N-methyl-N-[(1R,2R)-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)cyclohexyl]-, rel-, monomethanesulfonate</p>	67198-13-4 83913-06-8 (salt)
133	UCL 1439	 <p>Quinolinium, 4,4'-(1,10-decanediyl-diimino)bis[2-methyl-1-(phenylmethyl)-], salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:2)</p>	173412-06-1
134	UCL 1530	 <p>5,35:7,10:12,15:17,22-Tetraetheno-6H-dibenzo[b,r][1,5,16,20]tetraazacyclohentriacontine-5,17-diium, 11,16,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34-tetradecahydro-</p>	172998-23-1

ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
135	UCL 1559 TRAM 30	 <p>1H-Imidazolium, 1-[(2-chlorophenyl)diphenylmethyl]-3-methyl-, iodide</p>	215462-39-8
136	UCL 1608	 <p>1H-Azepine, hexahydro-1-[4-[9-(phenylmethyl)-9H-fluoren-9-yl]-2-butynyl]-, ethanedioate (1:1)</p>	371172-30-4-371172-31-5 (salt)
137	UCL 1684	 <p># 2: Br⁻</p> <p>5,27:13,18:21,24-Trietheno-11,7-metheno-7H-dibenzo[b,n][1,5,12,16]tetraazacyclotricosine-5,13-diium, 6,12,19,20,25,26-hexahydro-, dibromide</p>	199934-16-2

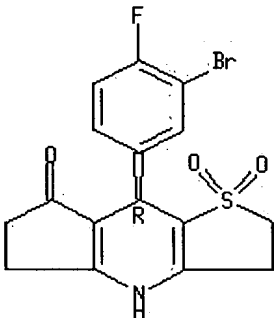
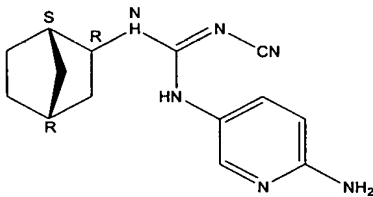
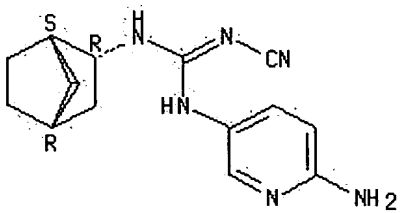
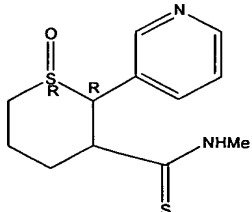
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
138	UK 66914	 <p>Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[1-hydroxy-2-[4-(4-pyridinyl)-1-piperazinyl]ethyl]phenyl]-</p>	113049-11-9
139	UK 78282	 <p>Piperidine, 4-[(diphenylmethoxy)methyl]-1-[3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propyl]-</p>	191217-42-2
140	WAY 123223	 <p>Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[2-hydroxy-3-[methyl(2-quinolinylmethyl)amino]propoxy]phenyl]-</p>	136727-01-0
141	WAY 123398	 <p>Benzenesulfonamide, N-methyl-N-[2-[methyl(1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)amino]ethyl]-4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-</p>	138490-53-6
142	WIN 17317-3	 <p>1-Propanamine, N-[7-chloro-1-(phenylmethyl)-4(1H)-quinolinylidene]-, monohydrochloride</p>	169970-60-9

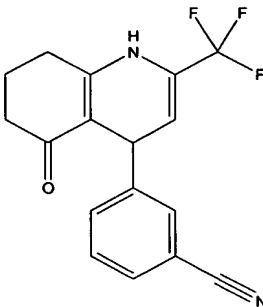
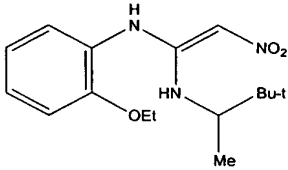
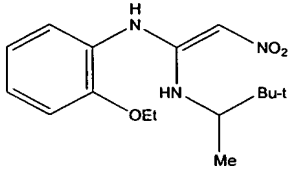
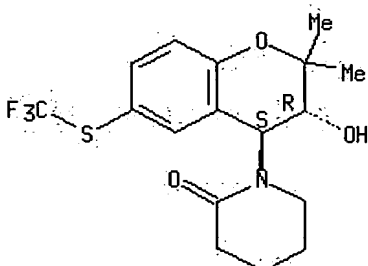
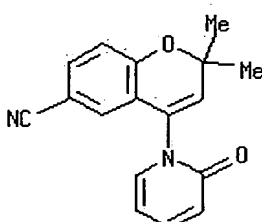
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
143	WIN 61773	 <p>1H-2,4-Benzodiazepine, 4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-1-phenyl-3-(2-phenylethyl)-, monohydrochloride, (1R)-</p>	142153-24-0
144	XE 991	 <p>9(10H)-Anthracenone, 10,10-bis(4-pyridinylmethyl)-</p>	122955-42-4
145	Y 39677	 <p>2H-Isoindole-2-butanoic acid, octahydro-α-[[4-[2-(5-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazolyl)ethoxy]phenyl]methylene]-γ-oxo-, (αE,3aR,7aS)-rel-</p>	312688-85-0
146	YM 19348 Racemate	 <p># HCl</p> <p>1-Piperidinepropanamide, N-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl-3-[(3,4-dihydro-6,7-dimethoxy-2(1H)-isoquinolinyl)carbonyl]-, monohydrochloride</p>	312737-98-7

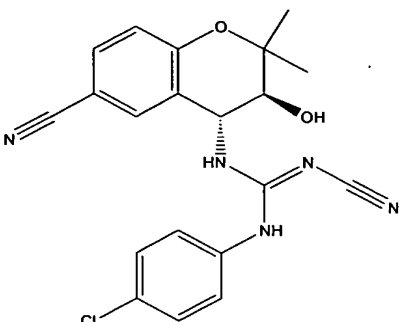
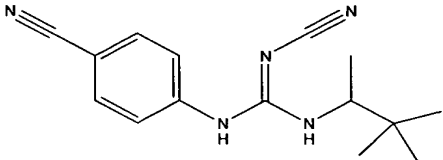
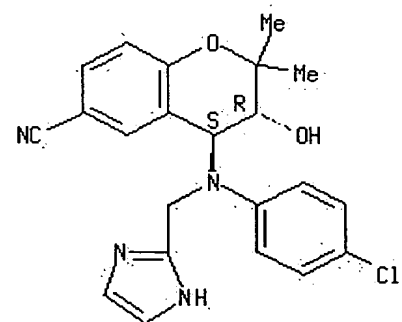
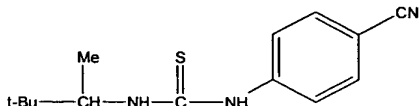
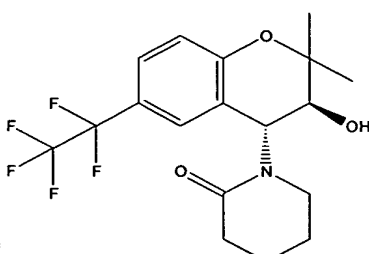
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
147	YM 193489-S	 <p>1-Piperidinepropanamide, N-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl-3-[(3,4-dihydro-6,7-dimethoxy-2(1H)-isoquinolinyl)carbonyl]-, (3S)-, (2R,3R)-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate (1:1)</p>	312738-09-3
148	YM 193489-R	 <p>1-Piperidinepropanamide, N-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl-3-[(3,4-dihydro-6,7-dimethoxy-2(1H)-isoquinolinyl)carbonyl]-, (3R)-, (2R,3R)-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate (1:1)</p>	312738-03-7
149	YT 1	 <p>4(1H)-Quinolinone, 2-phenyl-</p>	14802-18-7
150	Zatebradine	 <p>2H-3-Benzazepin-2-one, 3-[3-[[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]methylamino]propyl]-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-7,8-dimethoxy-</p>	85175-67-3

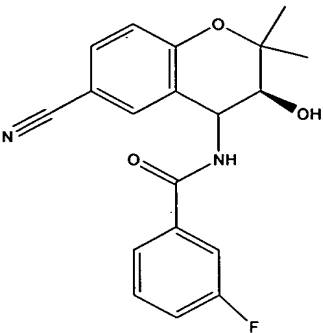
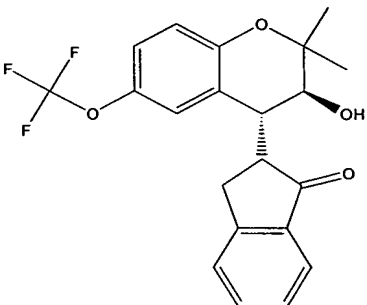
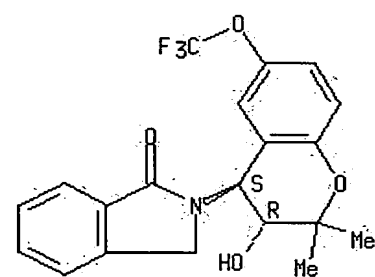
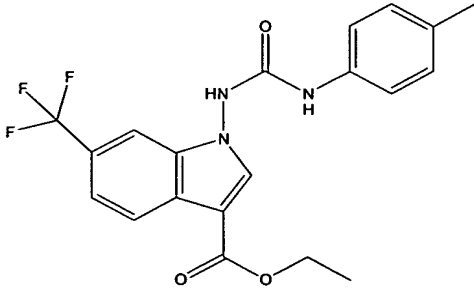
[0422] In a further embodiment, compounds that are useful for the potassium ion channel opener or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof in connection with the present invention include, but are not limited to, the compounds set forth in Table 5B below:

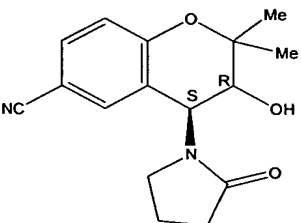
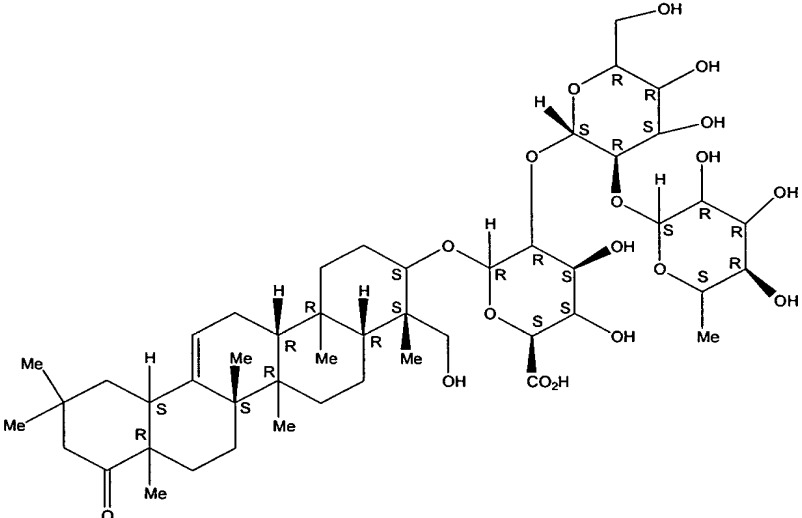
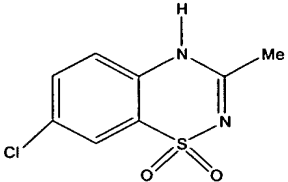
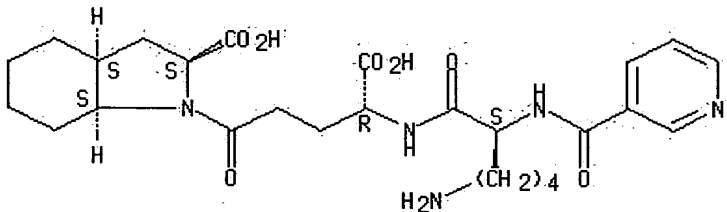
TABLE 5B
EXAMPLES OF POTASSIUM ION CHANNEL OPENERS AS
EMBODIMENTS

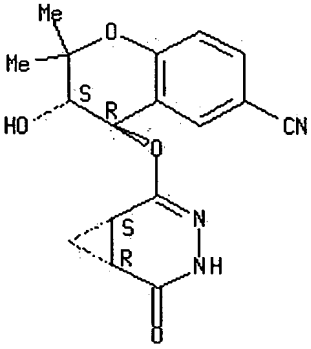
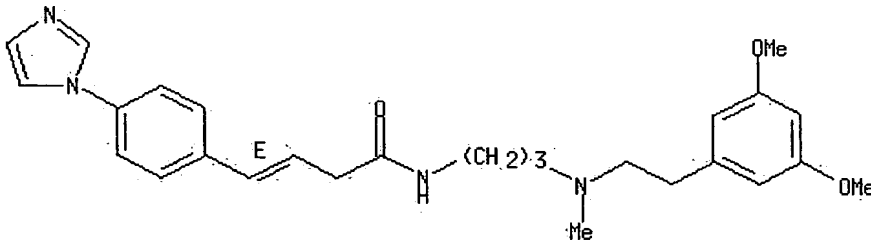
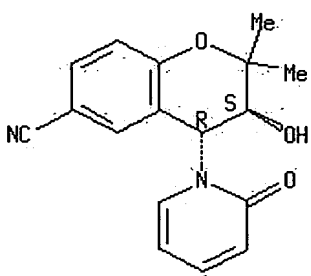
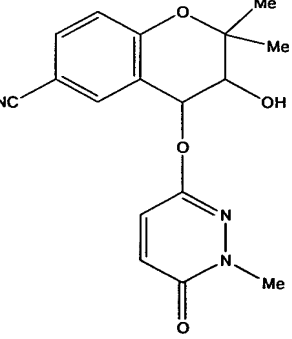
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
1	ABA 267	No name available. No structure available	No CAS RN
2	ABT 598	 <p>7H-Cyclopenta[b]thieno[2,3-e]pyridin-7-one, 8-(3-bromo-4-fluorophenyl)-2,3,4,5,6,8-hexahydro-, 1,1-dioxide</p>	227609-69-0
3	AL 0670	 <p>Guanidine, N-(6-amino-3-pyridinyl)-N'-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl-N''-cyano-, (1S-endo)-</p>	156473-05-1
4	AL 0671	 <p># HCl (+)-1-(6-Amino-3-pyridyl)-3-[(1S,2R,4R)-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]-2-cyanoguanidine hydrochloride</p>	158513-06-5
5	Aprikalim	 <p>2H-Thiopyran-2-carbothioamide, tetrahydro-N-methyl-2-(3-pyridinyl)-, 1-oxide, (1R-trans)-</p>	132562-26-6

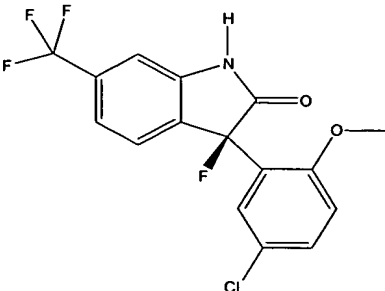
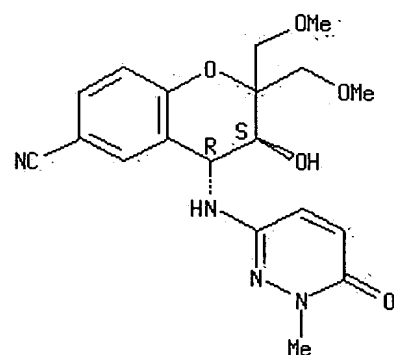
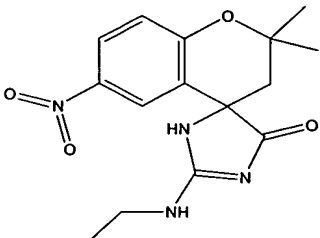
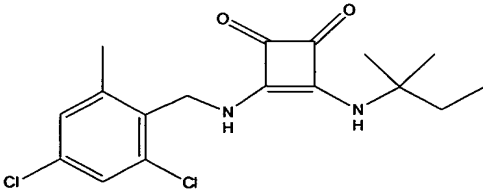
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
6	AZD 0947	 <p>Benzonitrile, 3-[(4S)-1,4,5,6,7,8-hexahydro-5-oxo-2-(trifluoromethyl)-4-quinoliny]-</p>	172649-40-0
7	BAY X 9227	 <p>1,1-Ethenediamine, N-(2-ethoxyphenyl)-2-nitro-N'-(1,2,2-trimethylpropyl)-, (-)-</p>	144341-32-2
8	BAY X 9228	 <p>1,1-Ethenediamine, N-(2-ethoxyphenyl)-2-nitro-N'-(1,2,2-trimethylpropyl)-, (+)-</p>	144341-30-0
9	BDF 9333	 <p>2-Piperidinone, 1-[3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-6-[(trifluoromethyl)thio]-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-, trans-</p>	128150-08-3 157856-78-5 (no structure)
10	Bimakalim	 <p>2,2-Dimethyl-4-[2-oxo-1(2H)-pyridinyl]-2H-1-benzopyran-6-carbonitrile</p>	117545-11-6

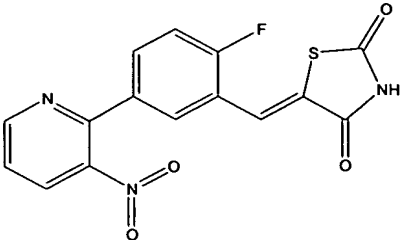
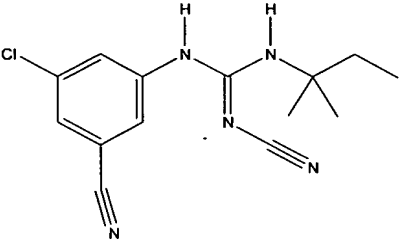
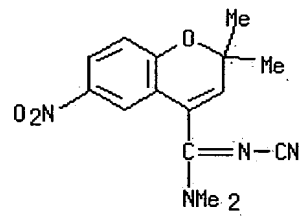
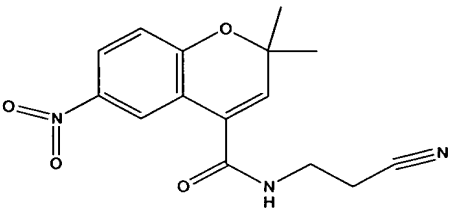
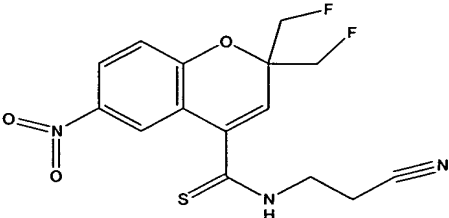
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
11	BMS 180448	 <p>Guanidine, N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-cyano-N''-[(3S,4R)-6-cyano-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-</p>	144301-94-0
12	BMS 182264	 <p>Guanidine, N-cyano-N'-(4-cyanophenyl)-N''-(1,2,2-trimethylpropyl)-</p>	127749-54-6
13	BMS 191095	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-6-carbonitrile, 4-[(4-chlorophenyl)(1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-, (3R,4S)-</p>	166095-21-2
14	BRL 38277		No CAS RN
15	BRL 49074	 <p>Thiourea, N-(4-cyanophenyl)-N'-(1,2,2-trimethylpropyl)-</p>	147752-22-5 133208-69-2 (discontinued)
16	BRL 55834	 <p>2-Piperidinone, 1-[(3S,4R)-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-6-(pentafluoroethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-</p>	131899-25-7

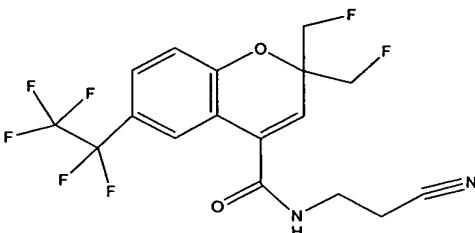
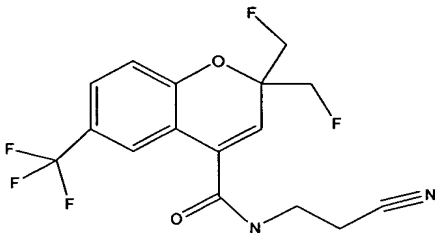
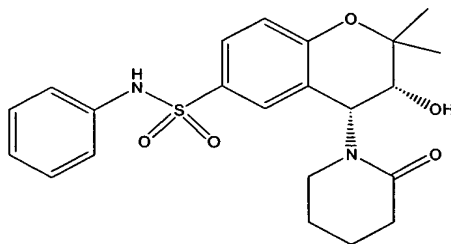
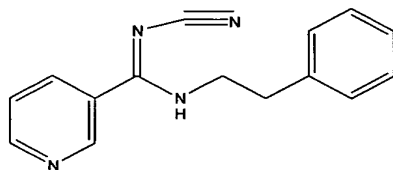
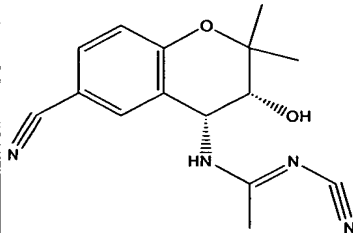
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17	BRL 61164	 <p>Benzamide, N-(6-cyano-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl)-3-fluoro-, (3R-trans)-</p>	146986-81-4
18	Celikalim WAY 120491	 <p>1H-Isoindol-1-one, 2-[(3S,4R)-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-6-(trifluoromethoxy)-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-2,3-dihydro-</p>	124916-54-7
19	Celikalim derivatives	 <p>1H-Isoindol-1-one, 2-[3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-6-(trifluoromethoxy)-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-2,3-dihydro-, trans-</p>	124787-43-5 for example
20	CGS 7181	 <p>1H-Indole-3-carboxylic acid, 1-[[[(4-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl]-2-hydroxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-], ethyl ester</p>	200345-93-3

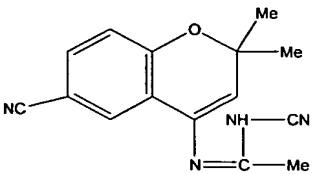
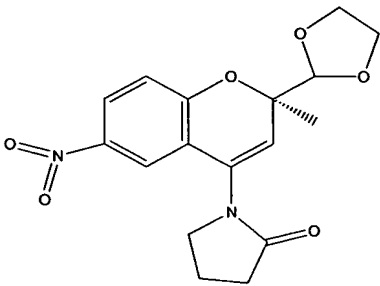
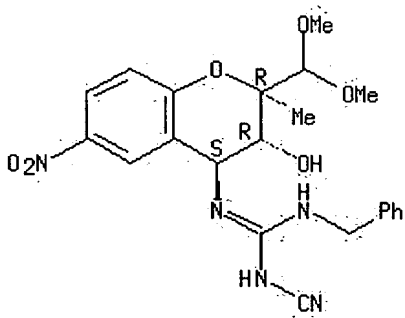
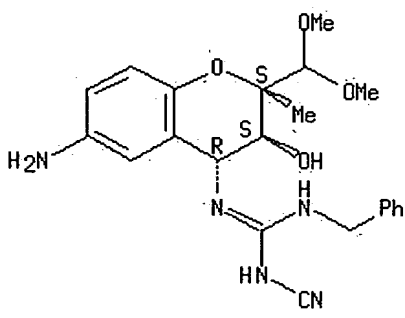
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
21	Cromakalim BRL 34915	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-6-carbonitrile, 3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-4-(2-oxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)-, (3R,4S)-rel-</p>	94470-67-4
22	Dehydrosoy asaponin 1	 <p>β-D-Glucopyranosiduronic acid, (3β,4β)-23-hydroxy-22-oxoolean-12-en-3-yl O-6-deoxy-α-L-mannopyranosyl-(1\rightarrow2)-O-β-D-galactopyranosyl-(1\rightarrow2)-</p>	117210-14-7
23	Diazoxide	 <p>2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine, 7-chloro-3-methyl-1, 1,1-dioxide</p>	364-98-7
24	DU 1777	 <p>1H-Indole-2-carboxylic acid, N2-(3-pyridinylcarbonyl)-L-lysyl-D-γ-glutamyl-octahydro-, (2S,3aS,7aS)-</p>	116662-73-8

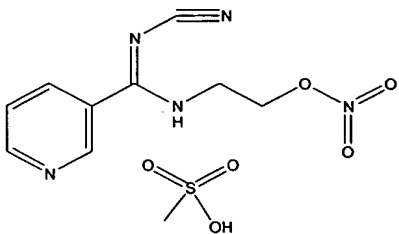
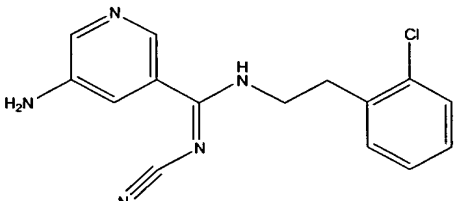
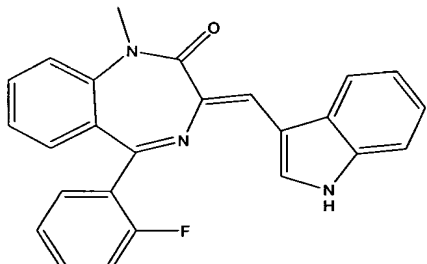
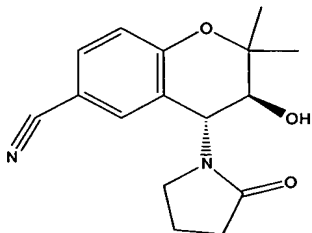
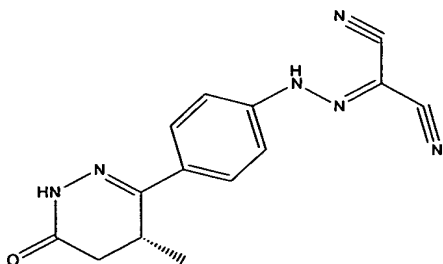
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
25	DY 9708	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-6-carbonitrile, 3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-4-[[[(1S,6R)-5-oxo-3,4-diazabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-2-en-2-yl]oxy]-, (3S, 4R)-</p>	273213-70-0
26	E 4080	 <p># 2 HCl</p> <p>3-Butenamide, N-[3-[[2-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]methylamino]propyl]-4-[4-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)phenyl]-, dihydrochloride, (3E)-</p>	127404-34-6
27	Emakalim	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-6-carbonitrile, 3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-4-(2-oxo-1(2H)-pyridinyl)-, (3S,4R)-</p>	129729-66-4
28	EMD 57283	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-6-carbonitrile, 4-[(1,6-dihydro-1-methyl-6-oxo-3-pyridazinyl)oxy]-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-</p>	134352-59-3

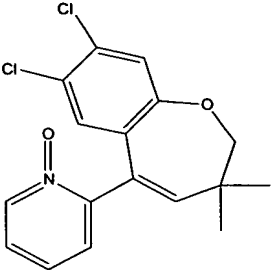
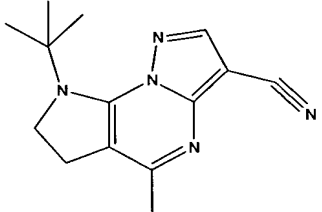
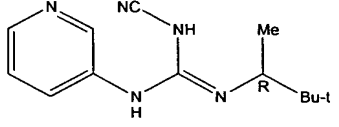
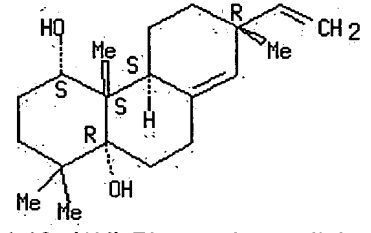
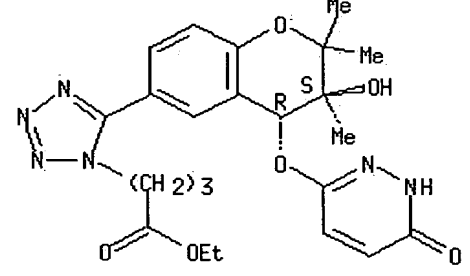
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29	EMD 67618	No name available. No structure available	No CAS RN
30	Flindokalner	 <p>2H-Indol-2-one, 3-(5-chloro-2-methoxyphenyl)-3-fluoro-1,3-dihydro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, (3S)-</p>	187523-35-9
31	JTV 506	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-6-carbonitrile, 4-[(1,6-dihydro-1-methyl-6-oxo-3-pyridazinyl)amino]-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-bis(methoxymethyl)-, (3S,4R)-</p>	170148-29-5
32	Potassium channel openers	 <p>Spiro[4H-1-benzopyran-4,4'-[4H]imidazol]-5'(1'H)-one, 2,3-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-6-nitro-2'-(propylamino)-</p>	148795-10-2
33	Potassium channel openers	 <p>3-Cyclobutene-1,2-dione, 3-[[[(2,4-dichloro-6-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-4-[[1,1-dimethylpropyl]amino]-</p>	202520-55-6

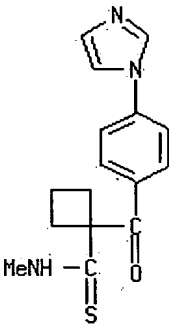
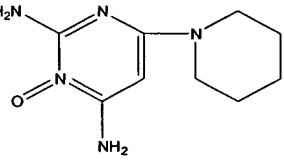
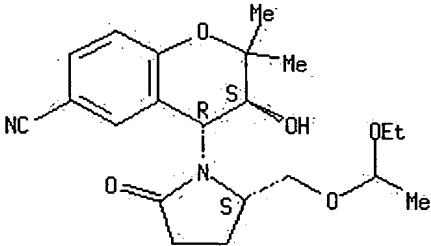
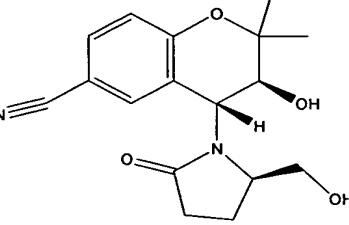
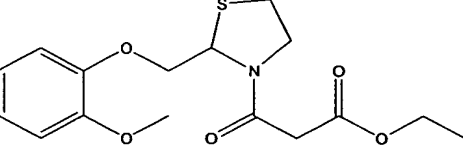
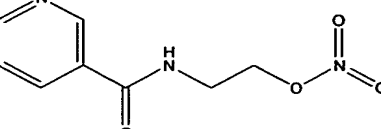
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
34	Potassium ATP agonists	 <p>No name available</p>	No CAS RN
35	KB R5608	 <p>Guanidine, N-(3-chloro-5-cyanophenyl)-N'-cyano-N''-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-</p>	144930-88-1
36	KC 128	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-4-carboximidamide, N'-cyano-N,N,2,2-tetramethyl-6-nitro-</p>	141591-92-6
37	KC 332	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-4-carboxamide, N-(2-cyanoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-6-nitro-</p>	141572-31-8
38	KC 399	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-4-carbothioamide, N-(2-cyanoethyl)-2,2-bis(fluoromethyl)-6-nitro-</p>	152661-13-7

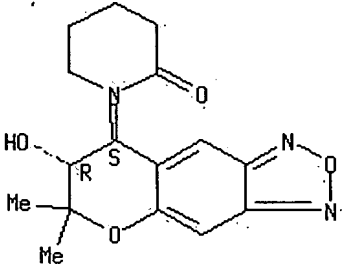
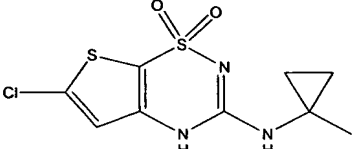
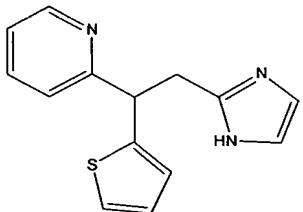
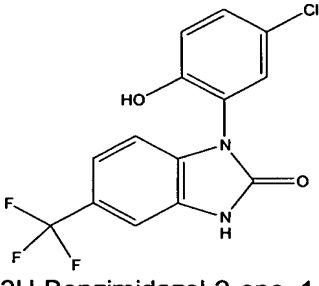
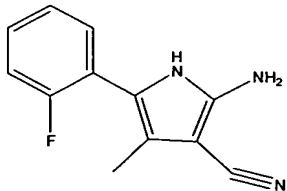
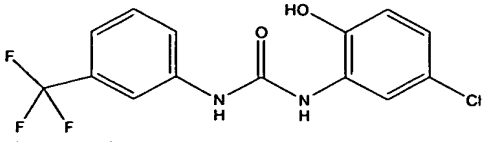
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39	KC 515	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-4-carboxamide, N-(2-cyanoethyl)-2,2-bis(fluoromethyl)-6-(pentafluoroethyl)-</p>	152661-26-2
40	KC 516	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-4-carboxamide, N-(2-cyanoethyl)-2,2-bis(fluoromethyl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-</p>	152661-22-8
41	KCO 912	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-6-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-4-(2-oxo-1-piperidiny)-N-phenyl-, (3S,4R)-</p>	185695-83-4
42	KI 1769	 <p>3-Pyridinecarboximidamide, N-cyano-N'-(2-phenylethyl)-</p>	133300-00-2
43	KIL 769	Methane sulfonic acid salt of KI 1769	No CAS RN
44	KP 294	 <p>No name available</p>	CAS RN for enantiomer only

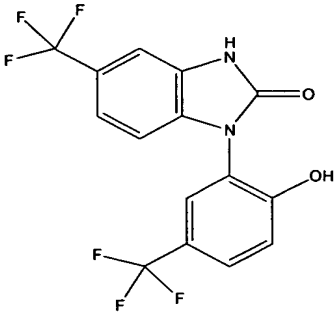
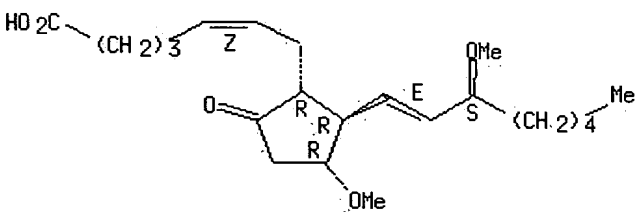
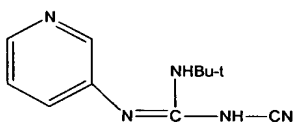
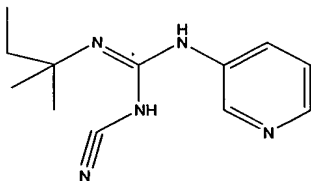
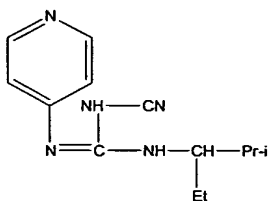
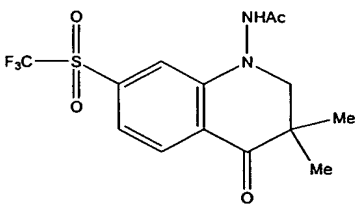
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
45	KP 403	 <p>Ethanimidamide, N-cyano-N'-(6-cyano-2,2-dimethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl)-</p>	133178-25-3
46	KR 30450	 <p>2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-[(2R)-2-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)-2-methyl-6-nitro-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-</p>	172489-10-0
47	KR 31372	 <p>Guanidine, N-cyano-N'-[(2R,3R,4S)-2-(dimethoxymethyl)-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2-methyl-6-nitro-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-N''-(phenylmethyl)-</p>	327614-26-6
48	KR 31378	 <p>Guanidine, N-[(2S,3S,4R)-6-amino-2-(dimethoxymethyl)-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2-methyl-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-N'-cyano-N''-(phenylmethyl)-</p>	335381-68-5

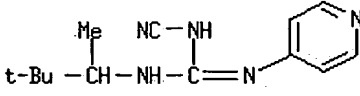
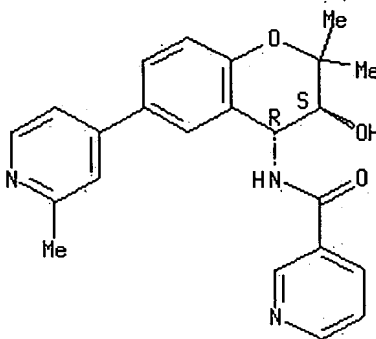
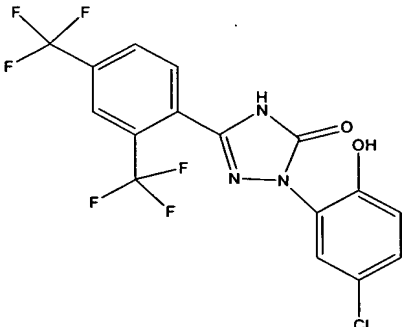
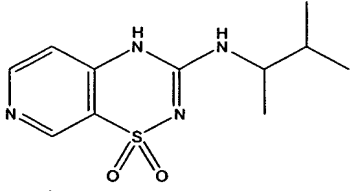
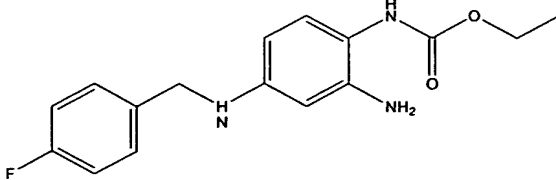
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
49	KRN 2391	 <p>3-Pyridinecarboximidamide, N-cyano-N'-[2-(nitrooxy)ethyl]-, monomethanesulfonate</p>	134431-49-5
50	KRN 4884	 <p>3-Pyridinecarboximidamide, 5-amino-N-[2-(2-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N'-cyano-</p>	152802-84-1
51	L-364373	 <p>2H-1,4-Benzodiazepin-2-one, 5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dihydro-3-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-1-methyl-, (3R)-</p>	103342-82-1
52	Lemakalim Levocromakalim	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-6-carbonitrile, 3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-4-(2-oxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)-, (3S,4R)-</p>	94535-50-9
53	Levosimendan	 <p>Propanedinitrile, [[4-[(4R)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-4-methyl-6-oxo-3-pyridazinyl]phenyl]hydrazono]-</p>	141505-33-1

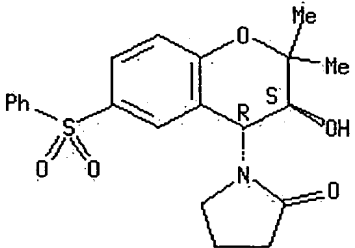
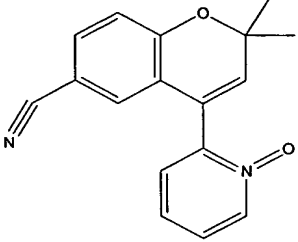
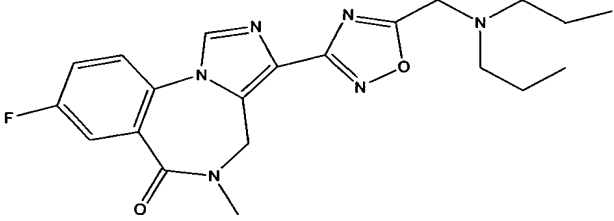
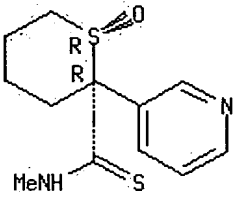
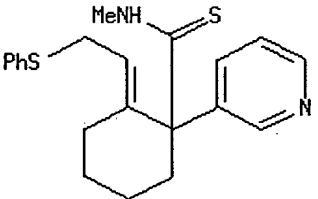
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
54	LM 3339	 <p>Pyridine, 2-(7,8-dichloro-2,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-benzoxepin-5-yl)-, 1-oxide</p>	157987-31-0
55	LP 805	 <p>6H-Pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrrolo[3,2-e]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile, 8-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-7,8-dihydro-5-methyl-</p>	129909-32-6
56	(-) LY 222675	 <p>Guanidine, N-cyano-N'-3-pyridinyl-N''-(1,2,2-trimethylpropyl)-, (R)-</p>	131815-93-5
57	Maxikdiol	 <p>4,10a(1H)-Phenanthrenediol, 7-ethenyl-2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,7,9,10-decahydro-1,1,4a,7-tetramethyl-, (4S,4aS,4bS,7R,10aR)-</p>	161161-47-3
58	Mazokalim	 <p>1H-Tetrazole-1-butanoic acid, 5-[(1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-3-pyridazinyl)oxy]-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2,3-trimethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-6-yl-, ethyl ester</p>	1641787-54-5

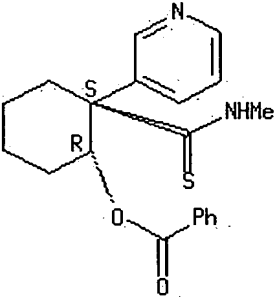
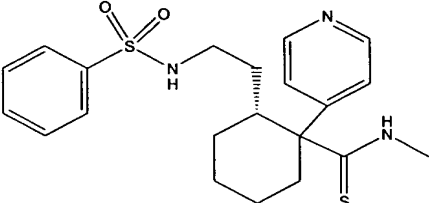
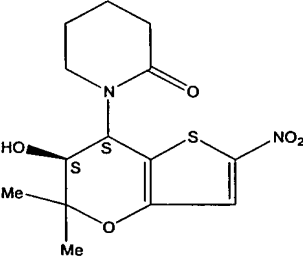
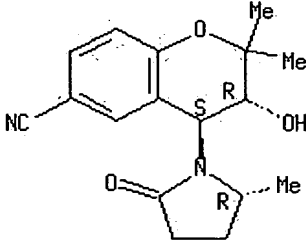
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
59	MCC 134	 <p>Cyclobutanecarbothioamide, 1-[4-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)benzoyl]-N-methyl-</p>	181238-67-5
60	Minoxidil	 <p>2,4-Pyrimidinediamine, 6-(1-piperidinyl)-, 3-oxide</p>	38304-91-5
61	MJ 355	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-6-carbonitrile, 4-[(2R)-2-[(1-ethoxyethoxy)methyl]-5-oxo-1-pyrrolidinyl]-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-, (3R,4S)-rel-</p>	252044-45-4
62	MJ 451	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-6-carbonitrile, 3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-4-[(2S)-2-(hydroxymethyl)-5-oxo-1-pyrrolidinyl]-2,2-dimethyl-, (3S,4R)-</p>	129655-17-0
63	Moguisteine	 <p>3-Thiazolidinepropanoic acid, 2-[(2-methoxyphenoxy)methyl]-β-oxo, ethyl ester</p>	119637-67-1
64	Nicorandil	 <p>3-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-[2-(nitrooxy)ethyl]-</p>	65141-46-0

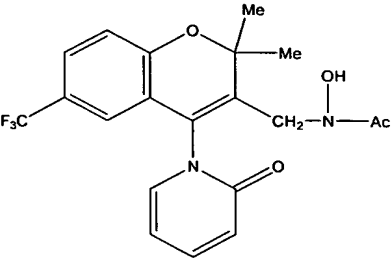
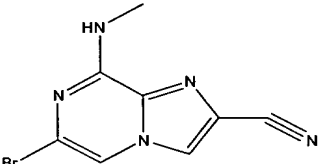
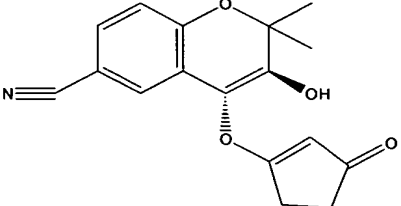
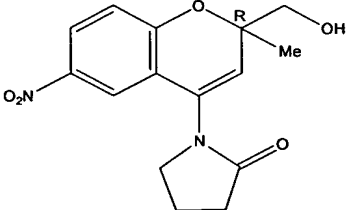
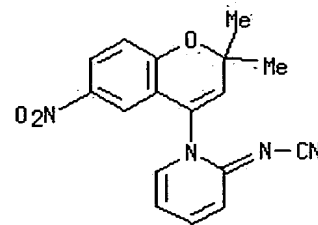
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
65	NIP 121	 <p>2-Piperidinone, 1-[(7R,8S)-7,8-dihydro-7-hydroxy-6,6-dimethyl-6H-pyrano[2,3-f]-2,1,3-benzoxadiazol-8-yl]-, rel-(+)-</p>	135244-62-1
66	NN 414	 <p>2H-Thieno[3,2-e]-1,2,4-thiadiazin-3-amine, 6-chloro-N-(1-methylcyclopropyl)-, 1,1-dioxide</p>	279215-43-9
67	NN 5501	 <p>Pyridine, 2-[2-(1H-imidazol-2-yl)-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-</p>	142338-70-3
68	NS 004	 <p>2H-Benzimidazol-2-one, 1-(5-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-1,3-dihydro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-</p>	141797-92-4
69	NS 8	 <p>1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 2-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-4-methyl-</p>	186033-14-7
70	NS 1608	 <p>Urea, N-(5-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-N'-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]</p>	160383-80-2

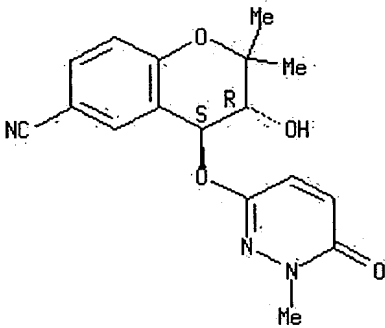
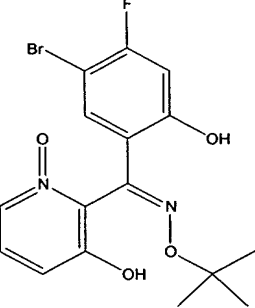
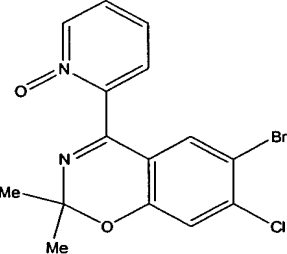
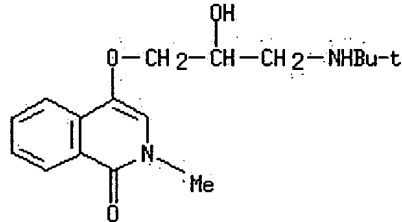
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
71	NS 1619	 <p>2H-Benzimidazol-2-one,1,3-dihydro-1-[2-hydroxy-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)-</p>	153587-01-0
72	ONO AE 248	 <p>Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 11,15-dimethoxy-9-oxo-, (5Z,11α,13E,15S)-</p>	211230-67-0
73	P 1060	 <p>Guanidine, N-cyano-N'-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N''-3-pyridinyl-</p>	60559-94-6
74	P 1075	 <p>Guanidine, N-cyano-N'-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-N''-3-pyridinyl-</p>	60559-98-0
75	P 1188	 <p>Guanidine, N-cyano-N'-(1-ethyl-2-methylpropyl)-N''-4-pyridinyl-</p>	67026-48-6
76	PC 286	 <p>Acetamide, N-[3,4-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-4-oxo-7-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]-1(2H)-quinolinyl]-</p>	174777-09-4

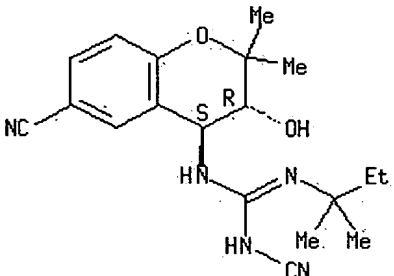
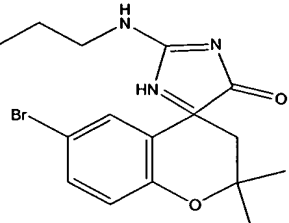
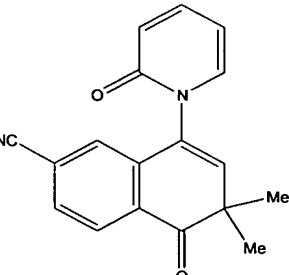
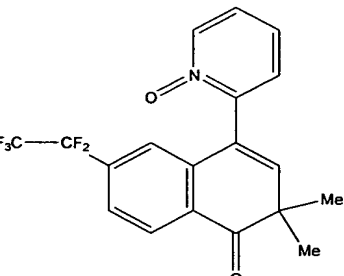
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77	Pinacidil P 1134	 <p>Guanidine, N-cyano-N'-4-pyridinyl-N''-(1,2,2-trimethylpropyl)-</p>	60560-33-0
78	PKF 217	 <p>3-Pyridinecarboxamide, N-[(3S,4R)-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-6-(2-methyl-4-pyridinyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-</p>	359440-17-8
79	PM 56D8	No name available. No structure available	NO CAS RN related to 129929-86-8
80	PNU 83757	No name available. No structure available	443795-79-7
81	Potassium Channel Opener	 <p>3H-1,2,4-Triazol-3-one, 5-[2,4-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-(5-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-1,2-dihydro-</p>	202822-25-1
82	Potassium Channel Opener BPDZ44	 <p>2H-Pyrido[4,3-e]-1,2,4-thiadiazin-3-amine, N-(1,2-dimethylpropyl)-, 1,1-dioxide</p>	152382-67-7
83	Retigabine D 23129	 <p>Carbamic acid, [2-amino-4-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]phenyl-, ethyl ester</p>	150812-12-7

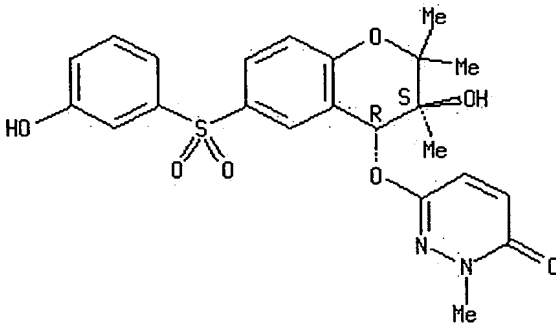
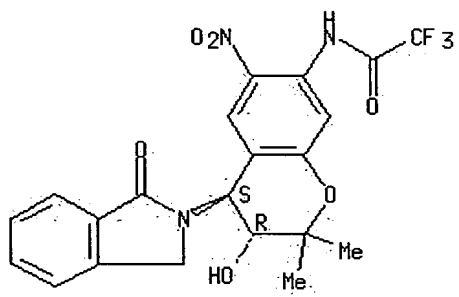
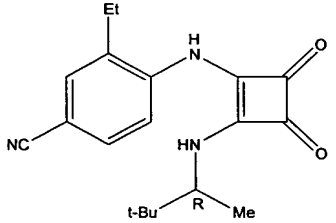
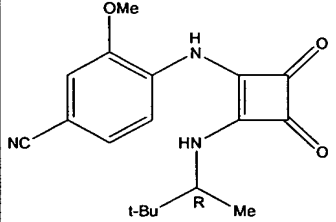
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
84	Rilmakalim Rimakalim HOE 234	 <p>2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-[(3S,4R)-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-6-(phenylsulfonyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-</p>	132014-21-2
85	RO 31-6930	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-6-carbonitrile, 2,2-dimethyl-4-(1-oxido-2-pyridinyl)-</p>	120280-37-7
86	RO 48-6791	 <p>6H-Imidazo[1,5-a][1,4]benzodiazepin-6-one, 3-[5-[(dipropylamino)methyl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl]-8-fluoro-4,5-dihydro-5-methyl-</p>	172407-17-9
87	RP 49356 Enantiomer of aprikalim	 <p>2H-Thiopyran-2-carbothioamide, tetrahydro-N-methyl-2-(3-pyridinyl)-, 1-oxide, (1R,2R)-rel-</p>	89544-10-5
88	RP 66266	 <p>Cyclohexanecarbothioamide, N-methyl-2-[2-(phenylthio)ethylidene]-1-(3-pyridinyl)-</p>	131332-13-3

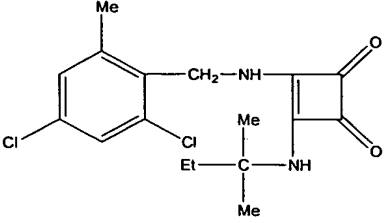
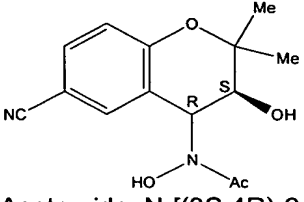
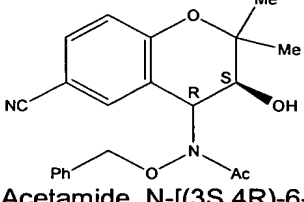
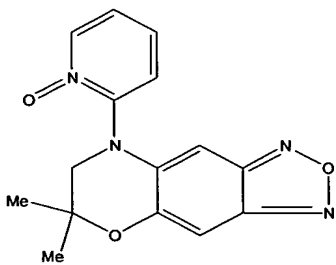
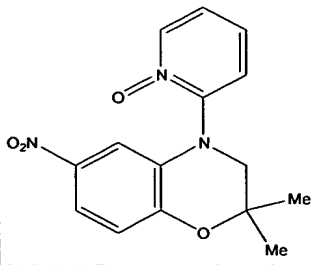
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
89	RP 66471	 <p>Cyclohexanecarbothioamide, 2-(benzoyloxy)-N-methyl-1-(3-pyridinyl)-, (1S,2R)-</p>	133320-02-2
90	RP 66784	 <p>Cyclohexanecarbothioamide, N-methyl-2-[2-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]ethyl]-1-(3-pyridinyl)-, trans- (+/-)</p>	137392-34-8
91	RWJ 29009	 <p>2-Piperidinone, 1-[(6S,7S)-6,7-dihydro-6-hydroxy-5,5-dimethyl-2-nitro-5H-thieno[3,2-b]pyran-7-yl]-</p>	143164-10-7
92	S 0121	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-6-carbonitrile, 3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-4-[(2R)-2-methyl-5-oxo-1-pyrrolidinyl]- (3R,4S)-</p>	118366-03-3
93	S 103	No name available. No structure available	227765-58-4

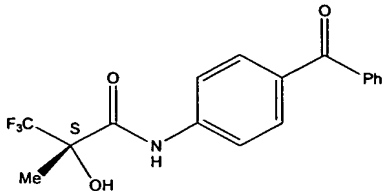
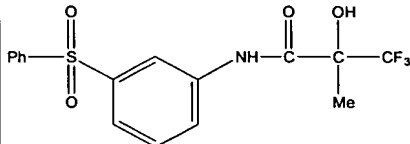
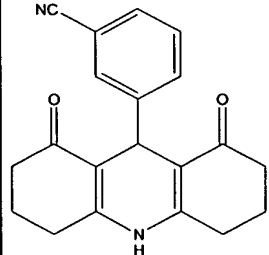
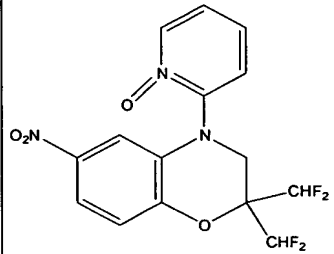
ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
94	Sarakalim	 <p>Acetamide, N-[[2,2-dimethyl-4-(2-oxo-1(2H)-pyridinyl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-yl]methyl]-N-hydroxy-</p>	148430-28-8
95	SCA 40	 <p>Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carbonitrile, 6-bromo-8-(methylamino)-</p>	142744-39-6
96	SDZ PCO 400	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-6-carbonitrile, 3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-4-[(3-oxo-1-cyclopenten-1-yl)oxy]-, (3S,4R)-</p>	121055-10-5
97	SKP 818	 <p>2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-[(2R)-2-(hydroxymethyl)-2-methyl-6-nitro-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-</p>	189832-98-2
98	SR 47063	 <p>Cyanamide, [1-(2,2-dimethyl-6-nitro-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl)-2(1H)-pyridinylidene]-</p>	135809-60-8

ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
99	Symakalim	 <p>2H-1-Benzopyran-6-carbonitrile, 4-[(1,6-dihydro-1-methyl-6-oxo-3-pyridazinyl)oxy]-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-, trans-</p>	129421-71-2 (no stereochemistry around OH 134352-59-3 (EMD 57283) is trans (+/-))
100	TAK 636	 <p>Methanone, (5-bromo-4-fluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)(3-hydroxy-1-oxido-2-pyridinyl)-, O-(1,1-dimethylethyl)oxime, (Z)-</p>	162267-74-5
101	TCV 925	 <p>2H-1,3-Benzoxazine, 6-bromo-7-chloro-2,2-dimethyl-4-(1-oxido-2-pyridinyl)-</p>	142304-17-4
102	Tilisolol	 <p>1(2H)-Isoquinolinone, 4-[3-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]-2-hydroxypropoxy]-2-methyl-</p>	85136-71-6

ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
103	U 89232	 <p>Guanidine, N-cyano-N'-[(3R,4S)-6-cyano-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-N''-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-, rel-</p>	134017-78-0
104	U 99751	 <p>Spiro[4H-1-benzopyran-4,4'-[4H]imidazol]-5'(1'H)-one, 6-bromo-2,3-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-2'-(propylamino)-, (S)-</p>	171858-84-7
105	UR 8218	No name available. No structure available	No CAS RN
106	UR 8225	 <p>2-Naphthalenecarbonitrile, 5,6-dihydro-6,6-dimethyl-5-oxo-8-(2-oxo-1(2H)-pyridinyl)-</p>	149455-36-7
107	UR 8267		
108	UR 8308		
109	UR 8328	 <p>1(2H)-Naphthalenone, 2,2-dimethyl-4-(1-oxido-2-pyridinyl)-6-(pentafluoroethyl)-</p>	158662-59-0

ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
110	UK 157147	 <p>3(2H)-Pyridazinone, 6-[[[(3S,4R)-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-6-[(3-hydroxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-2,2,3-trimethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]oxy]-2-methyl-</p>	162704-20-3
111	WAY 124903	 <p>Acetamide, N-[4-(1,3-dihydro-1-oxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-6-nitro-2H-1-benzopyran-7-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-, trans-</p>	129196-34-5
112	WAY 133537	 <p>Benzonitrile, 4-[[[3,4-dioxo-2-[[[(1R)-1,2,2-trimethylpropyl]amino]-1-cyclobuten-1-yl]amino]-3-ethyl-</p>	177476-74-3
113	WAY 135201	 <p>Benzonitrile, 4-[[[3,4-dioxo-2-[[[(1R)-1,2,2-trimethylpropyl]amino]-1-cyclobuten-1-yl]amino]-3-methoxy-</p>	177476-77-6

ID	Common Name	Structure Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number
114	WAY 151616	 <p>3-Cyclobutene-1,2-dione, 3-[[[(2,4-dichloro-6-methylphenyl)methyl]amino]-4-[(1,1-dimethylpropyl)amino]-</p>	202520-55-6
115	Y 26763	 <p>Acetamide, N-[(3S,4R)-6-cyano-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-N-hydroxy</p>	127408-31-5
116	Y 27152	 <p>Acetamide, N-[(3S,4R)-6-cyano-3,4-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethoxy)-</p>	127408-30-4
117	YM 099	 <p>6H-[1,2,5]Oxadiazolo[3,4-g][1,4]benzoxazine, 7,8-dihydro-6,6-dimethyl-8-(1-oxido-2-pyridinyl)-</p>	144293-65-2
118	YM 934	 <p>2H-1,4-Benzoxazine, 3,4-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-6-nitro-4-(1-oxido-2-pyridinyl)-</p>	136544-11-1

<u>ID</u>	<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Structure</u> <u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS Registry Number</u>
119	ZD 6169	 Propanamide, N-(4-benzoylphenyl)-3,3,3-trifluoro-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-,	147696-46-6
120	ZM 226600	 Propanamide, 3,3,3-trifluoro-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-N-[3-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-	183723-10-6
121	ZM 244085	 Benzonitrile, 3-(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10-decahydro-1,8-dioxo-9-acridinyl)-	149398-59-4
122	ZM 260384	 2H-1,4-Benzoxazine, 2,2-bis(di fluoromethyl)-3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-4-(1-oxido-2-pyridinyl)-	161229-62-5

[0423] Generally speaking, the pharmacokinetics of the particular agent to be administered will dictate the most preferred method of administration and dosing regiment. The potassium ion channel modulator can be administered as a pharmaceutical composition with or without a carrier. The terms "pharmaceutically acceptable carrier" or a "carrier" refer to any generally acceptable excipient or drug delivery composition that is relatively inert and non-toxic. Exemplary carriers include sterile water, salt solutions (such as Ringer's solution), alcohols, gelatin, talc, viscous paraffin, fatty acid esters, hydroxymethylcellulose, polyvinyl pyrrolidone, calcium carbonate, carbohydrates (such as lactose, sucrose, dextrose, mannose, albumin,

starch, cellulose, silica gel, polyethylene glycol (PEG), dried skim milk, rice flour, magnesium stearate, and the like. Suitable formulations and additional carriers are described in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, (17.sup.th Ed., Mack Pub. Co., Easton, Pa.). Such preparations can be sterilized and, if desired, mixed with auxiliary agents, e.g., lubricants, preservatives, stabilizers, wetting agents, emulsifiers, salts for influencing osmotic pressure, buffers, coloring, preservatives and/or aromatic substances and the like which do not deleteriously react with the active compounds. Typical preservatives can include, potassium sorbate, sodium metabisulfite, methyl paraben, propyl paraben, thimerosal, etc. The compositions can also be combined where desired with other active substances, e.g., enzyme inhibitors, to reduce metabolic degradation.

[0424] Moreover, the potassium ion channel modulator can be a liquid solution, suspension, emulsion, tablet, pill, capsule, sustained release formulation, or powder. The method of administration can dictate how the composition will be formulated. For example, the composition can be formulated as a suppository, with traditional binders and carriers such as triglycerides. Oral formulation can include standard carriers such as pharmaceutical grades of mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, cellulose, or magnesium carbonate.

[0425] In another embodiment, the potassium ion channel modulator can be administered intravenously, parenterally, intramuscular, subcutaneously, orally, nasally, topically, by inhalation, by implant, by injection, or by suppository. For enteral or mucosal application (including via oral and nasal mucosa), particularly suitable are tablets, liquids, drops, suppositories or capsules. A syrup, elixir or the like can be used wherein a sweetened vehicle is employed. Liposomes, microspheres, and microcapsules are available and can be used. Pulmonary administration can be accomplished, for example, using any of various delivery devices known in the art such as an inhaler. See. e.g. S. P. Newman (1984) in *Aerosols and the Lung*, Clarke and Davis (eds.), Butterworths, London, England, pp. 197-224; PCT Publication No. WO 92/16192; PCT Publication No. WO 91/08760. For parenteral application, particularly suitable are injectable, sterile solutions, preferably oily or aqueous solutions, as well as suspensions, emulsions, or implants, including suppositories. In particular, carriers for parenteral administration include aqueous solutions of dextrose, saline, pure water, ethanol, glycerol, propylene

glycol, peanut oil, sesame oil, polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene block polymers, and the like.

[0426] The actual effective amounts of compound or drug can and will vary according to the specific composition being utilized, the mode of administration and the age, weight and condition of the subject. Dosages for a particular individual subject can be determined by one of ordinary skill in the art using conventional considerations. But in general, the amount of potassium ion channel modulator will be between about 0.5 to about 1000 milligrams per day and more typically, between about 2.5 to about 750 milligrams per day and even more typically, between about 5.0 to about 500 milligrams per day. The daily dose can be administered in one to four doses per day.

[0427] By way of example, in one embodiment when the potassium ion channel modulator is nicorandil administered in a controlled release dosage form, the amount administered daily is typically from about 5 to about 40 milligrams per day administered in two doses per day. In an alternative of this embodiment, when the potassium ion channel modulator is fampridine administered in a controlled release dosage form, the amount administered is also from about 10 to about 80 milligrams per day, administered in two doses per day.

[0428] Those skilled in the art will appreciate that dosages may also be determined with guidance from Goodman & Goldman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, Ninth Edition (1996), Appendix II, pp. 1707-1711 and from Goodman & Goldman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, Tenth Edition (2001), Appendix II, pp. 475-493.

[0429] The timing of the administration of the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor in relation to the administration of the potassium ion channel modulator may also vary from subject to subject. In one embodiment, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor and potassium ion channel modulator may be administered substantially simultaneously, meaning that both agents may be administered to the subject at approximately the same time. For example, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective is administered during a continuous period beginning on the same day as the beginning of the potassium ion channel modulator and extending to a period after the end of the potassium ion channel modulator. Alternatively, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor and potassium ion channel

modulator may be administered sequentially, meaning that they are administered at separate times during separate treatments. In one embodiment, for example, the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor is administered during a continuous period beginning prior to administration of the potassium ion channel modulator and ending after administration of the potassium ion channel modulator. Of course, it is also possible that the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor may be administered either more or less frequently than the potassium ion channel modulator. Moreover, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that it is possible, and perhaps desirable, to combine various times and methods of administration in the practice of the present invention.

COMBINATION THERAPIES

[0430] Generally speaking, it is contemplated that the composition employed in the practice of the invention may include one or more of any of the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitors detailed above in combination with one or more of any of the potassium ion channel modulators detailed above. By way of a non-limiting example, Table 6a details a number of suitable combinations that are useful in the methods and compositions of the current invention. The combination may also include an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug of any of the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitors or potassium ion channel modulators listed in Table 6a.

TABLE 6a

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
a compound having formula I	dendrotoxin
a compound having formula I	apamin
a compound having formula I	clotrimazole
a compound having formula I	tolbutamide

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
a compound having formula I	glipizide
a compound having formula I	pinacidil
a compound having formula I	nicorandil
a compound having formula I	nategliniide
a compound having formula I	levcromakalim
a compound having formula I	glyburide
a compound having formula II	dendrotoxin
a compound having formula II	apamin
a compound having formula II	clotrimazole
a compound having formula II	tolbutamide
a compound having formula II	glipizide
a compound having formula II	pinacidil
a compound having formula II	nicorandil
a compound having formula II	nategliniide
a compound having formula II	levcromakalim
a compound having formula II	glyburide
a compound having formula III	dendrotoxin
a compound having formula III	apamin
a compound having formula III	clotrimazole
a compound having formula III	tolbutamide
a compound having formula III	glipizide
a compound having formula III	pinacidil
a compound having formula III	nicorandil
a compound having formula III	nategliniide

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
a compound having formula III	levcromakalim
a compound having formula III	glyburide
a compound having formula IV	dendrotoxin
a compound having formula IV	apamin
a compound having formula IV	clotrimazole
a compound having formula IV	tolbutamide
a compound having formula IV	glipizide
a compound having formula IV	pinacidil
a compound having formula IV	nicorandil
a compound having formula IV	nateglinide
a compound having formula IV	levcromakalim
a compound having formula IV	glyburide
a compound having formula V	dendrotoxin
a compound having formula V	apamin
a compound having formula V	clotrimazole
a compound having formula V	tolbutamide
a compound having formula V	glipizide
a compound having formula V	pinacidil
a compound having formula V	nicorandil
a compound having formula V	nateglinide
a compound having formula V	levcromakalim
a compound having formula V	glyburide

[0431] By way of further example, Table 6b details a number of suitable combinations that may be employed in the methods and compositions of the present

invention. The combination may also include an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug of any of the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitors or potassium ion channel modulators listed in Table 6b.

Table 6b

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
a compound selected from the group consisting of B-1, B-2, B-3, B-4, B-5, B-6, B-7, B-8, B-9, B-10, B-11, B-12, B-13, B-14, B-15, B-16, B-17, B-18, B-19, B-20, B-21, B-22, B-23, B-24, B-25, B-26, B-27, B-28, B-29, B-30, B-31, B-32, B-33, B-34, B-35, B-36, B-37, B-38, B-39, B-40, B-41, B-42, B-43, B-44, B-45, B-46, B-47, B-48, B-49, B-50, B-51, B-52, B-53, B-54, B-55, B-56, B-57, B-58, B-59, B-60, B-61, B-62, B-63, B-64, B-65, B-66, B-67, B-68, B-69, B-70, B-71, B-72, B-73, B-74, B-75, B-76, B-77, B-78, B-79, B-80, B-81, B-82, B-83, B-84, B-85, B-86, B-87, B-88, B-89, B-90, B-91, B-92, B-93, B-94, B-95, B-96, B-97, B-98, B-99, B-100, B-101, B-102, B-103, B-104, B-105, B-106, B-107, B-108, B-109, B-110, B-111, B-112, B-113, B-114, B-115, B-116, B-117, B-118, B-119, B-120, B-121, B-122, B-123, B-124, B-125, B-126, B-127, B-128, B-129, B-130, B-131, B-132, B-133, B-134, B-135, B-136, B-137, B-138, B-139, B-140, B-141, B-142, B-143, B-144, B-145, B-146, B-147, B-148, B-149, B-150, B-151, B-152, B-153, B-154, B-155, B-156, B-157, B-158, B-159, B-160, B-161, B-162, B-163, B-164, B-165, B-166, B-167, B-168, B-169, B-170, B-171, B-172, B-173, B-174, B-175, B-176, B-177, B-178, B-179, B-180, B-181, B-182, B-183, B-184, B-185, B-186, B-187, B-188, B-189, B-190, B-191, B-192, B-193, B-194, B-195, B-196, B-197, B-198, B-199, B-200, B-201, B-202, B-203, B-204, B-205, B-206, B-207, B-208, B-209, B-210, B-211, B-212, B-213, B-214, B-215, B-216, B-217, B-218, B-219, B-220, B-221, B-222, B-223, B-224, B-225, B-226, B-227, B-228, B-229, B-230, B-231, B-232, B-233, B-234, B-235, B-236, B-237, B-238, B-239, B-240, B-241, B-242, B-243, B-244, B-245, B-246, B-247, B-248, B-249, B-250, B-251, B-252	dendrotoxin

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
<p>a compound selected from the group consisting of B-1, B-2, B-3, B-4, B-5, B-6, B-7, B-8, B-9, B-10, B-11, B-12, B-13, B-14, B-15, B-16, B-17, B-18, B-19, B-20, B-21, B-22, B-23, B-24, B-25, B-26, B-27, B-28, B-29, B-30, B-31, B-32, B-33, B-34, B-35, B-36, B-37, B-38, B-39, B-40, B-41, B-42, B-43, B-44, B-45, B-46, B-47, B-48, B-49, B-50, B-51, B-52, B-53, B-54, B-55, B-56, B-57, B-58, B-59, B-60, B-61, B-62, B-63, B-64, B-65, B-66, B-67, B-68, B-69, B-70, B-71, B-72, B-73, B-74, B-75, B-76, B-77, B-78, B-79, B-80, B-81, B-82, B-83, B-84, B-85, B-86, B-87, B-88, B-89, B-90, B-91, B-92, B-93, B-94, B-95, B-96, B-97, B-98, B-99, B-100, B-101, B-102, B-103, B-104, B-105, B-106, B-107, B-108, B-109, B-110, B-111, B-112, B-113, B-114, B-115, B-116, B-117, B-118, B-119, B-120, B-121, B-122, B-123, B-124, B-125, B-126, B-127, B-128, B-129, B-130, B-131, B-132, B-133, B-134, B-135, B-136, B-137, B-138, B-139, B-140, B-141, B-142, B-143, B-144, B-145, B-146, B-147, B-148, B-149, B-150, B-151, B-152, B-153, B-154, B-155, B-156, B-157, B-158, B-159, B-160, B-161, B-162, B-163, B-164, B-165, B-166, B-167, B-168, B-169, B-170, B-171, B-172, B-173, B-174, B-175, B-176, B-177, B-178, B-179, B-180, B-181, B-182, B-183, B-184, B-185, B-186, B-187, B-188, B-189, B-190, B-191, B-192, B-193, B-194, B-195, B-196, B-197, B-198, B-199, B-200, B-201, B-202, B-203, B-204, B-205, B-206, B-207, B-208, B-209, B-210, B-211, B-212, B-213, B-214, B-215, B-216, B-217, B-218, B-219, B-220, B-221, B-222, B-223, B-224, B-225, B-226, B-227, B-228, B-229, B-230, B-231, B-232, B-233, B-234, B-235, B-236, B-237, B-238, B-239, B-240, B-241, B-242, B-243, B-244, B-245, B-246, B-247, B-248, B-249, B-250, B-251, B-252</p>	<p>apamin</p>

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
a compound selected from the group consisting of B-1, B-2, B-3, B-4, B-5, B-6, B-7, B-8, B-9, B-10, B-11, B-12, B-13, B-14, B-15, B-16, B-17, B-18, B-19, B-20, B-21, B-22, B-23, B-24, B-25, B-26, B-27, B-28, B-29, B-30, B-31, B-32, B-33, B-34, B-35, B-36, B-37, B-38, B-39, B-40, B-41, B-42, B-43, B-44, B-45, B-46, B-47, B-48, B-49, B-50, B-51, B-52, B-53, B-54, B-55, B-56, B-57, B-58, B-59, B-60, B-61, B-62, B-63, B-64, B-65, B-66, B-67, B-68, B-69, B-70, B-71, B-72, B-73, B-74, B-75, B-76, B-77, B-78, B-79, B-80, B-81, B-82, B-83, B-84, B-85, B-86, B-87, B-88, B-89, B-90, B-91, B-92, B-93, B-94, B-95, B-96, B-97, B-98, B-99, B-100, B-101, B-102, B-103, B-104, B-105, B-106, B-107, B-108, B-109, B-110, B-111, B-112, B-113, B-114, B-115, B-116, B-117, B-118, B-119, B-120, B-121, B-122, B-123, B-124, B-125, B-126, B-127, B-128, B-129, B-130, B-131, B-132, B-133, B-134, B-135, B-136, B-137, B-138, B-139, B-140, B-141, B-142, B-143, B-144, B-145, B-146, B-147, B-148, B-149, B-150, B-151, B-152, B-153, B-154, B-155, B-156, B-157, B-158, B-159, B-160, B-161, B-162, B-163, B-164, B-165, B-166, B-167, B-168, B-169, B-170, B-171, B-172, B-173, B-174, B-175, B-176, B-177, B-178, B-179, B-180, B-181, B-182, B-183, B-184, B-185, B-186, B-187, B-188, B-189, B-190, B-191, B-192, B-193, B-194, B-195, B-196, B-197, B-198, B-199, B-200, B-201, B-202, B-203, B-204, B-205, B-206, B-207, B-208, B-209, B-210, B-211, B-212, B-213, B-214, B-215, B-216, B-217, B-218, B-219, B-220, B-221, B-222, B-223, B-224, B-225, B-226, B-227, B-228, B-229, B-230, B-231, B-232, B-233, B-234, B-235, B-236, B-237, B-238, B-239, B-240, B-241, B-242, B-243, B-244, B-245, B-246, B-247, B-248, B-249, B-250, B-251, B-252	clotrimazole

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
<p>a compound selected from the group consisting of B-1, B-2, B-3, B-4, B-5, B-6, B-7, B-8, B-9, B-10, B-11, B-12, B-13, B-14, B-15, B-16, B-17, B-18, B-19, B-20, B-21, B-22, B-23, B-24, B-25, B-26, B-27, B-28, B-29, B-30, B-31, B-32, B-33, B-34, B-35, B-36, B-37, B-38, B-39, B-40, B-41, B-42, B-43, B-44, B-45, B-46, B-47, B-48, B-49, B-50, B-51, B-52, B-53, B-54, B-55, B-56, B-57, B-58, B-59, B-60, B-61, B-62, B-63, B-64, B-65, B-66, B-67, B-68, B-69, B-70, B-71, B-72, B-73, B-74, B-75, B-76, B-77, B-78, B-79, B-80, B-81, B-82, B-83, B-84, B-85, B-86, B-87, B-88, B-89, B-90, B-91, B-92, B-93, B-94, B-95, B-96, B-97, B-98, B-99, B-100, B-101, B-102, B-103, B-104, B-105, B-106, B-107, B-108, B-109, B-110, B-111, B-112, B-113, B-114, B-115, B-116, B-117, B-118, B-119, B-120, B-121, B-122, B-123, B-124, B-125, B-126, B-127, B-128, B-129, B-130, B-131, B-132, B-133, B-134, B-135, B-136, B-137, B-138, B-139, B-140, B-141, B-142, B-143, B-144, B-145, B-146, B-147, B-148, B-149, B-150, B-151, B-152, B-153, B-154, B-155, B-156, B-157, B-158, B-159, B-160, B-161, B-162, B-163, B-164, B-165, B-166, B-167, B-168, B-169, B-170, B-171, B-172, B-173, B-174, B-175, B-176, B-177, B-178, B-179, B-180, B-181, B-182, B-183, B-184, B-185, B-186, B-187, B-188, B-189, B-190, B-191, B-192, B-193, B-194, B-195, B-196, B-197, B-198, B-199, B-200, B-201, B-202, B-203, B-204, B-205, B-206, B-207, B-208, B-209, B-210, B-211, B-212, B-213, B-214, B-215, B-216, B-217, B-218, B-219, B-220, B-221, B-222, B-223, B-224, B-225, B-226, B-227, B-228, B-229, B-230, B-231, B-232, B-233, B-234, B-235, B-236, B-237, B-238, B-239, B-240, B-241, B-242, B-243, B-244, B-245, B-246, B-247, B-248, B-249, B-250, B-251, B-252</p>	<p>tolbutamide</p>

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
<p>a compound selected from the group consisting of B-1, B-2, B-3, B-4, B-5, B-6, B-7, B-8, B-9, B-10, B-11, B-12, B-13, B-14, B-15, B-16, B-17, B-18, B-19, B-20, B-21, B-22, B-23, B-24, B-25, B-26, B-27, B-28, B-29, B-30, B-31, B-32, B-33, B-34, B-35, B-36, B-37, B-38, B-39, B-40, B-41, B-42, B-43, B-44, B-45, B-46, B-47, B-48, B-49, B-50, B-51, B-52, B-53, B-54, B-55, B-56, B-57, B-58, B-59, B-60, B-61, B-62, B-63, B-64, B-65, B-66, B-67, B-68, B-69, B-70, B-71, B-72, B-73, B-74, B-75, B-76, B-77, B-78, B-79, B-80, B-81, B-82, B-83, B-84, B-85, B-86, B-87, B-88, B-89, B-90, B-91, B-92, B-93, B-94, B-95, B-96, B-97, B-98, B-99, B-100, B-101, B-102, B-103, B-104, B-105, B-106, B-107, B-108, B-109, B-110, B-111, B-112, B-113, B-114, B-115, B-116, B-117, B-118, B-119, B-120, B-121, B-122, B-123, B-124, B-125, B-126, B-127, B-128, B-129, B-130, B-131, B-132, B-133, B-134, B-135, B-136, B-137, B-138, B-139, B-140, B-141, B-142, B-143, B-144, B-145, B-146, B-147, B-148, B-149, B-150, B-151, B-152, B-153, B-154, B-155, B-156, B-157, B-158, B-159, B-160, B-161, B-162, B-163, B-164, B-165, B-166, B-167, B-168, B-169, B-170, B-171, B-172, B-173, B-174, B-175, B-176, B-177, B-178, B-179, B-180, B-181, B-182, B-183, B-184, B-185, B-186, B-187, B-188, B-189, B-190, B-191, B-192, B-193, B-194, B-195, B-196, B-197, B-198, B-199, B-200, B-201, B-202, B-203, B-204, B-205, B-206, B-207, B-208, B-209, B-210, B-211, B-212, B-213, B-214, B-215, B-216, B-217, B-218, B-219, B-220, B-221, B-222, B-223, B-224, B-225, B-226, B-227, B-228, B-229, B-230, B-231, B-232, B-233, B-234, B-235, B-236, B-237, B-238, B-239, B-240, B-241, B-242, B-243, B-244, B-245, B-246, B-247, B-248, B-249, B-250, B-251, B-252</p>	<p>glipizide</p>

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
<p>a compound selected from the group consisting of B-1, B-2, B-3, B-4, B-5, B-6, B-7, B-8, B-9, B-10, B-11, B-12, B-13, B-14, B-15, B-16, B-17, B-18, B-19, B-20, B-21, B-22, B-23, B-24, B-25, B-26, B-27, B-28, B-29, B-30, B-31, B-32, B-33, B-34, B-35, B-36, B-37, B-38, B-39, B-40, B-41, B-42, B-43, B-44, B-45, B-46, B-47, B-48, B-49, B-50, B-51, B-52, B-53, B-54, B-55, B-56, B-57, B-58, B-59, B-60, B-61, B-62, B-63, B-64, B-65, B-66, B-67, B-68, B-69, B-70, B-71, B-72, B-73, B-74, B-75, B-76, B-77, B-78, B-79, B-80, B-81, B-82, B-83, B-84, B-85, B-86, B-87, B-88, B-89, B-90, B-91, B-92, B-93, B-94, B-95, B-96, B-97, B-98, B-99, B-100, B-101, B-102, B-103, B-104, B-105, B-106, B-107, B-108, B-109, B-110, B-111, B-112, B-113, B-114, B-115, B-116, B-117, B-118, B-119, B-120, B-121, B-122, B-123, B-124, B-125, B-126, B-127, B-128, B-129, B-130, B-131, B-132, B-133, B-134, B-135, B-136, B-137, B-138, B-139, B-140, B-141, B-142, B-143, B-144, B-145, B-146, B-147, B-148, B-149, B-150, B-151, B-152, B-153, B-154, B-155, B-156, B-157, B-158, B-159, B-160, B-161, B-162, B-163, B-164, B-165, B-166, B-167, B-168, B-169, B-170, B-171, B-172, B-173, B-174, B-175, B-176, B-177, B-178, B-179, B-180, B-181, B-182, B-183, B-184, B-185, B-186, B-187, B-188, B-189, B-190, B-191, B-192, B-193, B-194, B-195, B-196, B-197, B-198, B-199, B-200, B-201, B-202, B-203, B-204, B-205, B-206, B-207, B-208, B-209, B-210, B-211, B-212, B-213, B-214, B-215, B-216, B-217, B-218, B-219, B-220, B-221, B-222, B-223, B-224, B-225, B-226, B-227, B-228, B-229, B-230, B-231, B-232, B-233, B-234, B-235, B-236, B-237, B-238, B-239, B-240, B-241, B-242, B-243, B-244, B-245, B-246, B-247, B-248, B-249, B-250, B-251, B-252</p>	<p>pinacidil</p>

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
<p>a compound selected from the group consisting of B-1, B-2, B-3, B-4, B-5, B-6, B-7, B-8, B-9, B-10, B-11, B-12, B-13, B-14, B-15, B-16, B-17, B-18, B-19, B-20, B-21, B-22, B-23, B-24, B-25, B-26, B-27, B-28, B-29, B-30, B-31, B-32, B-33, B-34, B-35, B-36, B-37, B-38, B-39, B-40, B-41, B-42, B-43, B-44, B-45, B-46, B-47, B-48, B-49, B-50, B-51, B-52, B-53, B-54, B-55, B-56, B-57, B-58, B-59, B-60, B-61, B-62, B-63, B-64, B-65, B-66, B-67, B-68, B-69, B-70, B-71, B-72, B-73, B-74, B-75, B-76, B-77, B-78, B-79, B-80, B-81, B-82, B-83, B-84, B-85, B-86, B-87, B-88, B-89, B-90, B-91, B-92, B-93, B-94, B-95, B-96, B-97, B-98, B-99, B-100, B-101, B-102, B-103, B-104, B-105, B-106, B-107, B-108, B-109, B-110, B-111, B-112, B-113, B-114, B-115, B-116, B-117, B-118, B-119, B-120, B-121, B-122, B-123, B-124, B-125, B-126, B-127, B-128, B-129, B-130, B-131, B-132, B-133, B-134, B-135, B-136, B-137, B-138, B-139, B-140, B-141, B-142, B-143, B-144, B-145, B-146, B-147, B-148, B-149, B-150, B-151, B-152, B-153, B-154, B-155, B-156, B-157, B-158, B-159, B-160, B-161, B-162, B-163, B-164, B-165, B-166, B-167, B-168, B-169, B-170, B-171, B-172, B-173, B-174, B-175, B-176, B-177, B-178, B-179, B-180, B-181, B-182, B-183, B-184, B-185, B-186, B-187, B-188, B-189, B-190, B-191, B-192, B-193, B-194, B-195, B-196, B-197, B-198, B-199, B-200, B-201, B-202, B-203, B-204, B-205, B-206, B-207, B-208, B-209, B-210, B-211, B-212, B-213, B-214, B-215, B-216, B-217, B-218, B-219, B-220, B-221, B-222, B-223, B-224, B-225, B-226, B-227, B-228, B-229, B-230, B-231, B-232, B-233, B-234, B-235, B-236, B-237, B-238, B-239, B-240, B-241, B-242, B-243, B-244, B-245, B-246, B-247, B-248, B-249, B-250, B-251, B-252</p>	<p>nicorandil</p>

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
<p>a compound selected from the group consisting of B-1, B-2, B-3, B-4, B-5, B-6, B-7, B-8, B-9, B-10, B-11, B-12, B-13, B-14, B-15, B-16, B-17, B-18, B-19, B-20, B-21, B-22, B-23, B-24, B-25, B-26, B-27, B-28, B-29, B-30, B-31, B-32, B-33, B-34, B-35, B-36, B-37, B-38, B-39, B-40, B-41, B-42, B-43, B-44, B-45, B-46, B-47, B-48, B-49, B-50, B-51, B-52, B-53, B-54, B-55, B-56, B-57, B-58, B-59, B-60, B-61, B-62, B-63, B-64, B-65, B-66, B-67, B-68, B-69, B-70, B-71, B-72, B-73, B-74, B-75, B-76, B-77, B-78, B-79, B-80, B-81, B-82, B-83, B-84, B-85, B-86, B-87, B-88, B-89, B-90, B-91, B-92, B-93, B-94, B-95, B-96, B-97, B-98, B-99, B-100, B-101, B-102, B-103, B-104, B-105, B-106, B-107, B-108, B-109, B-110, B-111, B-112, B-113, B-114, B-115, B-116, B-117, B-118, B-119, B-120, B-121, B-122, B-123, B-124, B-125, B-126, B-127, B-128, B-129, B-130, B-131, B-132, B-133, B-134, B-135, B-136, B-137, B-138, B-139, B-140, B-141, B-142, B-143, B-144, B-145, B-146, B-147, B-148, B-149, B-150, B-151, B-152, B-153, B-154, B-155, B-156, B-157, B-158, B-159, B-160, B-161, B-162, B-163, B-164, B-165, B-166, B-167, B-168, B-169, B-170, B-171, B-172, B-173, B-174, B-175, B-176, B-177, B-178, B-179, B-180, B-181, B-182, B-183, B-184, B-185, B-186, B-187, B-188, B-189, B-190, B-191, B-192, B-193, B-194, B-195, B-196, B-197, B-198, B-199, B-200, B-201, B-202, B-203, B-204, B-205, B-206, B-207, B-208, B-209, B-210, B-211, B-212, B-213, B-214, B-215, B-216, B-217, B-218, B-219, B-220, B-221, B-222, B-223, B-224, B-225, B-226, B-227, B-228, B-229, B-230, B-231, B-232, B-233, B-234, B-235, B-236, B-237, B-238, B-239, B-240, B-241, B-242, B-243, B-244, B-245, B-246, B-247, B-248, B-249, B-250, B-251, B-252</p>	<p>nateglinide</p>

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
<p>a compound selected from the group consisting of B-1, B-2, B-3, B-4, B-5, B-6, B-7, B-8, B-9, B-10, B-11, B-12, B-13, B-14, B-15, B-16, B-17, B-18, B-19, B-20, B-21, B-22, B-23, B-24, B-25, B-26, B-27, B-28, B-29, B-30, B-31, B-32, B-33, B-34, B-35, B-36, B-37, B-38, B-39, B-40, B-41, B-42, B-43, B-44, B-45, B-46, B-47, B-48, B-49, B-50, B-51, B-52, B-53, B-54, B-55, B-56, B-57, B-58, B-59, B-60, B-61, B-62, B-63, B-64, B-65, B-66, B-67, B-68, B-69, B-70, B-71, B-72, B-73, B-74, B-75, B-76, B-77, B-78, B-79, B-80, B-81, B-82, B-83, B-84, B-85, B-86, B-87, B-88, B-89, B-90, B-91, B-92, B-93, B-94, B-95, B-96, B-97, B-98, B-99, B-100, B-101, B-102, B-103, B-104, B-105, B-106, B-107, B-108, B-109, B-110, B-111, B-112, B-113, B-114, B-115, B-116, B-117, B-118, B-119, B-120, B-121, B-122, B-123, B-124, B-125, B-126, B-127, B-128, B-129, B-130, B-131, B-132, B-133, B-134, B-135, B-136, B-137, B-138, B-139, B-140, B-141, B-142, B-143, B-144, B-145, B-146, B-147, B-148, B-149, B-150, B-151, B-152, B-153, B-154, B-155, B-156, B-157, B-158, B-159, B-160, B-161, B-162, B-163, B-164, B-165, B-166, B-167, B-168, B-169, B-170, B-171, B-172, B-173, B-174, B-175, B-176, B-177, B-178, B-179, B-180, B-181, B-182, B-183, B-184, B-185, B-186, B-187, B-188, B-189, B-190, B-191, B-192, B-193, B-194, B-195, B-196, B-197, B-198, B-199, B-200, B-201, B-202, B-203, B-204, B-205, B-206, B-207, B-208, B-209, B-210, B-211, B-212, B-213, B-214, B-215, B-216, B-217, B-218, B-219, B-220, B-221, B-222, B-223, B-224, B-225, B-226, B-227, B-228, B-229, B-230, B-231, B-232, B-233, B-234, B-235, B-236, B-237, B-238, B-239, B-240, B-241, B-242, B-243, B-244, B-245, B-246, B-247, B-248, B-249, B-250, B-251, B-252</p>	<p>levcromakalim</p>

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
a compound selected from the group consisting of B-1, B-2, B-3, B-4, B-5, B-6, B-7, B-8, B-9, B-10, B-11, B-12, B-13, B-14, B-15, B-16, B-17, B-18, B-19, B-20, B-21, B-22, B-23, B-24, B-25, B-26, B-27, B-28, B-29, B-30, B-31, B-32, B-33, B-34, B-35, B-36, B-37, B-38, B-39, B-40, B-41, B-42, B-43, B-44, B-45, B-46, B-47, B-48, B-49, B-50, B-51, B-52, B-53, B-54, B-55, B-56, B-57, B-58, B-59, B-60, B-61, B-62, B-63, B-64, B-65, B-66, B-67, B-68, B-69, B-70, B-71, B-72, B-73, B-74, B-75, B-76, B-77, B-78, B-79, B-80, B-81, B-82, B-83, B-84, B-85, B-86, B-87, B-88, B-89, B-90, B-91, B-92, B-93, B-94, B-95, B-96, B-97, B-98, B-99, B-100, B-101, B-102, B-103, B-104, B-105, B-106, B-107, B-108, B-109, B-110, B-111, B-112, B-113, B-114, B-115, B-116, B-117, B-118, B-119, B-120, B-121, B-122, B-123, B-124, B-125, B-126, B-127, B-128, B-129, B-130, B-131, B-132, B-133, B-134, B-135, B-136, B-137, B-138, B-139, B-140, B-141, B-142, B-143, B-144, B-145, B-146, B-147, B-148, B-149, B-150, B-151, B-152, B-153, B-154, B-155, B-156, B-157, B-158, B-159, B-160, B-161, B-162, B-163, B-164, B-165, B-166, B-167, B-168, B-169, B-170, B-171, B-172, B-173, B-174, B-175, B-176, B-177, B-178, B-179, B-180, B-181, B-182, B-183, B-184, B-185, B-186, B-187, B-188, B-189, B-190, B-191, B-192, B-193, B-194, B-195, B-196, B-197, B-198, B-199, B-200, B-201, B-202, B-203, B-204, B-205, B-206, B-207, B-208, B-209, B-210, B-211, B-212, B-213, B-214, B-215, B-216, B-217, B-218, B-219, B-220, B-221, B-222, B-223, B-224, B-225, B-226, B-227, B-228, B-229, B-230, B-231, B-232, B-233, B-234, B-235, B-236, B-237, B-238, B-239, B-240, B-241, B-242, B-243, B-244, B-245, B-246, B-247, B-248, B-249, B-250, B-251, B-252	glyburide

[0432] By way of yet further example, Table 6c details additional suitable combinations that may be employed in the methods and compositions of the current invention. The combination may also include an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug of any of the cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitors or potassium ion channel modulators listed in Table 6c.

TABLE 6c

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
Celecoxib	dendrotoxin
Celecoxib	apamin
Celecoxib	clotrimazole
Celecoxib	tolbutamide
Celecoxib	glipizide
Celecoxib	pinacidil
Celecoxib	nicorandil
Celecoxib	nategliniide
Celecoxib	levcromakalim
Celecoxib	glyburide
Deracoxib	dendrotoxin
Deracoxib	apamin
Deracoxib	clotrimazole
Deracoxib	tolbutamide
Deracoxib	glipizide
Deracoxib	pinacidil
Deracoxib	nicorandil
Deracoxib	nategliniide
Deracoxib	levcromakalim
Deracoxib	glyburide
Valdecoxib	dendrotoxin
Valdecoxib	apamin
Valdecoxib	clotrimazole
Valdecoxib	tolbutamide
Valdecoxib	glipizide
Valdecoxib	pinacidil
Valdecoxib	nicorandil
Valdecoxib	nategliniide
Valdecoxib	levcromakalim
Valdecoxib	glyburide
Rofecoxib	dendrotoxin
Rofecoxib	apamin
Rofecoxib	clotrimazole
Rofecoxib	tolbutamide
Rofecoxib	glipizide
Rofecoxib	pinacidil
Rofecoxib	nicorandil
Rofecoxib	nategliniide
Rofecoxib	levcromakalim
Rofecoxib	glyburide
Etoricoxib	dendrotoxin
Etoricoxib	apamin
Etoricoxib	clotrimazole

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
Etoricoxib	tolbutamide
Etoricoxib	glipizide
Etoricoxib	pinacidil
Etoricoxib	nicorandil
Etoricoxib	nategliniide
Etoricoxib	levcromakalim
Etoricoxib	glyburide
meloxicam	dendrotoxin
meloxicam	apamin
meloxicam	clotrimazole
meloxicam	tolbutamide
meloxicam	glipizide
meloxicam	pinacidil
meloxicam	nicorandil
meloxicam	nategliniide
meloxicam	levcromakalim
meloxicam	glyburide
Parecoxib	dendrotoxin
Parecoxib	apamin
Parecoxib	clotrimazole
Parecoxib	tolbutamide
Parecoxib	glipizide
Parecoxib	pinacidil
Parecoxib	nicorandil
Parecoxib	nategliniide
Parecoxib	levcromakalim
Parecoxib	glyburide
4-(4-cyclohexyl-2-methyloxazol-5-yl)-2-fluorobenzenesulfonamide	dendrotoxin
4-(4-cyclohexyl-2-methyloxazol-5-yl)-2-fluorobenzenesulfonamide	apamin
4-(4-cyclohexyl-2-methyloxazol-5-yl)-2-fluorobenzenesulfonamide	clotrimazole
4-(4-cyclohexyl-2-methyloxazol-5-yl)-2-fluorobenzenesulfonamide	tolbutamide
4-(4-cyclohexyl-2-methyloxazol-5-yl)-2-fluorobenzenesulfonamide	glipizide
4-(4-cyclohexyl-2-methyloxazol-5-yl)-2-fluorobenzenesulfonamide	pinacidil
4-(4-cyclohexyl-2-methyloxazol-5-yl)-2-fluorobenzenesulfonamide	nicorandil
4-(4-cyclohexyl-2-methyloxazol-5-yl)-2-fluorobenzenesulfonamide	nategliniide
4-(4-cyclohexyl-2-methyloxazol-5-yl)-2-fluorobenzenesulfonamide	levcromakalim
4-(4-cyclohexyl-2-methyloxazol-5-yl)-2-fluorobenzenesulfonamide	glyburide

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-3-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-one	dendrotoxin
2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-3-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-one	apamin
2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-3-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-one	clotrimazole
2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-3-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-one	tolbutamide
2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-3-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-one	glipizide
2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-3-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-one	pinacidil
2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-3-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-one	nicorandil
2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-3-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-one	nategliniide
2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-3-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-one	levcromakalim
2-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-3-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-one	glyburide
N-[2-(cyclohexyloxy)-4-nitrophenyl]methanesulfonamide	dendrotoxin
N-[2-(cyclohexyloxy)-4-nitrophenyl]methanesulfonamide	apamin
N-[2-(cyclohexyloxy)-4-nitrophenyl]methanesulfonamide	clotrimazole
N-[2-(cyclohexyloxy)-4-nitrophenyl]methanesulfonamide	tolbutamide
N-[2-(cyclohexyloxy)-4-nitrophenyl]methanesulfonamide	glipizide
N-[2-(cyclohexyloxy)-4-nitrophenyl]methanesulfonamide	pinacidil
N-[2-(cyclohexyloxy)-4-nitrophenyl]methanesulfonamide	nicorandil
N-[2-(cyclohexyloxy)-4-nitrophenyl]methanesulfonamide	nategliniide
N-[2-(cyclohexyloxy)-4-nitrophenyl]methanesulfonamide	levcromakalim

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
N-[2-(cyclohexyloxy)-4-nitrophenyl]methanesulfonamide	glyburide
2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(3-hydroxy-3-methylbutoxy)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone	dendrotoxin
2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(3-hydroxy-3-methylbutoxy)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone	apamin
2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(3-hydroxy-3-methylbutoxy)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone	clotrimazole
2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(3-hydroxy-3-methylbutoxy)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone	tolbutamide
2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(3-hydroxy-3-methylbutoxy)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone	glipizide
2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(3-hydroxy-3-methylbutoxy)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone	pinacidil
2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(3-hydroxy-3-methylbutoxy)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone	nicorandil
2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(3-hydroxy-3-methylbutoxy)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone	nateglinide
2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(3-hydroxy-3-methylbutoxy)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone	levcromakalim
2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(3-hydroxy-3-methylbutoxy)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone	glyburide
2-[(2,4-dichloro-6-methylphenyl)amino]-5-ethyl-benzeneacetic acid	dendrotoxin
2-[(2,4-dichloro-6-methylphenyl)amino]-5-ethyl-benzeneacetic acid	apamin
2-[(2,4-dichloro-6-methylphenyl)amino]-5-ethyl-benzeneacetic acid	clotrimazole

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
2-[(2,4-dichloro-6-methylphenyl)amino]-5-ethyl-benzeneacetic acid	tolbutamide
2-[(2,4-dichloro-6-methylphenyl)amino]-5-ethyl-benzeneacetic acid	glipizide
2-[(2,4-dichloro-6-methylphenyl)amino]-5-ethyl-benzeneacetic acid	pinacidil
2-[(2,4-dichloro-6-methylphenyl)amino]-5-ethyl-benzeneacetic acid	nicorandil
2-[(2,4-dichloro-6-methylphenyl)amino]-5-ethyl-benzeneacetic acid	nateglinide
2-[(2,4-dichloro-6-methylphenyl)amino]-5-ethyl-benzeneacetic acid	levcromakalim
2-[(2,4-dichloro-6-methylphenyl)amino]-5-ethyl-benzeneacetic acid	glyburide
(3Z)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]methylene]dihydro-2(3H)-furanone	dendrotoxin
(3Z)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]methylene]dihydro-2(3H)-furanone	apamin
(3Z)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]methylene]dihydro-2(3H)-furanone	clotrimazole
(3Z)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]methylene]dihydro-2(3H)-furanone	tolbutamide
(3Z)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]methylene]dihydro-2(3H)-furanone	glipizide
(3Z)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]methylene]dihydro-2(3H)-furanone	pinacidil
(3Z)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]methylene]dihydro-2(3H)-furanone	nicorandil
(3Z)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]methylene]dihydro-2(3H)-furanone	nateglinide
(3Z)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]methylene]dihydro-2(3H)-furanone	levcromakalim
(3Z)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]methylene]dihydro-2(3H)-furanone	glyburide
(S)-6,8-dichloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid	dendrotoxin
(S)-6,8-dichloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid	apamin

Cyclooxygenase-2 Selective Inhibitor	Potassium Ion Channel Modulator
(S)-6,8-dichloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid	clotrimazole
(S)-6,8-dichloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid	tolbutamide
(S)-6,8-dichloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid	glipizide
(S)-6,8-dichloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid	pinacidil
(S)-6,8-dichloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid	nicorandil
(S)-6,8-dichloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid	nateglinide
(S)-6,8-dichloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid	levcromakalim
(S)-6,8-dichloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxylic acid	glyburide
lumiracoxib	dendrotoxin
lumiracoxib	apamin
lumiracoxib	clotrimazole
lumiracoxib	tolbutamide
lumiracoxib	glipizide
lumiracoxib	pinacidil
lumiracoxib	nicorandil
lumiracoxib	nateglinide
lumiracoxib	levcromakalim
lumiracoxib	glyburide

INDICATIONS TO BE TREATED

[0433] Generally speaking, the composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibitor and a therapeutically effective amount of a potassium ion channel modulator may be employed for symptomatic treatment of pain sensation and to treat inflammation, and inflammation mediated disorder.

[0434] One aspect of the invention encompasses administering the composition to a subject for symptomatic treatment of neuropathic pain. Neuropathic pain is pain that is due to functional abnormalities of the nervous system. In general, there are a variety of possible mechanisms by which nerve dysfunction can cause neuropathic pain: hyperactivity in primary afferent or central nervous system nociceptive neurons, loss of central inhibitory connections, and increased activity in sympathetic efferents. The composition of the invention may be utilized to treat

neuropathic pain irrespective of the underlying mechanism causing the pain. Examples of causes of painful nerve injury that may be treated by the composition of the invention include accidental trauma, tumors, cervical or lumbar spine disease, and surgical procedures. Additionally, there are also toxic, metabolic, and hereditary causes of painful polyneuropathies, e.g., alcohol abuse, diabetes mellitus that may be treated by the composition of the invention.

[0435] In an alternative of this embodiment, the composition may be employed to treat allodynia and hyperalgesia neuropathic pain. Generally speaking, allodynia and hyperalgesia describes a particular type of pain sensation that differs from the customary perception of painful stimuli. Subjects who suffer from hyperalgesic pain feel painful stimuli more strongly than healthy subjects do. Alternatively, subjects who suffer from allodynia perceive stimuli that are not painful per se, such as contact or heat/cold, as pain.

[0436] Another aspect of the invention encompasses administering the composition to a subject for symptomatic treatment of nociceptive pain. Nociceptive pain includes all forms of somatic pain that result from damage or dysfunction of non-neural tissue. The composition may be employed to treat either acute or chronic nociceptive pain. Typically, acute nociceptive pain includes pain resulting from tissue-damaging stimulation such as that produced by injury or disease. Examples include postoperative pain, post traumatic pain, acute pancreatitis, labor pain, muscle pain and pain accompanying myocardial infarction. Chronic nociceptive pain typically lasts for a longer duration of time relative to the duration of acute pain. Examples of chronic pain that may be treated by the composition include inflammatory pain; arthritis pain, cancer pain and other forms of persistent pain deriving from damaged or inflamed somatic tissue.

[0437] Yet another aspect of the invention encompasses administering the composition to lessen symptomatic pain resulting from a number of different disorders or disease states. In one embodiment, the composition may be administered to treat long-lasting allodynia resulting from herpes zoster (shingles) infection. In another embodiment, the composition may be administered to an AIDS patient, to treat pain in various stages of the disorder. In yet another embodiment, the composition may be administered to a subject with cancer to relieve pain resulting from either the cancer itself or for pain resulting from the treatment of

cancer. By way of example, therapy with high doses of cytostatics for cancer generally causes pain. By way of further example, a tumor disorder itself can also elicit neuropathic pain that may be treated by the composition of the invention. In still another embodiment, a subject with chronic back pain, such as resulting from a compression of nerve roots of the spinal cord, can be treated by the composition of the invention. In yet another embodiment, a subject with a spinal cord injury, which often results in very severe pain sensations, may be treated by the composition of the invention.

[0438] A further aspect of the invention comprises administering the composition to treat inflammation or inflammation mediated disorders, such as those mediated by cyclooxygenase-2. Typical conditions benefited by cyclooxygenase-2 selective inhibition include the treatment or prevention of inflammation, and for treatment or prevention of other inflammation-associated disorders, such as, an analgesic in the treatment of pain and headaches, or as an antipyretic for the treatment of fever. For example, the composition is useful to treat or prevent arthritis, including but not limited to rheumatoid arthritis, spondyloarthropathies, gouty arthritis, osteoarthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus and juvenile arthritis. The composition is also useful in the treatment or prevention of asthma, bronchitis, menstrual cramps, tendonitis, bursitis, skin-related conditions such as psoriasis, eczema, burns and dermatitis, and from post-operative inflammation including ophthalmic surgery such as cataract surgery and refractive surgery. Moreover, the composition may be employed to treat or prevent gastrointestinal conditions such as inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, gastritis, irritable bowel syndrome and ulcerative colitis. The composition may also be employed in treating or preventing inflammation in such diseases as vascular diseases, migraine headaches, periarteritis nodosa, thyroiditis, aplastic anemia, Hodgkin's disease, scleroderma, rheumatic fever, type I diabetes, neuromuscular junction disease including myasthenia gravis, white matter disease including multiple sclerosis, sarcoidosis, nephrotic syndrome, Behcet's syndrome, polymyositis, gingivitis, nephritis, hypersensitivity, swelling occurring after injury, myocardial ischemia, and the like.

EXAMPLES

[0439] In the examples below, a combination therapy contains a potassium channel modulator and a Cox-2 selective inhibitor. The efficacy of such combination therapy can be evaluated in comparison to a control treatment such as a placebo treatment, administration of a Cox-2 inhibitor only, or administration of a potassium channel modulator only. By way of example, a combination therapy may contain apamin and celecoxib, cromakalim and valdecoxib, diazoxide and rofecoxib, or paxilline and celecoxib. It should be noted that these are only several examples, and that any of the potassium channel modulators and Cox-2 inhibitors of the present invention may be tested as a combination therapy. The dosages of a potassium channel modulator and Cox-2 inhibitor in a particular therapeutic combination may be readily determined by a skilled artisan conducting the study. The length of the study treatment will vary on a particular study and can also be determined by one of ordinary skill in the art. The potassium channel modulator and Cox-2 inhibitor can be administered by any route as described herein, but are preferably administered orally for human subjects.

EXAMPLE 1-EVALUATION OF COX-1 AND COX-2 ACTIVITY *IN VITRO*

[0440] The COX-2 inhibitors suitable for use in this invention exhibit selective inhibition of COX-2 over COX-1 when tested *in vitro* according to the following activity assays.

PREPARATION OF RECOMBINANT COX BACULOVIRUSES

[0441] Recombinant COX-1 and COX-2 are prepared as described by Gierse et al, [*J. Biochem.*, 305, 479-84 (1995)]. A 2.0 kb fragment containing the coding region of either human or murine COX-1 or human or murine COX-2 is cloned into a BamH1 site of the baculovirus transfer vector pVL1393 (Invitrogen) to generate the baculovirus transfer vectors for COX-1 and COX-2 in a manner similar to the method of D.R. O'Reilly et al (*Baculovirus Expression Vectors: A Laboratory Manual* (1992)). Recombinant baculoviruses are isolated by transfecting 4 µg of baculovirus transfer vector DNA into SF9 insect cells (2×10^8) along with 200 ng of linearized baculovirus plasmid DNA by the calcium phosphate method. See M.D. Summers and G.E. Smith, *A Manual of Methods for Baculovirus Vectors and Insect*

Cell Culture Procedures, Texas Agric. Exp. Station Bull. 1555 (1987). Recombinant viruses are purified by three rounds of plaque purification and high titer (10^7 - 10^8 pfu/mL) stocks of virus are prepared. For large scale production, SF9 insect cells are infected in 10 liter fermentors (0.5×10^6 /mL) with the recombinant baculovirus stock such that the multiplicity of infection is 0.1. After 72 hours the cells are centrifuged and the cell pellet is homogenized in Tris/Sucrose (50 mM: 25%, pH 8.0) containing 1% 3-[(3-cholamidopropyl)-dimethylammonio]-1-propanesulfonate (CHAPS). The homogenate is centrifuged at 10,000xG for 30 minutes, and the resultant supernatant is stored at -80°C before being assayed for COX activity.

ASSAY FOR COX-1 AND COX-2 ACTIVITY

[0442] COX activity is assayed as PGE₂ formed/μg protein/time using an ELISA to detect the prostaglandin released. CHAPS-solubilized insect cell membranes containing the appropriate COX enzyme are incubated in a potassium phosphate buffer (50 mM, pH 8.0) containing epinephrine, phenol, and heme with the addition of arachidonic acid (10 μM). Compounds are pre-incubated with the enzyme for 10-20 minutes prior to the addition of arachidonic acid. Any reaction between the arachidonic acid and the enzyme is stopped after ten minutes at 37°C by transferring 40 μl of reaction mix into 160 μl ELISA buffer and 25 μM indomethacin. The PGE₂ formed is measured by standard ELISA technology (Cayman Chemical).

FAST ASSAY FOR COX-1 AND COX-2 ACTIVITY

[0443] COX activity is assayed as PGE₂ formed/μg protein/time using an ELISA to detect the prostaglandin released. CHAPS-solubilized insect cell membranes containing the appropriate COX enzyme are incubated in a potassium phosphate buffer (0.05 M Potassium phosphate, pH 7.5, 2 μM phenol, 1 μM heme, 300 μM epinephrine) with the addition of 20 μl of 100 μM arachidonic acid (10 μM). Compounds are pre-incubated with the enzyme for 10 minutes at 25°C prior to the addition of arachidonic acid. Any reaction between the arachidonic acid and the enzyme is stopped after two minutes at 37°C by transferring 40 μl of reaction mix into 160 μl ELISA buffer and 25 μM indomethacin. Indomethacin, a non-selective COX-2/COX-1 inhibitor, may be utilized as a positive control. The PGE₂ formed is

typically measured by standard ELISA technology utilizing a PGE2 specific antibody, available from a number of commercial sources.

[0444] Each compound to be tested may be individually dissolved in 2 ml of dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) for bioassay testing to determine the COX-1 and COX-2 inhibitory effects of each particular compound. Potency is typically expressed by the IC_{50} value expressed as g compound/ml solvent resulting in a 50% inhibition of PGE2 production. Selective inhibition of COX-2 may be determined by the IC_{50} ratio of COX-1/COX-2.

[0445] By way of example, a primary screen may be performed in order to determine particular compounds that inhibit COX-2 at a concentration of 10 ug/ml. The compound may then be subjected to a confirmation assay to determine the extent of COX-2 inhibition at three different concentrations (e.g., 10 ug/ml, 3.3 ug/ml and 1.1 ug/ml). After this screen, compounds can then be tested for their ability to inhibit COX-1 at a concentration of 10 ug/ml. With this assay, the percentage of COX inhibition compared to control can be determined, with a higher percentage indicating a greater degree of COX inhibition. In addition, the IC_{50} value for COX-1 and COX-2 can also be determined for the tested compound. The selectivity for each compound may then be determined by the IC_{50} ratio of COX-1/COX-2, as set forth above.

EXAMPLE 2 - RAT CARRAGEENAN FOOT PAD EDEMA TEST

[0446] The anti-inflammatory properties of COX-2 selective inhibitors for use, along with their combination with a potassium channel modulator, in the present methods can be determined by the rat carrageenan footpad edema test. The carrageenan foot edema test is performed with materials, reagents and procedures essentially as described by Winter, et al., (Proc. Soc. Exp. Biol. Med., 111: 544, 1962). Male Sprague-Dawley rats are selected in each group so that the average body weight is as close as possible. Rats are fasted with free access to water for over sixteen hours prior to the test. The rats are dosed, e.g., orally (1 mL) with combination therapy suspended in vehicle containing 0.5% methylcellulose and 0.025% surfactant, or with placebo (e.g., vehicle alone). Alternative routes of administration, e.g., intraperitoneal, may also be used. One hour later, a subplantar injection of 0.1 mL of 1% solution of carrageenan/sterile 0.9% saline is administered

and the volume of the injected foot is measured with a displacement plethysmometer connected to a pressure transducer with a digital indicator. Three hours after the injection of the carrageenan, the volume of the foot is again measured. The average foot swelling in a group of drug-treated animals is compared with that of a group of placebo-treated animals and the percentage inhibition of edema is determined (Otterness and Bliven, Laboratory Models for Testing NSAIDs, in Non-steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs, (J. Lombardino, ed. 1985)). The percentage inhibition indicates the efficacy of the combination therapy in comparison with placebo.

EXAMPLE 3 - RAT PLANTAR TEST

[0447] The ability of COX-2 selective inhibitors along with a potassium channel modulator for use in the method of the present invention to prevent hyperalgesia can be determined by the rat plantar test. The rat plantar test is performed with materials, reagents and procedures essentially as described by Hargreaves *et al.* (Pain. (1988) 32:77-88). Male Sprague-Dawley rats are selected in each group so that the average body weight is as close as possible. An inflammation is induced in the rats by intraplantar injection of an approximately 0.05% suspension of *Mycobacterium butyricum*. Six hours after this injection, a heat stimulus is applied by infrared ray onto the plantar face of the hind paw of the rat. The nociceptive reaction of the rat manifests itself by the withdrawal or the licking of the paw. The time of this pain reaction is then measured. Additionally the COX-2 selective inhibitor and potassium channel modulator are administered via, e.g., oral or intraperitoneal route approximately one hour before the plantar test. The average time of pain reaction in a group of drug-treated animals is then compared with that of a group of placebo-treated animals in order to determine the hyperalgesia preventative effect of the combination therapy of the present invention.

EXAMPLE 4 - PHENYLBENZOQUINONE TEST

[0448] The analgesic properties of COX-2 selective inhibitors along with a potassium channel modulator for use in the present methods can be determined by the phenylbenzoquinone test. The phenylbenzoquinone test is performed with the materials, reagents, and procedures essentially as described in Siegmund *et al.* (Proc. Sec. Exp. Biol. Med. (1957) 95:729-731). Male Sprague-Dawley rats are

selected in each group so that the average body weight is as close as possible. One hour after, e.g., the oral administration of the combination therapy or placebo, a 0.02% solution of phenylbenzoquinone is administered via the intra-peritoneal route to each rat. The number of pain reactions, measured as abdominal torsions and stretches, is then counted between the fifth and sixth minute after injection of the phenylbenzoquinone. The average number of pain reactions in a group of drug-treated animals is then compared with that of a group of placebo-treated animals in order to determine the analgesic properties of the composition of the present invention.

[0449] It should be noted that all of the above-mentioned procedures could be modified for a particular study, depending on factors such as a drug combination used, length of the study, subjects that are selected, etc. Such modifications can be designed by a skilled artisan without undue experimentation.